

# Converting Colors

YUV(200.8270, 26.2143,  
38.7397)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(200.8270, 26.2143,  
38.7397)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5A8FE
RGB	245, 168, 254
RGB Percent	96%, 66%, 100%
CMY	0.0392, 0.3412, 0.0039
CMYK	0.04, 0.34, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	294°, 98%, 83%
HSV	294°, 34%, 100%
XYZ	69.5482, 54.5735, 100.6341
YIQ	200.8270, 18.2860, 43.0700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

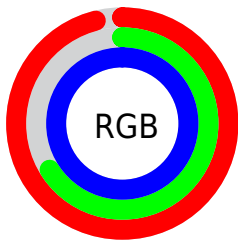
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	245, 168, 254
Decimal	16099582
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	78.79, 41.96, -31.38
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	79, 52.395, 323.212
Y <sub>xy</sub>	54.5735, 0.3094, 0.2428
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294289662 (0xFFFF5A8FE)
Y <sub>UV</sub>	200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397
Hunter-Lab	73.8739, 38.7687, -29.0556

# Details

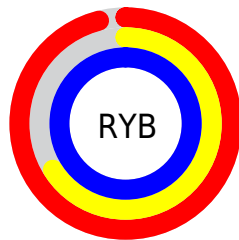
The YUV color **200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99FF**. A complement of this color would be **221.1730, -26.2143, -38.7397**, and the grayscale version is **201.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **236.8030, 8.9711, 15.9588**, and **145.5880, 25.3461, 37.1953** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **185.2550, 33.8913, 49.7654**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **216.3990, 18.5373, 27.7141**.

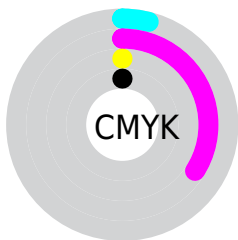
# Distribution



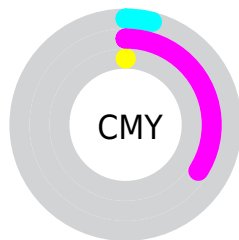
- Red (96%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 200.8270, 26.2143,  
38.7397


 200.8270, 26.2143,  
38.7397


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 173.0010, 25.6355,  
37.7101


 236.8030, 8.9711,  
15.9588


 145.5880, 25.3461,  
37.1953

 253.8260, 0.5788,  
1.0296

 119.4630, 24.9147,  
35.5509

 93.0500, 24.6254,  
35.0362

 67.3380, 24.4834,  
33.9066

 39.6910, 25.7883,  
35.3510

 24.1970, 21.5949,

27.0142

■ 15.7090, 14.9335,  
16.9182

■ 3.3230, 10.1938,  
-2.9143

■ 200.8270, 26.2143,  
38.7397

■ 200.8270, 26.2143,  
38.7397

■ 185.2550, 33.8913,  
49.7654

■ 216.3990, 18.5373,  
27.7141

■ 169.3950, 41.7103,  
61.9206

■ 232.2590, 10.7183,  
15.5589

■ 153.8230, 49.3873,  
72.9462

■ 247.8310, 3.0413,  
4.5332

■ 137.6640, 57.3536,  
84.4867

254.8860, -0.4368,  
0.1000

■ 122.3910, 64.8832,  
96.1271

■ 106.8190, 72.5602,  
107.1527

■ 96.8290, 77.4853,  
114.1600

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



193.2570, 30.4393, -9.8724



200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397



191.5290, 8.1202, 55.6641

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397



191.2660, -46.9661, 37.4777



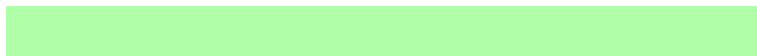
155.5880, 37.6711, -136.4507

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397



221.1730, -26.2143, -38.7397

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



158.8690, 11.4036, -111.2641



200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397



187.2890, -42.0475, -0.2535

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397



190.0740, -35.5325, 56.9401



179.5790, -21.9774, -44.3578



155.2750, 49.1644, -136.1762



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397



187.1800, -6.0047, 59.4781



179.5790, -21.9774, -44.3578



153.7640, 30.6823, -134.8510

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397



239.4280, 7.6770, 11.0256



183.6740, 34.6707, -13.7461



118.0100, 4.9251, 7.0072



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397



190.0760, 32.0075, 47.2913



199.7560, 10.4733, 47.5720



119.7710, 4.0569, 5.4628



72.9030, 58.2218, 86.0311



24.3390, 19.5529, 28.6437



# Inverse Universe

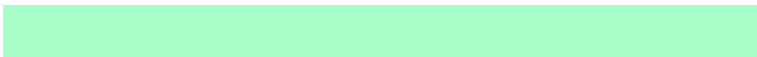
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194.7400, -8.7458, 51.9710



182.6490, -10.6730, 63.4518



222.2440, -10.4733, -47.5720



119.0010, -1.4795, 7.8921



59.3890, -19.4188, 115.4228



19.9340, -6.3765, 38.6459



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

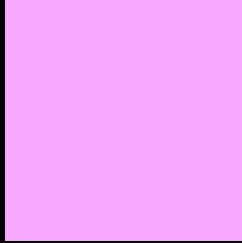
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

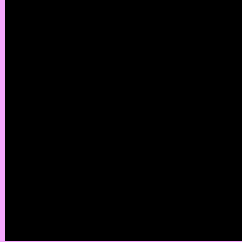
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 200.8270, 26.2143,

38.7397.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397

### Protanopia

195.5830, 29.2926, -15.4203

### Deuteranopia

196.8180, 26.2187, -9.4874



## Tritanopia

198.6390, -2.2870, 33.6426

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397



## Protanomaly

197.4760, 28.3593, 3.9675



## Deuteranomaly

197.9280, 26.1645, 7.9561



## Tritanomaly

199.6960, 8.0379, 35.3466

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397



## Achromatopsia

201.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

200.9060, 9.4133, 14.1144

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 168, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 168, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 168, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 168, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 168, 254) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 168, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 168, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 168, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 168, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 168,  
254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 200.8270, 26.2143, 38.7397 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 168, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
168, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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