

# Converting Colors

YUV(201.1650, 23.0897,  
-32.5937)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(201.1650, 23.0897,  
-32.5937)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A4D3F8
RGB	164, 211, 248
RGB Percent	64%, 83%, 97%
CMY	0.3569, 0.1725, 0.0275
CMYK	0.34, 0.15, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	206°, 86%, 81%
HSV	206°, 34%, 97%
XYZ	55.5474, 61.2584, 97.7033
YIQ	201.1650, -39.8890, 1.5430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

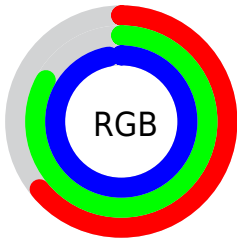
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	164, 194, 248
Decimal	10802168
CIELab	82.52, -6.61, -23.05
CIELCh	83, 23.978, 253.998
Yxy	61.2584, 0.2590, 0.2856
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288992248 (0xFFA4D3F8)
YUV	201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937
Hunter-Lab	78.2677, -10.2853, -19.2256

# Details

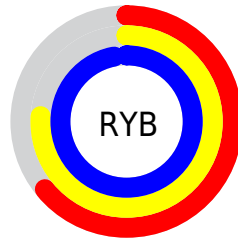
The YUV color `201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCFF`. A complement of this color would be `210.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937`, and the grayscale version is `201.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `244.8340, 5.0118, -20.9024`, and `146.6380, 22.3635, -33.0085` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `187.2330, 29.9581, -42.3003`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `215.0970, 16.2212, -22.8871`.

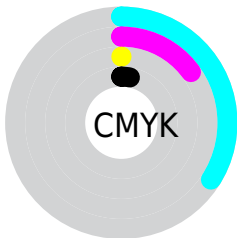
# Distribution



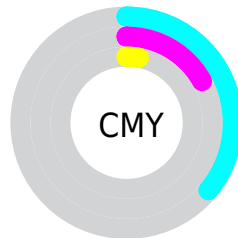
- Red (64%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 201.1650, 23.0897,  
-32.5937

■ 201.1650, 23.0897,  
-32.5937

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 173.0510, 22.6529,  
-32.4937

■ 244.8340, 5.0118,  
-20.9024

■ 146.6380, 22.3635,  
-33.0085

■ 253.5050, 0.7370,  
-3.0739

■ 120.1110, 21.6373,  
-33.4233

■ 93.8120, 21.7847,  
-34.0381

■ 67.7900, 21.7955,  
-37.5268

■ 44.0780, 21.6535,  
-38.6564

■ 29.0150, 17.2476,

-25.4462

■ 14.1800, 13.7153,  
-12.4359

■ 2.9810, 8.8834,  
-2.6143

■ 201.1650, 23.0897,  
-32.5937

■ 201.1650, 23.0897,  
-32.5937

■ 187.2330, 29.9581,  
-42.3003

■ 215.0970, 16.2212,  
-22.8871

■ 173.3010, 36.8266,  
-52.0070

■ 229.0290, 9.3527,  
-13.1804

■ 159.6680, 43.5477,  
-61.0988

■ 242.6620, 2.6316,  
-4.0886

■ 145.7360, 50.4162,  
-70.8055

■ 254.2020, -3.0576,  
0.6998

■ 131.8040, 57.2846,  
-80.5121

■ 117.8720, 64.1531,  
-90.2187

■ 109.8650, 68.1006,  
-96.3516

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



197.0510, 19.2019, -45.6487



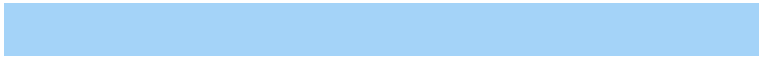
201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937



205.8410, 21.2774, -11.2616

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937



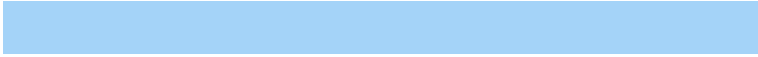
209.1080, -6.9552, 37.6163



200.2530, -13.9287, -12.4999

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937



210.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



203.3650, -20.3929, 7.5729



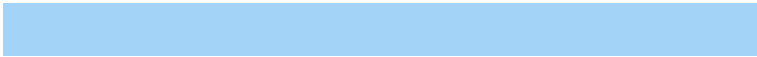
201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937



207.3930, -15.9697, 35.6123

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937



209.6260, 4.1284, 29.2690



205.9480, -21.1734, 24.6016

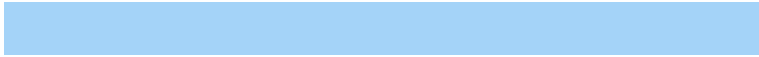


197.7050, -2.8126, -31.3133



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937



208.2020, 17.1554, 4.2078



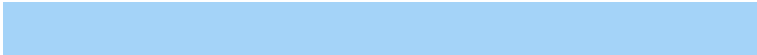
205.9480, -21.1734, 24.6016



201.9010, -16.7132, -6.0522

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937



241.0680, 6.8685, -9.7066



217.4120, -8.5841, -46.8423



119.1070, 4.3842, -6.2328



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

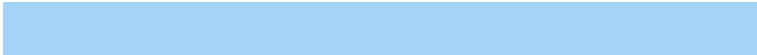


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

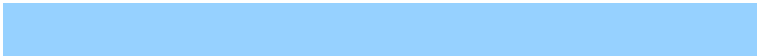


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937



196.6030, 28.7897, -40.8708



177.0980, 34.9547, -11.4869



117.5910, 3.6526, -4.9033



83.7680, 51.8794, -73.4645



26.9120, 16.8054, -23.6018



# Inverse Universe

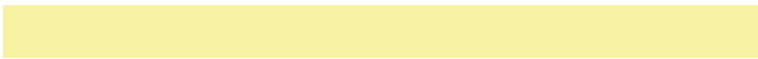
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194.4740, 8.1473, 46.9423



188.1210, 10.2933, 58.6529



234.9020, -34.9547, 11.4869



116.6850, 1.1413, 7.2923



68.5950, 18.4407, 105.5952

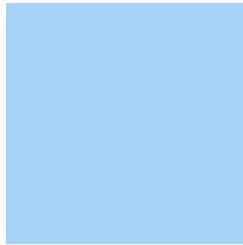


22.1150, 5.8593, 34.1021



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

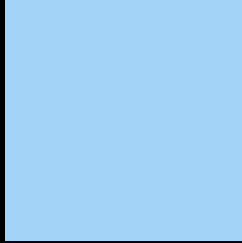
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

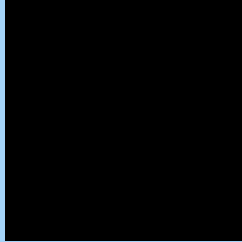
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

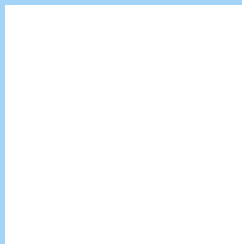
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937

### Protanopia

205.7660, 18.3564, -7.6878

### Deuteranopia

206.2980, 21.5451, -3.7693



## Tritanopia

199.7920, 15.3855, -34.8976

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937

## Protanomaly

204.1670, 20.1307, -16.8095

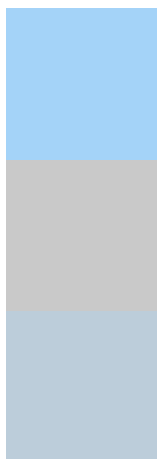
## Deuteranomaly

204.3460, 22.0144, -14.3354

## Tritanomaly

200.1880, 18.1483, -34.3679

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937

## Achromatopsia

201.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

201.3990, 8.1843, -11.7509

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 211, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 211, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 211, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 211, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 211, 248) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 211, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 211, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 211, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 211, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 211,  
248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 201.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 211, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
211, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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