

# Converting Colors

YUV(201.2230, 18.1311,  
-75.6176)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176)  
contains.

<b>YUV(201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(201.2230, 18.1311,  
-75.6176)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	73EEEE
RGB	115, 238, 238
RGB Percent	45%, 93%, 93%
CMY	0.5490, 0.0667, 0.0667
CMYK	0.52, 0.00, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	180°, 78%, 69%
HSV	180°, 52%, 93%
XYZ	53.0774, 70.9670, 91.7894
YIQ	201.2230, -73.3080, -26.0760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

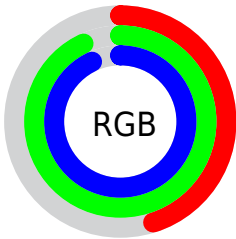
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	115, 177, 238
Decimal	7597806
CIELab	87.47, -34.24, -10.54
CIELCh	87, 35.828, 197.105
Yxy	70.9670, 0.2459, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285787886 (0xFF73EEEE)
YUV	201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176
Hunter-Lab	84.2419, -34.9577, -5.6327

# Details

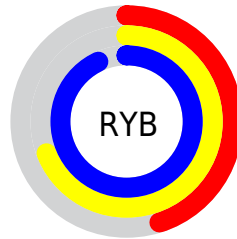
The YUV color **201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **151.7770, -18.1311, 75.6176**, and the grayscale version is **201.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **231.3790, 11.6452, -48.5674**, and **141.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **194.0470, 21.6688, -90.3722**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **208.3990, 14.5933, -60.8629**.

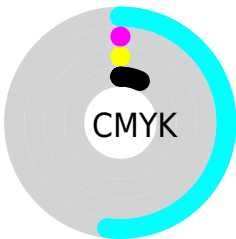
# Distribution



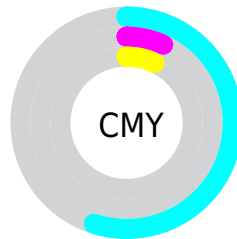
- Red (45%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



201.2230, 18.1311,  
-75.6176

201.2230, 18.1311,  
-75.6176

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

171.4400, 19.0101,  
-77.5619

231.3790, 11.6452,  
-48.5674

141.3360, 20.0474,  
-83.6097

240.3490, 7.2229,  
-30.1241

108.0680, 23.1375,  
-94.7756

249.3190, 2.8007,  
-11.6808

89.8420, 19.3049,  
-78.7914

71.7300, 15.9091,  
-62.9072

54.9060, 12.3713,  
-48.1526

38.1960, 9.2704,

-33.4979

■ 24.0620, 5.8854,  
-21.1024

■ 2.1830, 5.8258,  
-1.9145

■ 201.2230, 18.1311,  
-75.6176

■ 201.2230, 18.1311,  
-75.6176

■ 194.0470, 21.6688,  
-90.3722

■ 208.3990, 14.5933,  
-60.8629

■ 186.8710, 25.2066,  
-105.1269

■ 215.5750, 11.0555,  
-46.1083

■ 179.9940, 28.5970,  
-119.2667

■ 222.4520, 7.6652,  
-31.9684

■ 172.8180, 32.1347,  
-134.0214

■ 229.6280, 4.1274,  
-17.2138

■ 166.8380, 35.0829,  
-146.3169

■ 236.8040, 0.5896,  
-2.4591

■ 243.0830, -2.5059,  
10.4512

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



205.6160, -1.2897, -53.1602



201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176



201.6990, 26.2774, -75.1580

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176



222.9700, 15.7908, 21.9513



218.1310, -32.1096, 32.3341

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176



151.7770, -18.1311, 75.6176

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



213.7260, -21.0639, 36.1973



201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176



217.5000, 8.6275, 32.8875

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176



216.8580, 18.8040, -11.2765



213.0370, -5.9342, 36.8016



215.1340, -30.1391, 6.8985

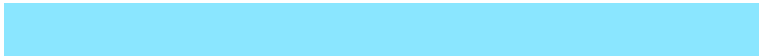


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176



205.3420, 24.4814, -59.0589



213.0370, -5.9342, 36.8016



216.2390, -29.2048, 33.9934

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176



242.7410, 6.0437, -25.2059



187.2010, -35.5951, -63.3203



120.5250, 3.6852, -15.3694



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176



207.7580, 23.2903, -97.1348



165.4160, 35.7839, -44.2148



116.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773



128.9840, 27.1229, -113.1190



39.2560, 8.2548, -34.4275



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



165.7990, 35.5951, 63.3203



162.2540, 45.7238, 81.3382



188.1710, -36.0733, 43.7000



112.9560, 3.4727, 6.1776



75.9920, 53.2479, 94.7230

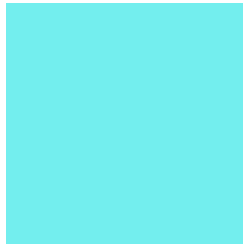


23.1280, 16.2059, 28.8287



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

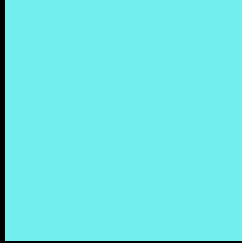
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

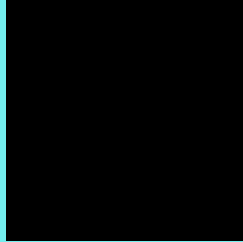
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176.



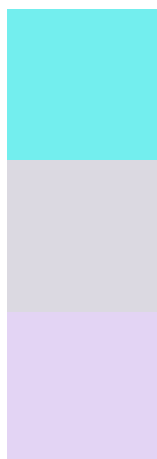
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176.

-75.6176.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176

### Protanopia

218.5100, 3.1996, 0.4297

### Deuteranopia

220.1330, 11.7664, 6.0224



## Tritanopia

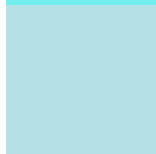
203.0800, 25.1036, -71.9842

# Trichromacy



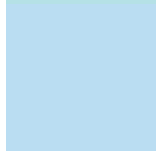
## Original Color

201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176



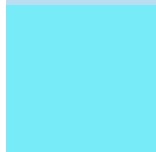
## Protanomaly

212.4140, 8.6699, -27.5501



## Deuteranomaly

212.9290, 14.3320, -23.6167



## Tritanomaly

202.3850, 22.4882, -73.1286

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176



## Achromatopsia

201.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

200.8440, 6.4859, -27.0502

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 238, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 238, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 238, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 238, 238) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 238, 238) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 238, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 238, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 238, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 238, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 238,  
238) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 201.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 238, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
238, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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