

# Converting Colors

YUV(202.9410, 15.8051,  
-76.2473)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(202.9410, 15.8051,  
-76.2473)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	74F1EB
RGB	116, 241, 235
RGB Percent	45%, 95%, 92%
CMY	0.5451, 0.0549, 0.0784
CMYK	0.52, 0.00, 0.02, 0.05
HSL	177°, 82%, 70%
HSV	177°, 52%, 95%
XYZ	53.6532, 72.6218, 89.7868
YIQ	202.9410, -72.5740, -28.3660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

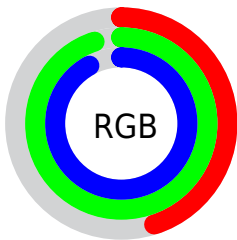
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	116, 180, 241
Decimal	7664107
CIE Lab	88.27, -36.20, -7.78
CIE LCh	88, 37.026, 192.127
Yxy	72.6218, 0.2483, 0.3361
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285854187 (0xFF74F1EB)
YUV	202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473
Hunter-Lab	85.2184, -36.7493, -2.8156

# Details

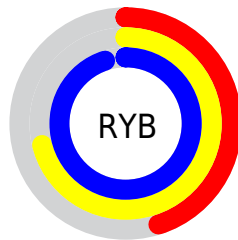
The YUV color **202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **154.0590, -15.8051, 76.2473**, and the grayscale version is **203.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **231.6780, 11.4977, -47.9526**, and **142.7660, 17.8634, -83.1098** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **195.6510, 18.9061, -90.9019**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **210.2310, 12.7041, -61.5926**.

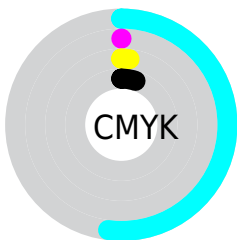
# Distribution



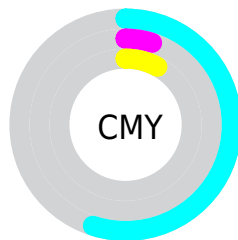
- Red (45%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



202.9410, 15.8051,  
-76.2473

202.9410, 15.8051,  
-76.2473

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

173.1580, 16.6841,  
-78.1916

231.6780, 11.4977,  
-47.9526

142.7660, 17.8634,  
-83.1098

240.6480, 7.0755,  
-29.5093

109.6010, 21.3957,  
-96.1201

249.6180, 2.6533,  
-11.0660

91.3750, 17.5631,  
-80.1359

73.2630, 14.1673,  
-64.2517

55.8520, 10.9190,  
-48.9822

39.1420, 7.8180,

-34.3275

■ 25.0080, 4.4331,  
-21.9320

■ 1.3680, 5.2416,  
-1.1997

■ 202.9410, 15.8051,  
-76.2473

■ 202.9410, 15.8051,  
-76.2473

■ 195.6510, 18.9061,  
-90.9019

■ 210.2310, 12.7041,  
-61.5926

■ 188.3610, 22.0070,  
-105.5566

■ 217.5210, 9.6031,  
-46.9379

■ 181.0710, 25.1080,  
-120.2113

■ 224.8110, 6.5022,  
-32.2832

■ 173.6670, 27.7722,  
-134.7660

■ 232.2150, 3.8380,  
-17.7286

■ 167.5730, 30.2835,  
-146.9615

■ 239.5050, 0.7370,  
-3.0739

■ 245.3000, -1.6269,  
8.5069

■ 245.4140, -1.1901,  
8.4069

■ 245.5280, -0.7533,  
8.3069

■ 245.6420, -0.3165,  
8.2070

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



208.1280, -4.5001, -50.1013



202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473



201.3670, 26.4411, -81.0059

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473



223.5350, 15.5122, 17.9478



218.3590, -31.2360, 32.1342

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473



154.0590, -15.8051, 76.2473

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



214.2960, -18.8799, 35.6974



202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473



220.2870, 11.6905, 30.4433

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



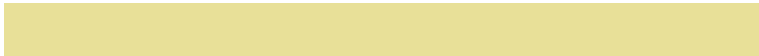
202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473



216.8140, 18.8257, -18.2539



214.4220, -3.1660, 35.5869



218.1840, -32.6287, 12.1166

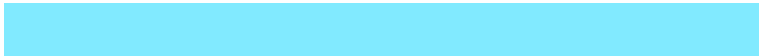


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473



204.9990, 24.6505, -66.6511



214.4220, -3.1660, 35.5869



216.5810, -27.8944, 33.6935

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473



242.5130, 5.1701, -25.0059



191.1690, -37.0583, -60.6612



120.2970, 2.8116, -15.1695



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473



206.8460, 19.7959, -96.3349



170.7530, 34.6318, -48.0184



116.2980, 1.3321, -7.2773



127.9580, 23.1917, -112.2192



38.9140, 6.9444, -34.1276



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154.0590, -15.8051, 76.2473



145.0400, -20.2327, 96.4349



186.2470, -34.6318, 48.0184



111.5880, -1.7689, 7.3773



56.0420, -23.1917, 112.2192

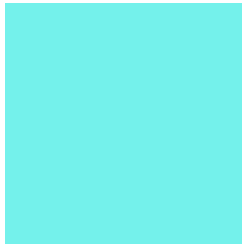


17.0860, -6.9444, 34.1276



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

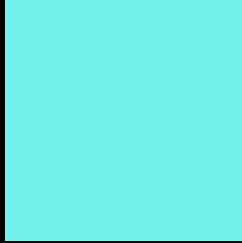
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

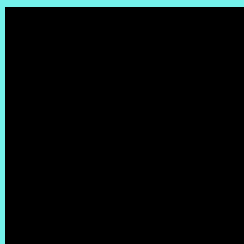
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

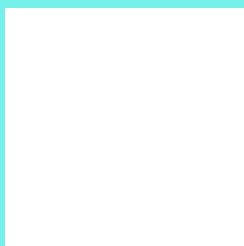
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473.



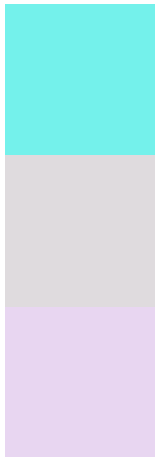
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473.

-76.2473.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473

### Protanopia

220.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592

### Deuteranopia

222.4600, 9.1402, 8.3666



## Tritanopia

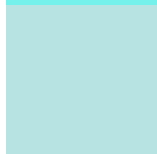
207.3580, 23.4875, -66.9660

# Trichromacy



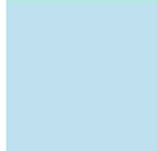
## Original Color

202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473



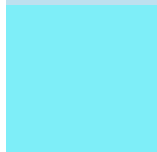
## Protanomaly

214.1430, 6.3385, -26.4354



## Deuteranomaly

215.5440, 11.5638, -22.4021



## Tritanomaly

205.6520, 20.8776, -69.8548

# Monochromacy



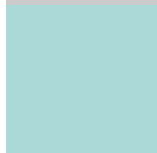
## Original Color

202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473



## Achromatopsia

203.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

203.0180, 5.9071, -28.0798

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 241, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 241, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 241, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 241, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 241, 235) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 241, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 241, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 241, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 241, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 241,  
235) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 202.9410, 15.8051, -76.2473 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 241, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
241, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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