

# Converting Colors

YUV(203.7360, -100.4418,  
16.0175)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175)  
contains.

<b>YUV(203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(203.7360, -100.4418,  
16.0175)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEEA00
RGB	222, 234, 0
RGB Percent	87%, 92%, 0%
CMY	0.1294, 0.0824, 1.0000
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 1.00, 0.08
HSL	63°, 100%, 46%
HSV	63°, 100%, 92%
XYZ	59.5470, 74.3752, 11.2174
YIQ	203.7360, 67.9620, -75.3180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

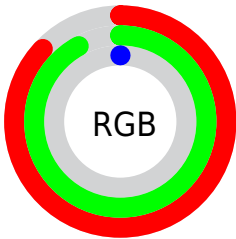
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	0, 234, 12
Decimal	14608896
CIELab	89.10, -25.18, 87.45
CIELCh	89, 91.001, 106.063
Yxy	74.3752, 0.4103, 0.5124
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292798976 (0xFFDEEA00)
YUV	203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175
Hunter-Lab	86.2411, -27.6727, 52.6569

# Details

The YUV color **203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF33**. The color can be described as light washed yellow. A complement of this color would be **30.2640, 100.4418, -16.0175**, and the grayscale version is **205.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **236.3040, -71.6349, 16.3964**, and **153.5110, -75.6809, 7.4449** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **206.6570, -90.5429, 14.3328**.

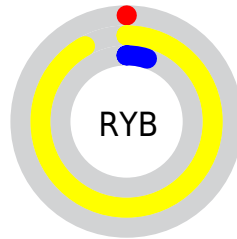
# Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (92%)

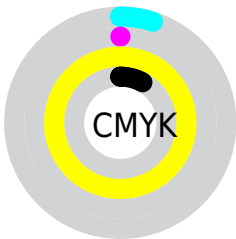
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (92%)

Blue (5%)

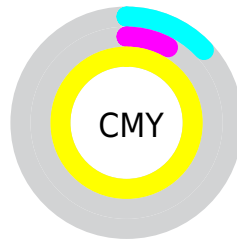


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 203.7360,  
-100.4418, 16.0175

■ 203.7360,  
-100.4418, 16.0175

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 178.3300,  
-87.9167, 11.9886

■ 236.3040,  
-71.6349, 16.3964

■ 153.5110,  
-75.6809, 7.4449

■ 239.8380,  
-58.0941, 13.2971

■ 128.9910,  
-63.5926, 3.5159

■ 243.2580,  
-44.9902, 10.2977

■ 105.0580,  
-51.7936, -0.9279

■ 246.5640,  
-32.3231, 7.3984

■ 81.7120, -40.2840,  
-5.8864

■ 249.9840,  
-19.2191, 4.3990

■ 59.5510, -29.3586,  
-10.1302

■ 253.4040, -6.1152,

■ 37.6780, -18.5753,

1.3997

-15.5036

■ 19.9580, -9.8393,  
-17.5032

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 203.7360,  
-100.4418, 16.0175

■ 206.6570,  
-90.5429, 14.3328

■ 209.6920,  
-80.2072, 12.5481

■ 212.9120,  
-70.4556, 11.4782

■ 215.9470,  
-60.1199, 9.6935

■ 218.8680,  
-50.2209, 8.0088

■ 221.7890,  
-40.3220, 6.3240

■ 224.8240,  
-29.9862, 4.5394

■ 228.0440,  
-20.2347, 3.4694

■ 231.0790, -9.8989,  
1.6847

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



199.3160, -86.4308, 48.8349



203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175



193.5090, -49.5509, -67.0984

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175



178.7550, 37.5888, -156.7681



189.2560, 32.4118, 57.6575

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175



30.2640, 100.4418, -16.0175

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



210.3880, 21.9937, 39.1247



203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175



172.8850, 40.4827, -151.6201

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175



178.7550, 37.5888, -156.7681



196.8030, 28.6911, -55.9552



177.8850, 1.5357, 67.6299



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175



166.6710, -8.7118, -146.1705



196.8030, 28.6911, -55.9552



195.1260, 29.5179, 52.5095

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175



245.1400, -32.6070, 5.1392



77.0100, -37.9659, 137.6802



121.8590, -19.6505, 2.7547



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175



222.0430, -109.4672, 17.5023



168.7530, -83.1952, -55.9114



115.7460, -4.8048, 1.0998



157.6750, -77.7338, 12.5630



46.9470, -23.1449, 3.5545



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.2640, 100.4418, -16.0175



32.9570, 109.4672, -17.5023



65.2470, 83.1952, 55.9114



107.2540, 4.8048, -1.0998



23.3250, 77.7338, -12.5630

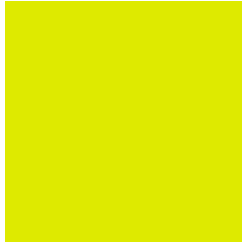


7.0530, 23.1449, -3.5545



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

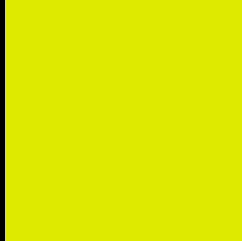
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175

### Protanopia

206.8360, -101.9701, 39.6088

### Deuteranopia

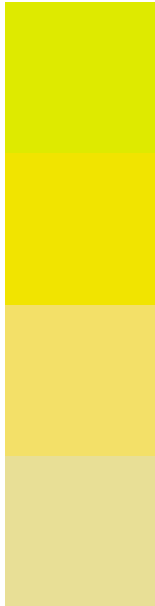
222.9070, -29.0412, 28.1456



## Tritanopia

225.3310, 4.7668, 11.1107

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175

## Protanomaly

205.8950, -101.5062, 30.7871

## Deuteranomaly

216.0010, -55.2165, 23.6781

## Tritanomaly

217.3690, -33.2129, 12.8314

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175

## Achromatopsia

204.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

204.1140, -36.5382, 6.0390

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 234, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 234, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 234, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 234, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 234, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 234, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 234, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 234, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 234, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 234,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 203.7360, -100.4418, 16.0175 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 234, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
234, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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