

# Converting Colors

YUV(203.8230, -21.6047,  
22.9572)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(203.8230, -21.6047,  
22.9572)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E6C7A0
RGB	230, 199, 160
RGB Percent	90%, 78%, 63%
CMY	0.0980, 0.2196, 0.3725
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.30, 0.10
HSL	33°, 58%, 76%
HSV	33°, 30%, 90%
XYZ	59.4017, 60.2079, 41.7482
YIQ	203.8230, 30.9950, -5.5570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

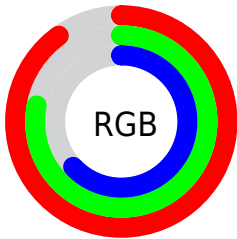
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	216, 230, 160
Decimal	15124384
CIE Lab	81.95, 5.28, 23.58
CIE LCh	82, 24.169, 77.370
Yxy	60.2079, 0.3681, 0.3731
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293314464 (0xFFE6C7A0)
YUV	203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572
Hunter-Lab	77.5938, 0.8612, 22.4155

# Details

The YUV color  $203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCC99}$ . A complement of this color would be  $186.1770, 21.6047, -22.9572$ , and the grayscale version is  $204.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $250.4400, -17.4719, 3.9991$ , and  $149.4530, -20.4363, 21.5277$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $195.3310, -28.7572, 30.4047$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $212.3150, -14.4523, 15.5097$ .

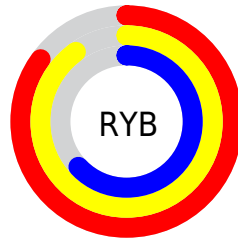
# Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (78%)

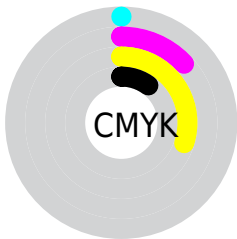
Blue (63%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (90%)

Blue (63%)

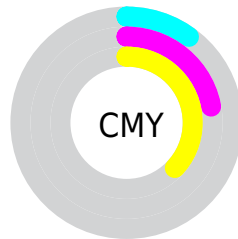


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 203.8230,  
-21.6047, 22.9572

■ 203.8230,  
-21.6047, 22.9572

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 176.3390,  
-20.8731, 21.6277

■ 250.4400,  
-17.4719, 3.9991

■ 149.4530,  
-20.4363, 21.5277

■ 253.6320, -5.2416,  
1.1997

■ 123.6700,  
-19.5573, 19.5834

■ 98.4850, -18.9731,  
18.8687

■ 74.1150, -17.8047,  
17.4391

■ 51.3320, -16.9257,  
15.4948

■ 30.1900, -14.8837,

13.8654

■ 8.0400, -3.9637,  
11.3659

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 203.8230,  
-21.6047, 22.9572

■ 203.8230,  
-21.6047, 22.9572

■ 195.3310,  
-28.7572, 30.4047

■ 212.3150,  
-14.4523, 15.5097

■ 186.8390,  
-35.9096, 37.8522

■ 220.8070, -7.2999,  
8.0623

■ 177.7600,  
-42.7727, 45.8145

■ 229.8860, -0.4368,  
0.1000

■ 169.2680,  
-49.9251, 53.2620

■ 238.3780, 6.7156,  
-7.3475

■ 160.7760,  
-57.0776, 60.7094

■ 244.5900, 5.1321,  
-12.7954

■ 152.2840,  
-64.2300, 68.1569

■ 247.5250, 3.6852,  
-15.3694

■ 143.9060,  
-70.9457, 75.5044

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



205.7520, -17.1327, 35.2975



203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572



201.0550, -20.2401, 5.2138

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572



194.4610, 10.6187, -46.0083



207.6440, 13.4865, 14.3442

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572



186.1770, 21.6047, -22.9572

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



204.4500, 20.9772, -8.2876



203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572



195.5780, 19.9280, -45.2339

# Square

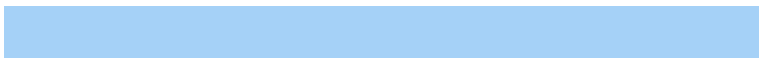
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572



195.7370, -1.3493, -33.9723



200.1760, 23.0842, -30.8494



207.9960, 2.9600, 30.6985



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572



199.7050, -16.1236, -8.5113



200.1760, 23.0842, -30.8494



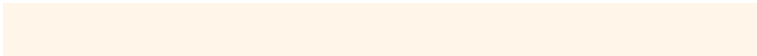
206.6970, 16.4184, 7.2817

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572



246.5080, -7.1524, 7.4475



184.4640, 3.2222, 39.9351



122.1810, -4.5262, 5.1033



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572



219.6300, -28.9046, 31.0195



221.1230, -30.1336, 5.1541



110.6970, -3.7946, 3.7737



111.6340, -55.0356, 59.0800



31.6850, -15.6207, 16.9393

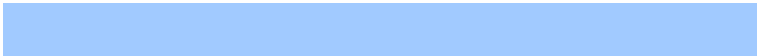


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186.1770, 21.6047, -22.9572



195.7830, 29.1940, -30.5047



169.1760, 29.9862, -4.5394



107.3030, 3.7946, -3.7737



66.7790, 55.3250, -58.5652

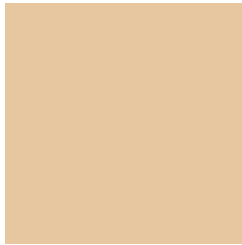


19.3150, 15.6207, -16.9393



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

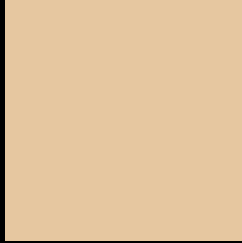
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

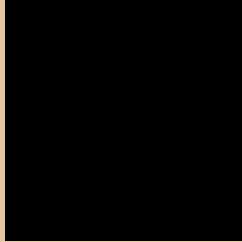
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572

### Protanopia

203.0990, -20.2618, 12.1912

### Deuteranopia

204.5680, -21.4790, 29.3199



## Tritanopia

206.5670, 0.2135, 24.9357

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572

## Protanomaly

203.3060, -20.8569, 16.3946

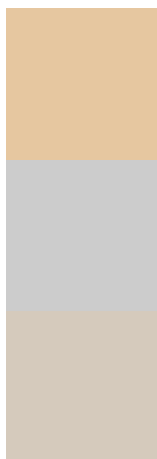
## Deuteranomaly

204.2580, -21.3262, 26.9607

## Tritanomaly

205.7920, -7.7855, 23.8614

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572

## Achromatopsia

204.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

203.6930, -7.7366, 8.1622

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 199, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 199, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 199, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 199, 160) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 199, 160) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 199, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 199, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 199, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 199, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 199,  
160) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 203.8230, -21.6047, 22.9572 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 199, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
199, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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