

# Converting Colors

YUV(204.1790, 25.0548,  
-56.2850)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(204.1790, 25.0548,  
-56.2850)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                       |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex         | 8CE3FF                      |
| RGB         | 140, 227, 255               |
| RGB Percent | 55%, 89%, 100%              |
| CMY         | 0.4510, 0.1098, 0.0000      |
| CMYK        | 0.45, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00      |
| HSL         | 195°, 100%, 77%             |
| HSV         | 195°, 45%, 100%             |
| XYZ         | 56.3343, 67.7336, 104.7125  |
| YIQ         | 204.1790, -60.8400, -9.7360 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

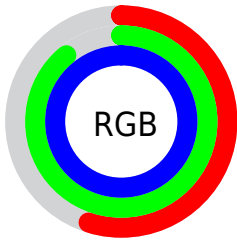
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                   |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 140, 190, 255                  |
| Decimal                             | 9233407                        |
| CIE Lab                             | 85.87, -19.11, -21.77          |
| CIE LCh                             | 86, 28.967, 228.724            |
| Yxy                                 | 67.7336, 0.2462,<br>0.2961     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4287423487<br>(0xFF8CE3FF)     |
| YUV                                 | 204.1790, 25.0548,<br>-56.2850 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 82.3004, -21.8433,<br>-17.8256 |

# Details

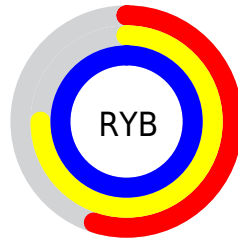
The YUV color **204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **190.8210, -25.0548, 56.2850**, and the grayscale version is **204.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237.9570, 8.4022, -35.0423**, and **147.7550, 24.7708, -58.5441** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **193.1820, 30.4763, -68.5656**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **215.4750, 19.4858, -43.3896**.

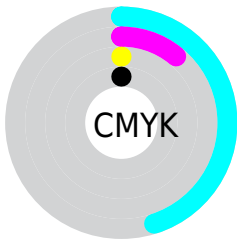
# Distribution



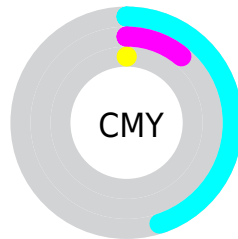
- Red (55%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



204.1790, 25.0548,  
-56.2850

204.1790, 25.0548,  
-56.2850

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

175.7660, 24.7654,  
-56.7998

237.9570, 8.4022,  
-35.0423

147.7550, 24.7708,  
-58.5441

246.9270, 3.9800,  
-16.5990

118.9610, 25.6552,  
-62.2328

86.2690, 28.4614,  
-75.6579

68.7440, 24.7762,  
-60.2885

51.8060, 20.8016,  
-45.4339

36.1560, 16.6851,

-31.7088

■ 21.9080, 12.8634,  
-19.2133

■ 3.6650, 11.5042,  
-3.2142

■ 204.1790, 25.0548,  
-56.2850

■ 204.1790, 25.0548,  
-56.2850

■ 193.1820, 30.4763,  
-68.5656

■ 215.4750, 19.4858,  
-43.3896

■ 181.8860, 36.0452,  
-81.4610

■ 226.4720, 14.0643,  
-31.1089

■ 170.3020, 41.7561,  
-93.2269

■ 238.3550, 8.2060,  
-18.7283

■ 159.0060, 47.3250,  
-106.1223

■ 249.3520, 2.7845,  
-6.4477

■ 148.0090, 52.7466, 255.0000, 0.0000,  
-118.4029 0.0000

■ 142.3610, 55.5310,  
-124.8506

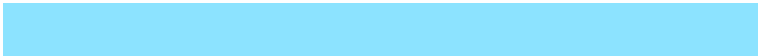
# Harmonies

## Analogous

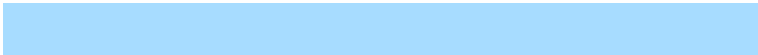
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202.3070, 14.1456, -57.2742



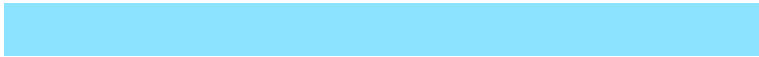
204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850



208.1430, 23.1005, -36.0824

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850



217.0610, 4.4069, 33.2725



211.4310, -23.8765, 4.8840

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850



190.8210, -25.0548, 56.2850

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



214.2920, -26.2730, 26.9309



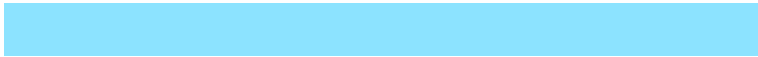
204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850



213.2820, -7.5340, 36.5867

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850



218.9480, 15.8016, 18.4626



214.1820, -19.3167, 35.7974

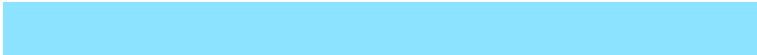


207.9810, -14.7806, -19.2773



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850



212.6830, 20.8623, -18.1390



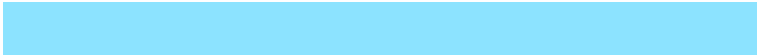
214.1820, -19.3167, 35.7974



212.9050, -26.0822, 12.3613

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850



238.9530, 7.9112, -17.4988



210.5830, -21.4864, -61.9013



117.9000, 4.9793, -10.4363



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

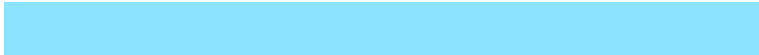


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850



193.7800, 30.1815, -67.3361



171.3070, 41.2606, -27.4562



121.7650, 3.0739, -5.9329



106.8890, 41.4667, -93.7417



35.4720, 14.0643, -31.1089



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



184.3030, 21.0496, 62.0013



170.1180, 25.0848, 74.4415



223.6930, -41.2606, 27.4562



119.9130, 2.0149, 7.0923



73.6390, 35.1810, 102.9256

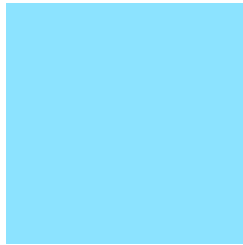


24.6080, 11.5323, 34.5468



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

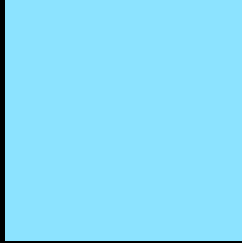
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850.



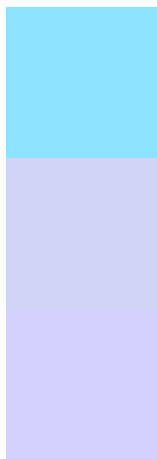
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850.

-56.2850.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850

### Protanopia

214.5660, 15.0040, -5.7584

### Deuteranopia

215.1410, 19.6505, -2.7547



## Tritanopia

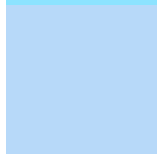
203.2560, 21.5658, -57.2295

# Trichromacy



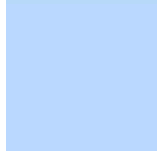
## Original Color

204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850



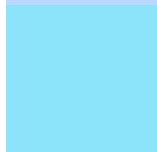
## Protanomaly

210.4820, 18.9894, -24.1017



## Deuteranomaly

211.4760, 21.4573, -22.3425



## Tritanomaly

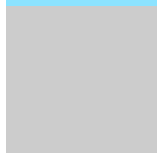
203.8970, 22.7288, -56.9147

# Monochromacy



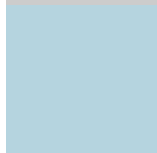
## Original Color

204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850



## Achromatopsia

204.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

203.9850, 9.3744, -20.1578

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 227, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 227, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 227, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 227, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 227, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 227, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 227, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 227, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 227, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 227,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 204.1790, 25.0548, -56.2850 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 227, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
227, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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