

# Converting Colors

YUV(204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(204.5380, 20.9338,  
5.6672)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3C1F7
RGB	211, 193, 247
RGB Percent	83%, 76%, 97%
CMY	0.1725, 0.2431, 0.0314
CMYK	0.15, 0.22, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	260°, 77%, 86%
HSV	260°, 22%, 97%
XYZ	62.7224, 58.7042, 96.0209
YIQ	204.5380, -6.6060, 20.6100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

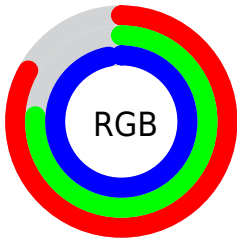
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	211, 193, 247
Decimal	13877751
CIE Lab	81.13, 16.65, -24.33
CIE LCh	81, 29.482, 304.388
Yxy	58.7042, 0.2884, 0.2700
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292067831 (0xFFD3C1F7)
YUV	204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672
Hunter-Lab	76.6187, 12.0430, -20.6710

# Details

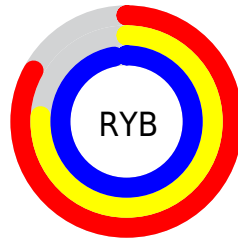
The YUV color **204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **235.4620, -20.9338, -5.6672**, and the grayscale version is **204.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **251.4780, 1.7363, 3.0888**, and **150.0110, 20.2076, 5.2524** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **185.0790, 30.5271, 8.7007**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **223.9970, 11.3405, 2.6336**.

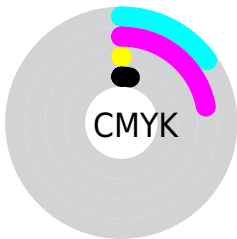
# Distribution



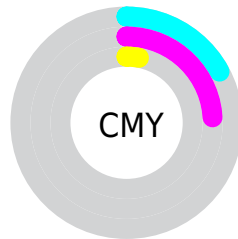
- Red (83%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 204.5380, 20.9338,  
5.6672

■ 204.5380, 20.9338,  
5.6672

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 177.0110, 20.2076,  
5.2524

■ 251.4780, 1.7363,  
3.0888

■ 150.0110, 20.2076,  
5.2524

■ 124.3700, 19.0446,  
4.9375

■ 98.9570, 18.7552,  
4.4227

■ 75.0170, 17.7396,  
3.4931

■ 52.1910, 17.1608,  
2.4635

■ 30.2510, 16.1453,

1.5339

■ 8.8600, 15.8450,  
4.5078

■ 2.7530, 8.0098,  
-2.4144

■ 204.5380, 20.9338,  
5.6672

■ 204.5380, 20.9338,  
5.6672

■ 185.0790, 30.5271,  
8.7007

■ 223.9970, 11.3405,  
2.6336

■ 165.9080, 39.9784,  
10.6047

■ 243.1680, 1.8892,  
0.7297

■ 146.4490, 49.5716,  
13.6382

■ 254.0880, -3.4944,  
0.7998

■ 126.6910, 59.3123,  
16.0570

■ 107.8190, 68.6162,  
18.5757

■ 88.0610, 78.3569,  
20.9945

■ 68.6020, 87.9502,  
24.0280

■ 52.6760, 95.8017,  
25.7171

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



199.9580, 27.1357, -23.6422



204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672



206.1190, 9.8013, 29.7136

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672



202.5040, -24.4055, 34.6380



189.3200, 7.7302, -52.9006

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672



235.4620, -20.9338, -5.6672

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



193.0270, -7.9013, -32.4727



204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672



199.8130, -26.5298, 15.9500

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672



203.8610, -15.7075, 44.8489



196.2660, -20.3441, -8.1263



188.8210, 21.2872, -61.2330



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672



205.8940, 1.0383, 40.4350



196.2660, -20.3441, -8.1263



190.5720, 2.1830, -46.9826

# Sweetspot

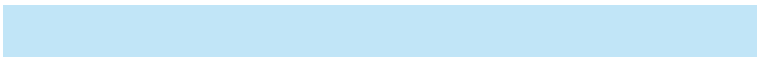
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672



240.8460, 6.9779, 1.8891



220.2880, 13.1690, -23.9316



119.4500, 4.2151, 1.3593



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672



203.1020, 25.5857, 6.9265



212.6110, 16.9538, 22.2662



112.5640, 4.6519, 1.2594



39.7420, 72.1052, 19.5203



12.7060, 22.8229, 6.3968



# Inverse Universe

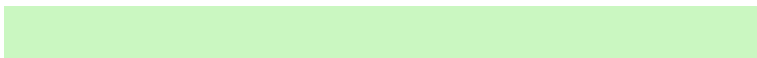
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



213.2500, 7.7648, 29.5987



213.7500, 9.4902, 36.1763



227.3890, -16.9538, -22.2662



114.5000, 1.7255, 6.5775



69.7500, 26.7452, 101.9513

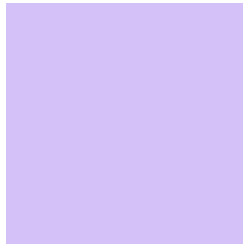


22.0870, 8.3381, 32.3727



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

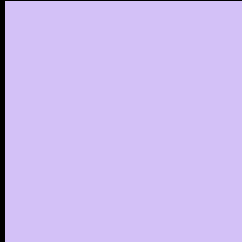
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

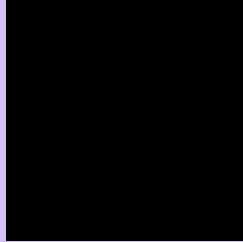
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672.



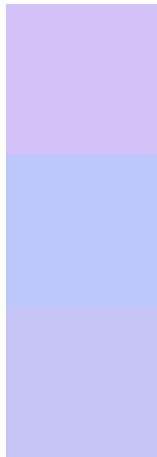
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 204.5380, 20.9338,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672

### Protanopia

202.0520, 24.6244, -11.4466

### Deuteranopia

203.1840, 21.1083, -3.6694



## Tritanopia

202.9170, 5.9569, 2.7038

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672

## Protanomaly

203.0420, 23.1503, -5.2988

## Deuteranomaly

203.7930, 20.8081, -0.6955

## Tritanomaly

203.7090, 11.4825, 3.7632

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672

## Achromatopsia

205.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

204.9600, 7.4147, 1.7891

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 193, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 193, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 193, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 193, 247) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 193, 247) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 193, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 193, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 193, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 193, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 193,  
247) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 204.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 193, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
193, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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