

# Converting Colors

YUV(205.2440, -57.3083,  
-5.4760)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760)  
contains.

<b>YUV(205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(205.2440, -57.3083,  
-5.4760)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7E759
RGB	199, 231, 89
RGB Percent	78%, 91%, 35%
CMY	0.2196, 0.0941, 0.6510
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.61, 0.09
HSL	74°, 75%, 63%
HSV	74°, 61%, 91%
XYZ	53.9323, 70.0152, 20.1229
YIQ	205.2440, 26.5100, -50.9460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

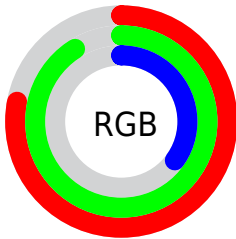
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	89, 231, 121
Decimal	13100889
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	87.00, -30.04, 63.67
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	87, 70.403, 115.259
Yxy	70.0152, 0.3743, 0.4860
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291290969 (0xFFC7E759)
YUV	205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760
Hunter-Lab	83.6751, -31.3803, 44.3140

# Details

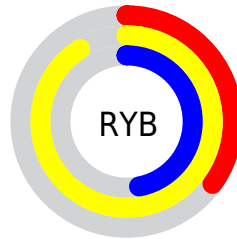
The YUV color **205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFF66**. The color can be described as light muted yellow. A complement of this color would be **114.7560, 57.3083, 5.4760**, and the grayscale version is **206.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **242.3460, -48.4846, 11.0976**, and **148.4890, -58.9081, -5.6909** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **201.1270, -66.6176, -6.2504**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **209.3610, -47.9990, -4.7016**.

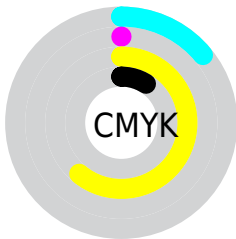
# Distribution



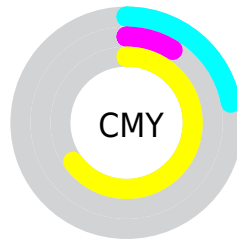
- Red (78%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 205.2440,  
-57.3083, -5.4760

■ 205.2440,  
-57.3083, -5.4760

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 176.9450,  
-57.1609, -6.0908

■ 242.3460,  
-48.4846, 11.0976

■ 148.4890,  
-58.9081, -5.6909

■ 245.5380,  
-36.2542, 8.2982

■ 121.5490,  
-59.9237, -6.6205

■ 248.8440,  
-23.5871, 5.3988

■ 98.2140, -48.4195,  
-9.8347

■ 252.1500,  
-10.9200, 2.4994

■ 75.4660, -37.2047,  
-13.5637

■ 52.7070, -25.9846,  
-19.0370

■ 29.9370, -14.7589,

-26.2547

■ 18.7840, -9.2605,  
-16.4736

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 205.2440,  
-57.3083, -5.4760

■ 205.2440,  
-57.3083, -5.4760

■ 201.1270,  
-66.6176, -6.2504

■ 209.3610,  
-47.9990, -4.7016

■ 197.0100,  
-75.9269, -7.0248

■ 213.4780,  
-38.6897, -3.9272

■ 192.5940,  
-85.0888, -8.4139

■ 217.8940,  
-29.5277, -2.5380

■ 189.1180,  
-93.2352, -8.8735

■ 222.0110,  
-20.2184, -1.7636

■ 226.1280,  
-10.9091, -0.9893

■ 230.3590, -1.1630,  
-0.3148

■ 234.4760, 8.1463,  
0.4595

■ 236.7260, 9.0091,  
3.7483

■ 238.2210, 8.2720,  
6.8222

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



208.8800, -65.0168, 40.4472



205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760



192.7470, -26.9903, -69.9381

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760



172.2980, 40.7721, -151.1053



195.9120, 17.2984, 51.8202

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760



114.7560, 57.3083, 5.4760

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



209.2140, 22.5725, 40.1543



205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760



162.9060, 45.4023, -142.8686

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760



175.8200, 39.0357, -154.1941



210.1020, 22.1347, -6.2285



190.7360, -12.6878, 56.3595



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760



166.9110, 7.4389, -146.3809



210.1020, 22.1347, -6.2285



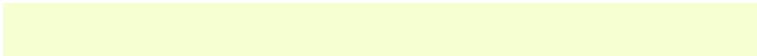
200.8820, 26.1872, 47.4615

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760



246.7660, -18.6186, -1.5488



149.6550, -29.9029, 71.3396



122.6010, -11.6353, -1.4041



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760



220.5970, -76.2163, -7.5396



184.3140, -46.9898, -48.5104



112.7350, -4.7994, -0.6446



146.3350, -72.1432, -7.3098



41.8970, -20.6552, -1.6637



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



114.7560, 57.3083, 5.4760



100.4030, 76.2163, 7.5396



135.6860, 46.9898, 48.5104



105.2650, 4.7994, 0.6446



32.3660, 72.2906, 6.6950



9.1030, 20.6552, 1.6637



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

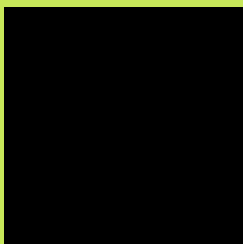
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760.

-5.4760.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760

### Protanopia

210.0140, -61.6319, 28.0517

### Deuteranopia

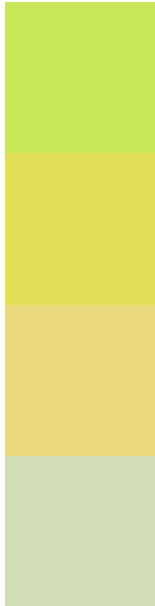
216.1590, -34.5884, 34.0636



## Tritanopia

217.7530, 8.0098, -2.4144

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760

## Protanomaly

208.2790, -60.2835, 15.5413

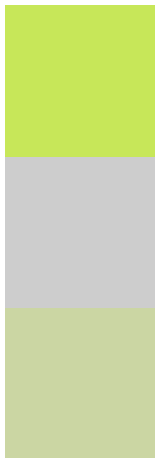
## Deuteranomaly

212.4810, -43.1281, 19.7492

## Tritanomaly

212.8520, -15.7030, -3.3782

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760

## Achromatopsia

205.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

204.8970, -20.6552, -1.6637

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 231, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 231, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 231, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 231, 89) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 231, 89) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 231, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 231, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 231, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 231, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 231,  
89) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 205.2440, -57.3083, -5.4760 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 231, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
231, 89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor