

# Converting Colors

YUV(206.1580, -3.5289,  
-81.6996)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(206.1580, -3.5289,  
-81.6996)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71FFC7
RGB	113, 255, 199
RGB Percent	44%, 100%, 78%
CMY	0.5569, 0.0000, 0.2196
CMYK	0.56, 0.00, 0.22, 0.00
HSL	156°, 100%, 72%
HSV	156°, 56%, 100%
XYZ	52.8789, 79.1542, 66.5241
YIQ	206.1580, -66.6560, -47.5200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

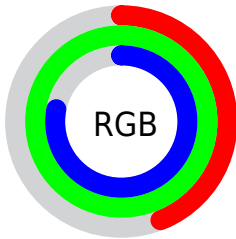
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">113, 201, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7471047</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">91.30, -51.29, 15.30</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">91, 53.521, 163.391</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">79.1542, 0.2663, 0.3986</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285661127</a> <a href="#">(0xFF71FFC7)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">88.9687, -49.6030, 17.9454</a>

# Details

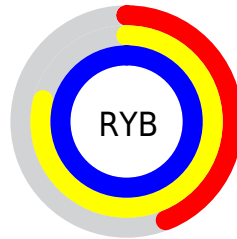
The YUV color **206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **161.8420, 3.5289, 81.6996**, and the grayscale version is **206.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230.7810, 11.9400, -49.7969**, and **144.7270, 0.1346, -90.0916** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **197.5430, -4.2117, -96.0692**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **215.0720, -2.9935, -66.7151**.

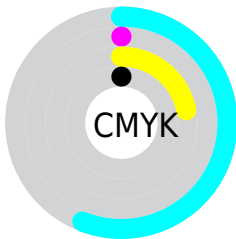
# Distribution



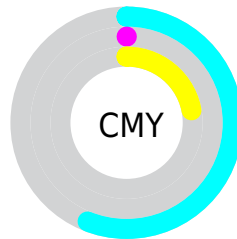
- Red (44%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 206.1580, -3.5289,  
-81.6996


 206.1580, -3.5289,  
-81.6996

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 176.4890, -2.2131,  
-83.7439


 230.7810, 11.9400,  
-49.7969


 144.7270, 0.1346,  
-90.0916


 239.7510, 7.5178,  
-31.3536

 113.3560, 2.7825,  
-99.4132

 249.0200, 2.9481,  
-12.2955

 94.0700, -0.0345,  
-82.4994

 76.1860, -2.5567,  
-66.8151

 58.3020, -5.0789,  
-51.1309

 41.2330, -7.0169,

-36.1613

■ 25.3550, -12.0070,  
-22.2363

■ 5.2830, -2.6045,  
-4.6332

■ 206.1580, -3.5289,  
-81.6996

■ 206.1580, -3.5289,  
-81.6996

■ 197.5430, -4.2117,  
-96.0692

■ 215.0720, -2.9935,  
-66.7151

■ 188.6290, -4.7471,  
-111.0536

■ 223.6870, -2.3107,  
-52.3455

■ 179.7150, -5.2825,  
-126.0381

■ 232.6010, -1.7753,  
-37.3611

■ 171.1000, -5.9653,  
-140.4077

■ 241.2160, -1.0925,  
-22.9914

■ 167.2410, -6.5278,  
-146.6704

■ 250.1300, -0.5571,  
-8.0070

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



217.1480, -31.6250, -29.9478



206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996



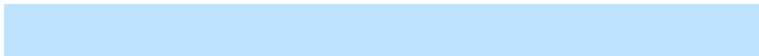
178.4130, 36.2784, -156.4682

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996



219.4280, 17.5370, -24.9314



212.1130, -24.7057, 37.6119

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996



161.8420, 3.5289, 81.6996

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



211.0140, -0.9929, 38.5757



206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996



227.4110, 13.6014, 24.1956

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996



197.1260, 28.5319, -98.3345



218.6060, 17.9422, 31.9175

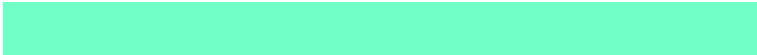


218.5580, -43.1661, 31.9596



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996



178.7550, 37.5888, -156.7681



218.6060, 17.9422, 31.9175



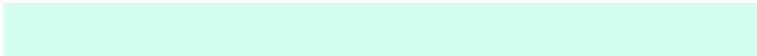
210.7740, -17.1436, 38.7862

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996



240.2050, -1.0871, -24.7358



213.3970, -49.4957, -38.0592



118.9720, -0.9722, -14.8844



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

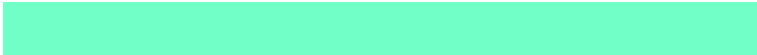


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996



196.2330, -4.0589, -98.4283



204.3240, 24.9833, -80.0911



123.4290, -0.7045, -7.3922



125.3410, -4.6051, -109.9241



42.0140, -1.4859, -36.8463



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



161.8420, 3.5289, 81.6996



142.8810, 4.4957, 98.3284



163.6760, -24.9833, 80.0911



119.4570, 0.2677, 7.4922



65.6590, 4.6051, 109.9241

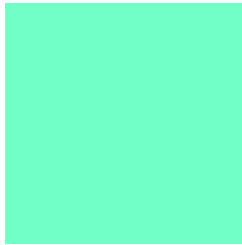


21.9860, 1.4859, 36.8463



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

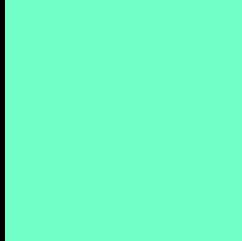
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

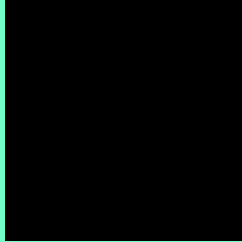
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996.



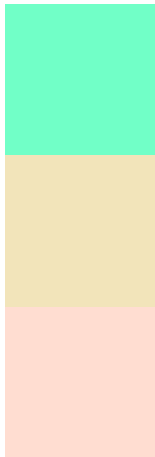
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996.

-81.6996.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996

### Protanopia

227.3980, -20.4092, 12.8060

### Deuteranopia

229.7980, -10.2534, 22.1022



## Tritanopia

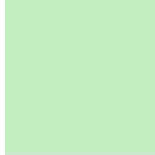
221.3670, 16.5811, -45.0489

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996



## Protanomaly

219.7850, -14.1910, -21.7364



## Deuteranomaly

220.8380, -7.8081, -15.6439



## Tritanomaly

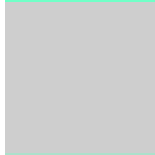
215.7430, 9.4937, -58.5336

# Monochromacy



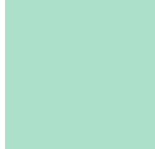
## Original Color

206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996



## Achromatopsia

206.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

206.0580, -1.5076, -29.8689

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 255, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 255, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 255, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 255, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 255, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 255, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 255, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 255, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 255, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 255,  
199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 206.1580, -3.5289, -81.6996 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 255, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
255, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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