

Converting Colors

YUV(207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(207.1740, -0.5788,
-1.0296)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CED0CE
RGB	206, 208, 206
RGB Percent	81%, 82%, 81%
CMY	0.1922, 0.1843, 0.1922
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.18
HSL	120°, 2%, 81%
HSV	120°, 1%, 82%
XYZ	59.1501, 62.6898, 67.3753
YIQ	207.1740, -0.5500, -1.0460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

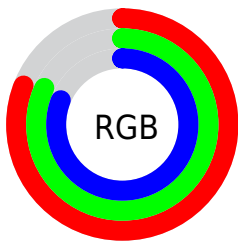
Format	Color
R_{YB}	206, 208, 208
Decimal	13553870
CIE _{Lab}	83.28, -1.04, 0.74
CIE _{LCh}	83, 1.280, 144.596
Yxy	62.6898, 0.3126, 0.3313
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291743950 (0xFFCED0CE)
YUV	207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296
Hunter-Lab	79.1769, -5.2090, 4.9712

Details

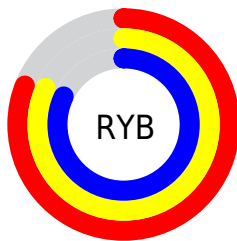
The YUV color $207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $206.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296$, and the grayscale version is $207.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$, and $153.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $198.5010, -6.6560, -11.8404$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $215.8470, 5.4984, 9.7812$.

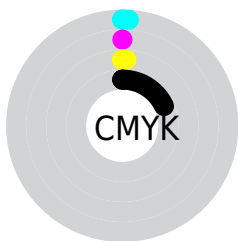
Distribution



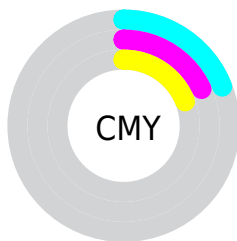
- Red (81%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 207.1740, -0.5788,
-1.0296

■ 207.1740, -0.5788,
-1.0296

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 179.5870, -0.2894,
-0.5148

■ 153.1740, -0.5788,
-1.0296

■ 127.1740, -0.5788,
-1.0296

■ 102.1740, -0.5788,
-1.0296

■ 78.1740, -0.5788,
-1.0296

■ 55.1740, -0.5788,
-1.0296

■ 34.1740, -0.5788,

-1.0296

■ 11.7610, -0.8682,
-1.5444

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 207.1740, -0.5788,
-1.0296

■ 207.1740, -0.5788,
-1.0296

■ 198.5010, -6.6560,
-11.8404

■ 215.8470, 5.4984,
9.7812

■ 189.8280,
-12.7332, -22.6512

■ 224.5200, 11.5756,
20.5920

■ 181.5680,
-18.5210, -32.9471

■ 227.4110, 13.6014,
24.1956

■ 172.8950,
-24.5982, -43.7579

■ 164.2220,
-30.6754, -54.5687

■ 155.5490,
-36.7527, -65.3795

■ 146.8760,
-42.8299, -76.1903

■ 138.6160,
-48.6177, -86.4862

■ 129.9430,
-54.6949, -97.2970

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



207.3590, -1.1630, -0.3148



207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296



206.9890, 0.0054, -1.7444

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296



207.6300, 1.1684, -1.4295



207.7830, -0.8790, 1.9443

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296



206.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



208.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296



207.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296



207.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443



207.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



207.7830, -0.8790, 1.9443

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296



207.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443



207.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



207.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296

255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



207.7720, -0.8736, 0.2000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296



253.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444



207.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



104.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148



98.6160, -48.6177, -86.4862



24.0670, -11.8650, -21.1068

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



206.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



253.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



206.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



104.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148



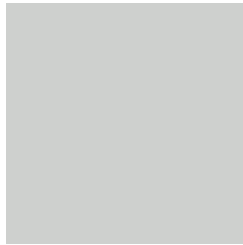
69.3840, 48.6177, 86.4862



16.9330, 11.8650, 21.1068

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

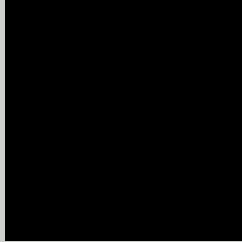
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

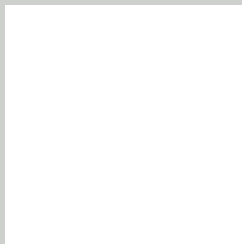
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296.



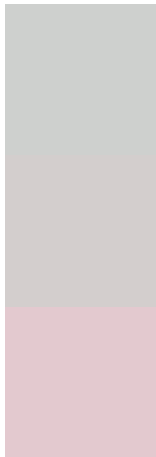
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296.

-1.0296.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296

Protanopia

207.3810, -1.1738, 3.1739

Deuteranopia

209.4580, -1.2118, 15.3843



Tritanopia

208.4220, 6.6940, -0.3701

Trichromacy



Original Color

207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296

Protanomaly

207.3700, -1.1684, 1.4295

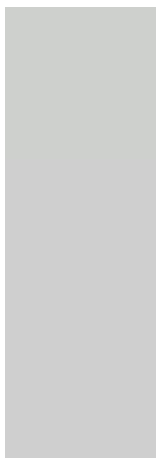
Deuteranomaly

208.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217

Tritanomaly

208.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998

Monochromacy



Original Color

207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296

Achromatopsia

207.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

207.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 208, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 208, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 208, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 208, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 208, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 208, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 208, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 208, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 208, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 208,  
206) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 207.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 208, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
208, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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