

# Converting Colors

YUV(207.8970, -30.5152,  
34.2933)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(207.8970, -30.5152,  
34.2933)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7C892
RGB	247, 200, 146
RGB Percent	97%, 78%, 57%
CMY	0.0314, 0.2157, 0.4275
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.41, 0.03
HSL	32°, 86%, 77%
HSV	32°, 41%, 97%
XYZ	64.2004, 63.1580, 36.0011
YIQ	207.8970, 45.3460, -6.8300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

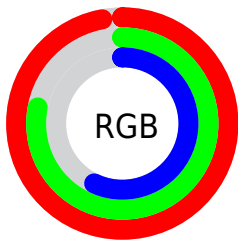
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	234, 247, 146
Decimal	16238738
CIE Lab	83.53, 9.71, 33.30
CIE LCh	84, 34.686, 73.738
Yxy	63.1580, 0.3930, 0.3866
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294428818 (0xFF7C892)
YUV	207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933
Hunter-Lab	79.4720, 5.1227, 28.7718

# Details

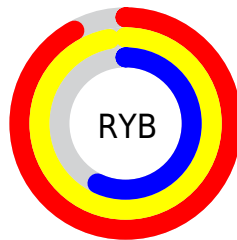
The YUV color  $207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCC99}$ . A complement of this color would be  $185.1030, 30.5152, -34.2933$ , and the grayscale version is  $208.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $248.7300, -24.0239, 5.4988$ , and  $153.0430, -28.6152, 31.5343$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $198.5900, -38.2519, 42.4556$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $217.2040, -22.7786, 26.1311$ .

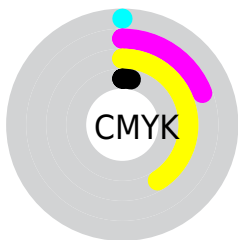
# Distribution



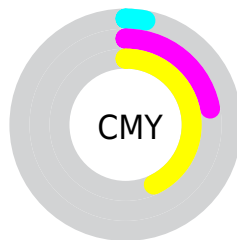
- Red (97%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (43%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 207.8970,  
-30.5152, 34.2933

 207.8970,  
-30.5152, 34.2933


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 180.4130,  
-29.7836, 32.9638


 248.7300,  
-24.0239, 5.4988


 153.0430,  
-28.6152, 31.5343

 252.0360,  
-11.3567, 2.5994

 126.5590,  
-27.8836, 30.2048

 101.4770,  
-26.8572, 27.6457

 76.6940, -25.9781,  
25.7014

 53.2700, -26.2621,  
23.4422

 33.4680, -16.4997,

18.8836

■ 12.2040, -6.0166,  
16.4841

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 207.8970,  
-30.5152, 34.2933

■ 207.8970,  
-30.5152, 34.2933

■ 198.5900,  
-38.2519, 42.4556

■ 217.2040,  
-22.7786, 26.1311

■ 188.8100,  
-45.2623, 51.0326

■ 226.9840,  
-15.7681, 17.5540

■ 179.5030,  
-52.9990, 59.1949

■ 236.2910, -8.0315,  
9.3918

■ 169.6090,  
-60.4462, 67.8719

■ 246.1850, -0.5842,  
0.7148

■ 160.4160,  
-67.7461, 75.9342

■ 252.6080, 1.1793,  
-4.9182

■ 151.3370,  
-74.6091, 83.8965

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



206.4710, -20.9382, 42.5599



207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933



204.8570, -30.0025, 9.7724

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933



190.8600, 15.3520, -70.9142



212.9030, 20.7538, 16.7481

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933



185.1030, 30.5152, -34.2933

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



206.2040, 24.0564, -15.9649



207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933



191.3230, 29.9138, -74.8283

# Square

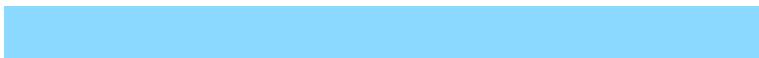
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933



195.7800, -3.3425, -48.0421



198.3090, 27.9487, -51.1370



211.3050, 7.7376, 38.3205



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933



202.2290, -24.2699, -8.9708



198.3090, 27.9487, -51.1370



210.4780, 21.9493, 6.5968

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933



243.2480, -9.4893, 10.3065



181.5570, 5.6414, 57.3935



120.6650, -5.2578, 6.4328



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933



206.7040, -37.8151, 42.3556



234.5890, -43.6744, 8.2534



117.6970, -3.7946, 3.7737



114.3140, -56.3568, 62.8686



35.8380, -17.6681, 20.3131

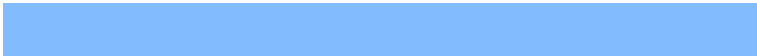


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



185.1030, 30.5152, -34.2933



178.2960, 37.8151, -42.3556



158.4110, 43.6744, -8.2534



114.8900, 3.5052, -4.2885



72.2730, 56.0674, -63.3834



22.5750, 17.9575, -19.7983



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

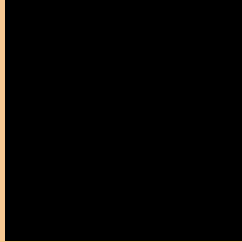
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933

### Protanopia

206.0580, -28.1296, 15.7351

### Deuteranopia

208.1960, -30.6626, 34.9081



## Tritanopia

211.9490, -2.4399, 36.0017

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933

## Protanomaly

206.5750, -28.8775, 22.2977

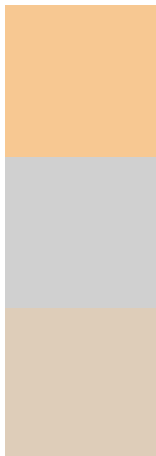
## Deuteranomaly

208.1960, -30.6626, 34.9081

## Tritanomaly

210.6040, -12.6228, 35.4273

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933

## Achromatopsia

208.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

207.8030, -11.2419, 12.4508

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 200, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 200, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 200, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 200, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 200, 146) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 200, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 200, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 200, 146); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 200, 146); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 200, 146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 207.8970, -30.5152, 34.2933 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 200, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
200, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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