

# Converting Colors

YUV(208.1960, -17.3516,  
12.1061)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(208.1960, -17.3516,  
12.1061)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DED0AD
RGB	222, 208, 173
RGB Percent	87%, 82%, 68%
CMY	0.1294, 0.1843, 0.3216
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.22, 0.13
HSL	43°, 43%, 77%
HSV	43°, 22%, 87%
XYZ	60.2229, 63.6585, 48.6484
YIQ	208.1960, 19.5790, -7.9170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

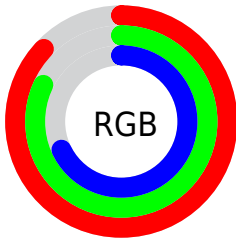
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	193, 222, 173
Decimal	14602413
CIELab	83.79, -0.67, 19.15
CIELCh	84, 19.162, 92.006
Yxy	63.6585, 0.3491, 0.3690
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292792493 (0xFFDED0AD)
YUV	208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061
Hunter-Lab	79.7863, -4.8936, 19.6993

# Details

The YUV color  $208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCC99$ . A complement of this color would be  $186.8040, 17.3516, -12.1061$ , and the grayscale version is  $208.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $252.0360, -11.3567, 2.5994$ , and  $153.8260, -16.1832, 10.6766$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $202.1660, -25.2248, 17.3944$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $214.2260, -9.4784, 6.8178$ .

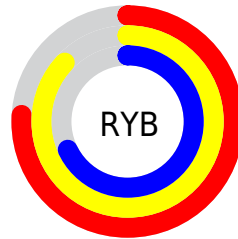
# Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (82%)

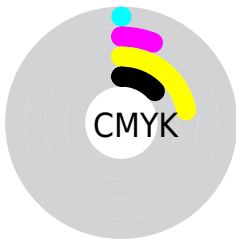
Blue (68%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (68%)

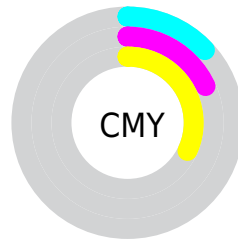


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 208.1960,  
-17.3516, 12.1061

■ 208.1960,  
-17.3516, 12.1061

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 180.3100,  
-16.9148, 12.0061

■ 252.0360,  
-11.3567, 2.5994

■ 153.8260,  
-16.1832, 10.6766

■ 127.9400,  
-15.7464, 10.5766

■ 102.7550,  
-15.1622, 9.8619

■ 78.5700, -14.5780,  
9.1471

■ 55.3850, -13.9938,  
8.4324

■ 33.7440, -15.1568,

8.1175

■ 13.0130, -6.4154,  
4.3736

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 208.1960,  
-17.3516, 12.1061

■ 208.1960,  
-17.3516, 12.1061

■ 202.1660,  
-25.2248, 17.3944

■ 214.2260, -9.4784,  
6.8178

■ 195.5490,  
-32.8087, 23.1975

■ 220.8430, -1.8946,  
1.0147

■ 189.4050,  
-41.1187, 28.5858

■ 226.9870, 6.4154,  
-4.3736

■ 183.3750,  
-48.9919, 33.8741

■ 232.2190, 11.2310,  
-8.9621

■ 176.7580,  
-56.5757, 39.6772

■ 236.3280, 9.2053,  
-12.5657

■ 170.7280,  
-64.4489, 44.9655

■ 239.8500, 7.4690,  
-15.6544

■ 164.6980,  
-72.3221, 50.2539

■ 243.3720, 5.7326,  
-18.7432

■ 159.7110,  
-78.7375, 54.6275

■ 245.1330, 4.8644,  
-20.2876

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



210.0280, -15.7898, 24.5314



208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061



206.3080, -13.9558, -3.7781

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061



202.5700, 12.0440, -36.4569



212.5430, 6.6343, 18.8178

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061



186.8040, 17.3516, -12.1061

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



210.9800, 13.8139, 2.6485



208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061



204.3950, 17.5533, -30.1644

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061



202.0130, 3.4446, -31.5834



208.0100, 18.2361, -15.7948



212.0190, -1.9814, 28.9243



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061



204.7950, -9.2659, -14.7292



208.0100, 18.2361, -15.7948



211.9060, 9.4133, 14.1144

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061



250.0130, -6.4154, 4.3736



189.3610, -0.6710, 28.6244



124.9850, -3.9366, 2.6442



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061



236.3230, -23.3302, 16.3797



213.4240, -19.9290, -1.2488



108.9850, -3.9366, 2.6442



126.5860, -62.4069, 43.3361



34.8970, -17.2042, 11.4913



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186.8040, 17.3516, -12.1061



207.6770, 23.3302, -16.3797



181.5760, 19.9290, 1.2488



104.0150, 3.9366, -2.6442



49.4140, 62.4069, -43.3361

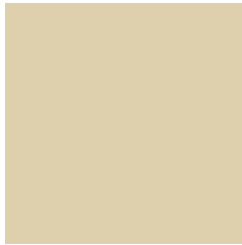


13.6900, 16.9148, -12.0061



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

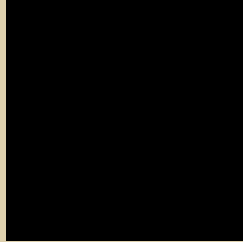
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061.



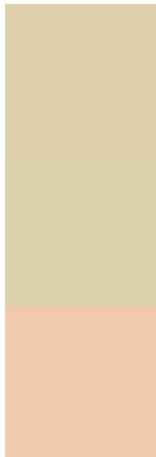
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061

### Protanopia

207.8970, -17.2042, 11.4913

### Deuteranopia

209.8820, -17.6898, 27.2905



## Tritanopia

211.5980, 3.1562, 14.3846

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061

## Protanomaly

207.8970, -17.2042, 11.4913

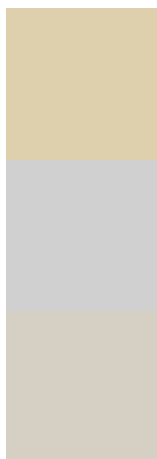
## Deuteranomaly

209.5500, -17.5262, 21.4426

## Tritanomaly

210.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061

## Achromatopsia

208.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

208.0130, -6.4154, 4.3736

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 208, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 208, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 208, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 208, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 208, 173) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 208, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 208, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 208, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 208, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 208,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 208.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 208, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
208, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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