

# Converting Colors

YUV(208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148)  
contains.

<b>YUV(208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**YUV(208.6410, 1.1630,  
0.3148)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D1D0D3
RGB	209, 208, 211
RGB Percent	82%, 82%, 83%
CMY	0.1804, 0.1843, 0.1725
CMYK	0.01, 0.01, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	260°, 3%, 82%
HSV	260°, 1%, 83%
XYZ	60.6082, 63.3702, 70.6653
YIQ	208.6410, -0.3670, 1.1450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

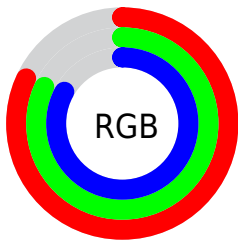
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	209, 208, 211
Decimal	13750483
CIE Lab	83.64, 0.89, -1.37
CIE LCh	84, 1.637, 303.085
Yxy	63.3702, 0.3114, 0.3256
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291940563 (0xFFD1D0D3)
YUV	208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148
Hunter-Lab	79.6054, -3.4070, 3.0924

# Details

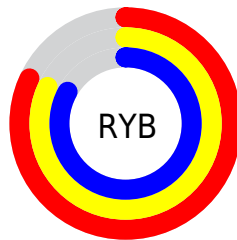
The YUV color `208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `210.3590, -1.1630, -0.3148`, and the grayscale version is `209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000`, and `154.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `192.1280, 9.3039, 2.5187`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `225.1540, -6.9779, -1.8891`.

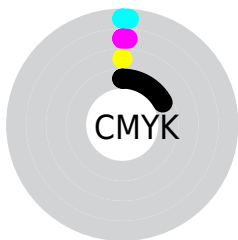
# Distribution



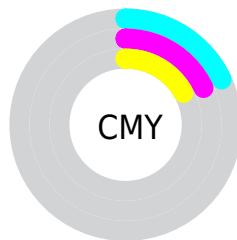
- Red (82%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 208.6410, 1.1630,  
0.3148

■ 208.6410, 1.1630,  
0.3148

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 180.6410, 1.1630,  
0.3148

■ 154.6410, 1.1630,  
0.3148

■ 128.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

■ 103.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

■ 79.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

■ 56.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

■ 35.2280, 0.8736,

-0.2000

■ 13.6410, 1.1630,  
0.3148

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 208.6410, 1.1630,  
0.3148

■ 208.6410, 1.1630,  
0.3148

■ 192.1280, 9.3039,  
2.5187

■ 225.1540, -6.9779,  
-1.8891

■ 175.6150, 17.4448,  
4.7226

■ 241.6670,  
-15.1188, -4.0930

■ 159.1020, 25.5857,  
6.9265

■ 248.7880,  
-18.6295, 1.9399

■ 142.5890, 33.7266,  
9.1304

■ 249.9840,  
-19.2191, 4.3990

■ 125.4890, 42.1569,  
11.8491

■ 108.9760, 50.2978,  
14.0530

■ 92.4630, 58.4387,  
16.2569

■ 75.6510, 66.7271,  
17.8461

■ 59.1380, 74.8680,  
20.0500

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



208.6300, 1.1684, -1.4295



208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148



209.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148



208.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443



207.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148



210.3590, -1.1630, -0.3148

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



207.8750, -0.4314, -1.6444



208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148



208.2560, -1.6052, 1.5295

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148



209.0820, -1.0264, 2.5591



208.3590, -1.1630, -0.3148



207.9180, 1.0264, -2.5591



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148



208.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



208.3590, -1.1630, -0.3148



207.6900, 0.1528, -2.3591

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148

255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



209.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148



251.1680, 1.8892, 0.7297



209.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



102.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148



35.8960, 65.1273, 17.6312



8.8600, 15.8450, 4.5078



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



209.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444



251.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



210.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296



103.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444



63.0000, 24.1570, 92.0850

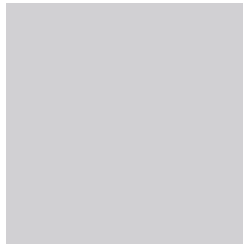


15.3370, 5.7499, 22.5065



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

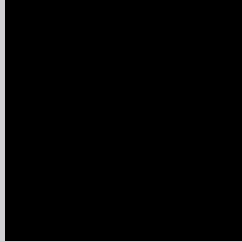
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

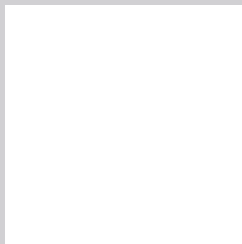


# YUV 208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148.



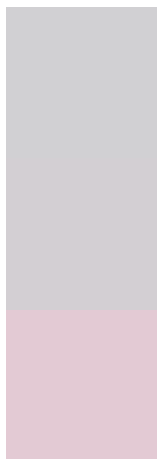
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 208.6410, 1.1630,

0.3148.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148

### Protanopia

208.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592

### Deuteranopia

210.6150, 0.6828, 14.3696



## Tritanopia

209.3190, 6.2517, 1.4742

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148

## Protanomaly

208.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444

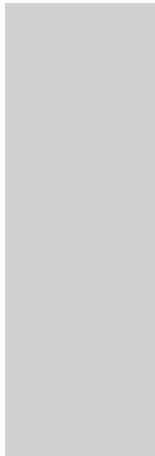
## Deuteranomaly

209.6960, 1.1359, 9.0366

## Tritanomaly

209.1510, 4.3626, 0.7446

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148

## Achromatopsia

209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

209.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 208, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 208, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 208, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 208, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 208, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 208, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 208, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 208, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 208, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 208,  
211) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 208.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 208, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
208, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor