

Converting Colors

YUV(21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(21.1880, 11.7393,
14.7441)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	26082D
RGB	38, 8, 45
RGB Percent	15%, 3%, 18%
CMY	0.8510, 0.9686, 0.8235
CMYK	0.16, 0.82, 0.00, 0.82
HSL	289°, 70%, 10%
HSV	289°, 82%, 18%
XYZ	1.3598, 0.7752, 2.5606
YIQ	21.1880, 6.0030, 17.8670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

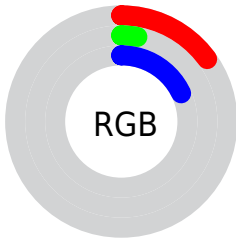
Format	Color
R_{YB}	38, 8, 45
Decimal	2492461
CIE Lab	7.00, 22.23, -17.64
CIE LCh	7, 28.382, 321.569
Yxy	0.7752, 0.2896, 0.1651
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280682541 (0xFF26082D)
YUV	21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441
Hunter-Lab	8.8045, 12.1605, -11.0799

Details

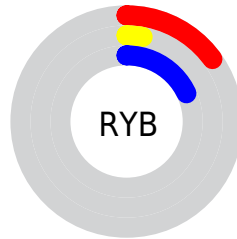
The YUV color **21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **31.8120, -11.7393, -14.7441**, and the grayscale version is **21.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.0140, 12.3181, 15.7737**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.5410, 13.0443, 16.1885**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.4220, 10.1450, 12.7849**.

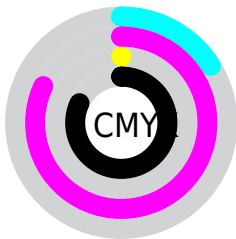
Distribution



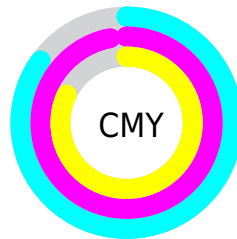
- Red (15%)
- Green (3%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21.1880, 11.7393,
14.7441

■ 21.1880, 11.7393,
14.7441

■ 242.0860, 6.3666,
11.3256

■ 5.7260, 9.0091,
3.7483

■ 66.0140, 12.3181,
15.7737

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 89.8400, 12.8969,
16.8033

■ 114.5520, 13.0389,
17.9329

■ 140.0790, 13.7651,
18.3477

■ 166.7910, 13.9070,
19.4773

■ 194.2040, 14.1964,

19.9921

■ 222.3180, 14.6332,
19.8921

■ 21.1880, 11.7393,
14.7441

■ 21.1880, 11.7393,
14.7441

■ 18.5410, 13.0443,
16.1885

■ 24.4220, 10.1450,
12.7849

■ 15.8940, 14.3493,
17.6330

■ 27.0690, 8.8400,
11.3405

■ 30.3030, 7.2456,
9.3813

■ 32.6510, 6.0881,
7.3221

■ 35.8850, 4.4937,
5.3629

■ 38.5320, 3.1887,
3.9184

■ 41.7660, 1.5944,
1.9592

■ 44.4130, 0.2894,
0.5148

■ 47.6470, -1.3050,
-1.4444

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.5480, 18.9568, -13.6356



21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441



18.4410, 4.7126, 28.5542

Triad

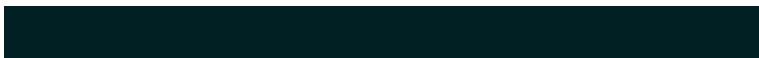
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441



21.0200, -10.3629, 10.5065



22.7740, 6.0274, -19.9728

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441



31.8120, -11.7393, -14.7441

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.3800, -3.1453, -17.8733



21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441



18.2630, -9.0037, -5.4927

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441



19.0370, -9.3852, 23.6466



17.6100, -8.6817, -15.4440



23.4240, 13.5950, -20.5428

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441



17.6280, -2.2816, 31.8982



17.6100, -8.6817, -15.4440



21.9760, 2.9698, -19.2730

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441



49.2980, 4.7831, 5.8777



16.3270, 14.1358, -7.3028



24.5320, 3.1887, 3.9184



158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



31.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441



21.6650, 18.4062, 23.0958



22.0270, 5.9027, 20.1473



21.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



30.8480, 27.6829, 34.3363



76.4220, 67.8260, 85.5759

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.8610, -2.3965, 22.0469



19.5960, -3.7448, 34.5573



30.9730, -5.9027, -20.1473



21.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



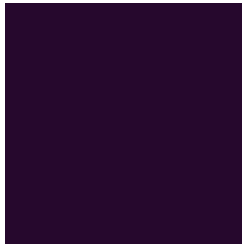
27.8370, -5.8356, 51.8860



68.6600, -13.6364, 127.4632

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 21.1880, 11.7393,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441

Protanopia

18.9730, 14.3103, -16.6393

Deuteranopia

19.5880, 11.5421, -15.4247



Tritanopia

23.8980, -1.9217, 9.7365

Trichromacy



Original Color

21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441

Protanomaly

20.1100, 13.2568, -5.3585

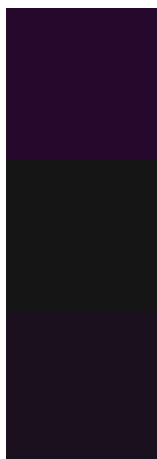
Deuteranomaly

20.0670, 11.7990, -4.4438

Tritanomaly

22.8750, 3.0196, 11.5106

Monochromacy



Original Color

21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441

Achromatopsia

21.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

20.8850, 4.4937, 5.3629

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 8, 45)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 8, 45)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 8, 45) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 8, 45) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 8, 45) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 8, 45) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 8, 45) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 8, 45); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 8, 45); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 8, 45) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 21.1880, 11.7393, 14.7441 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 8, 45) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 8,  
45) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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