

Converting Colors

YUV(21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(21.6970, 9.5164,
-19.0283)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	001D29
RGB	0, 29, 41
RGB Percent	0%, 11%, 16%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8863, 0.8392
CMYK	1.00, 0.29, 0.00, 0.84
HSL	198°, 100%, 8%
HSV	198°, 100%, 16%
XYZ	0.8396, 1.0388, 2.2541
YIQ	21.6970, -21.1360, -2.4160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 17, 41
Decimal	7465
CIELab	9.31, -5.74, -11.28
CIELCh	9, 12.653, 243.027
Yxy	1.0388, 0.2032, 0.2514
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278197545 (0xFF001D29)
YUV	21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283
Hunter-Lab	10.1923, -3.1323, -5.9777

Details

The YUV color **21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **19.3030, -9.5164, 19.0283**, and the grayscale version is **22.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.8220, 9.9478, -17.3839**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.4800, 8.6374, -17.0840**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (84%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21.6970, 9.5164,
-19.0283

■ 21.6970, 9.5164,
-19.0283

■ 247.2260, 3.8326,
-15.9842

■ 2.9810, 8.8834,
-2.6143

■ 65.8220, 9.9478,
-17.3839

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 89.9360, 10.3846,
-17.4839

■ 114.9360, 10.3846,
-17.4839

■ 140.6370, 10.5320,
-18.0986

■ 166.7510, 10.9688,
-18.1986

■ 194.4520, 11.1162,

-18.8134

■ 222.4520, 11.1162,
-18.8134

■ 21.6970, 9.5164,
-19.0283

■ 23.4800, 8.6374,
-17.0840

■ 25.2630, 7.7583,
-15.1397

■ 27.6330, 6.5899,
-13.7101

■ 29.4160, 5.7109,
-11.7658

■ 31.1990, 4.8319,
-9.8215

■ 33.2810, 3.8055,
-7.2624

■ 35.0640, 2.9264,
-5.3181

■ 37.4340, 1.7580,
-3.8886

■ 39.2170, 0.8790,
-1.9443

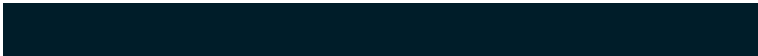
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.6000, 6.6062, -18.9432



21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283



24.9370, 8.9051, -9.5917

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283



26.6750, -0.3328, 13.4400



24.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283



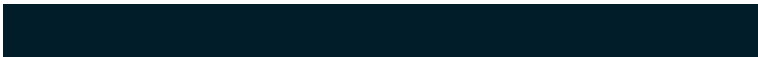
19.3030, -9.5164, 19.0283

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.1720, -10.9308, 5.9882



21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283



26.1220, -4.9901, 13.9250

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



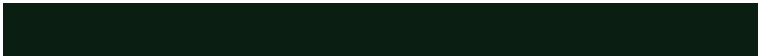
21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283



27.2660, 3.3199, 8.5367



25.6610, -9.1999, 10.8213



22.9510, -2.4408, -10.4810

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283



26.6390, 7.5730, -2.3144



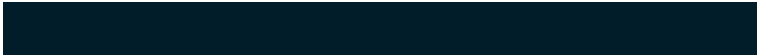
25.6610, -9.1999, 10.8213



24.7800, -9.7515, 1.0699

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283



45.9820, 3.9529, -7.8772



25.4350, -6.6235, -22.3065



23.2490, 2.3422, -4.6034



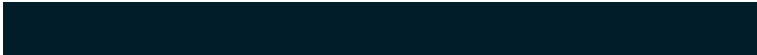
156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



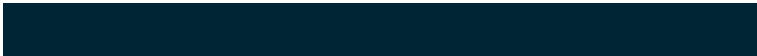
28.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283



28.4620, 12.5902, -24.9612



9.9570, 15.3042, -8.7323



19.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296



44.7960, 19.3276, -39.2861



112.2180, 49.1925, -98.4152

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.5650, 6.6235, 22.3065



20.4780, 8.6383, 29.3988



31.0430, -15.3042, 8.7323



18.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



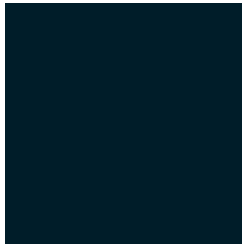
31.9560, 13.8257, 45.6426



80.4880, 34.2694, 115.3360

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

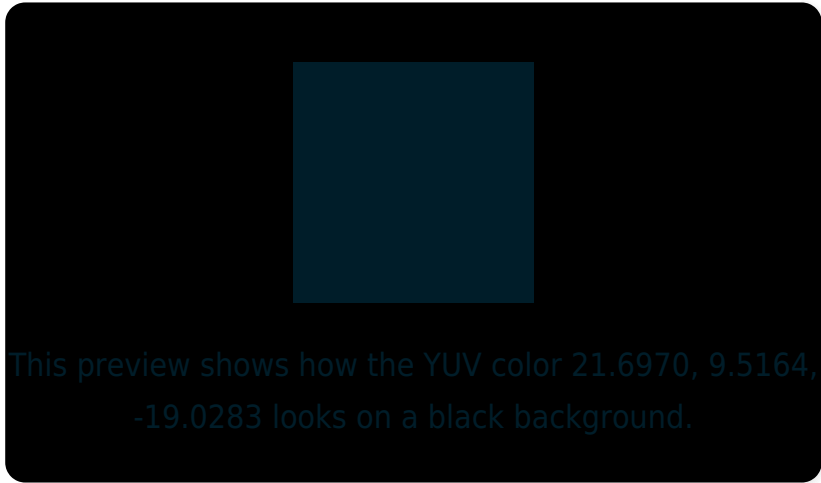
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

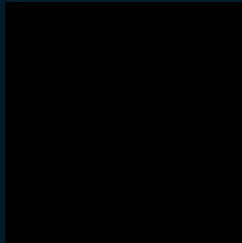
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

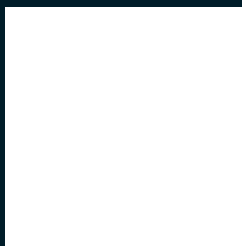
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 21.6970, 9.5164,

-19.0283.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Protanopia

27.1720, 5.8312, -3.6588

Deuteranopia

26.5030, 7.1470, -5.7031

Tritanopia

21.2580, 5.2958, -18.6433

Trichromacy



Protanomaly

25.4810, 7.1579, -9.1918

Deuteranomaly

24.9970, 7.8895, -10.5214

Tritanomaly

21.6000, 6.6062, -18.9432

Monochromacy



Achromatopsia

22.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

22.1670, 3.3687, -7.1625

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 29, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 29, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 29, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 29, 41) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 29, 41) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 29, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 29, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 29, 41); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 29, 41); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 29, 41) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 21.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 29, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 29,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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