

# Converting Colors

YUV(210.7920, -1.3765,  
-25.2506)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(210.7920, -1.3765,  
-25.2506)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B6E2D0
RGB	182, 226, 208
RGB Percent	71%, 89%, 82%
CMY	0.2863, 0.1137, 0.1843
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.08, 0.11
HSL	155°, 43%, 80%
HSV	155°, 19%, 89%
XYZ	57.8729, 68.8919, 69.9217
YIQ	210.7920, -20.4460, -14.9260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

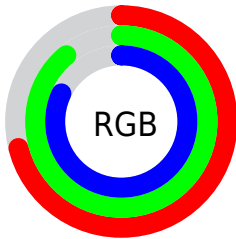
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">182, 210, 226</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11985616</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">86.45, -17.81, 4.09</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">86, 18.272, 167.068</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">68.8919, 0.2942, 0.3503</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290175696 (0xFFB6E2D0)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">83.0011, -20.7920, 8.1537</a>

# Details

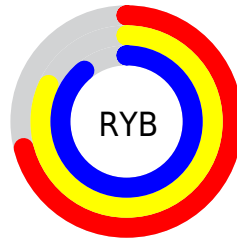
The YUV color  $210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $99CCCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $197.2080, 1.3765, 25.2506$ , and the grayscale version is  $211.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $249.9170, 2.5059, -10.4512$ , and  $156.2050, -1.0871, -24.7358$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $202.8890, -1.9173, -38.4907$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $218.6950, -0.8356, -12.0105$ .

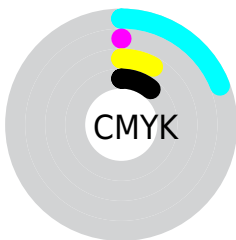
# Distribution



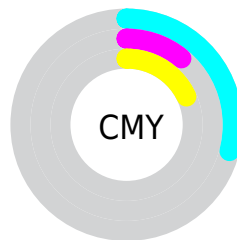
- Red (71%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 210.7920, -1.3765,  
-25.2506

 210.7920, -1.3765,  
-25.2506

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 183.0910, -1.5239,  
-24.6358


 249.9170, 2.5059,  
-10.4512

 156.2050, -1.0871,  
-24.7358

 129.9170, -0.9451,  
-23.6062

 104.3300, -0.6557,  
-23.0914

 79.7430, -0.3663,  
-22.5766

 56.4440, -0.2189,  
-23.1914

 33.2590, 0.3653,

-23.9061

■ 17.3310, -2.1352,  
-15.1993

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 210.7920, -1.3765,  
-25.2506

■ 210.7920, -1.3765,  
-25.2506

■ 202.8890, -1.9173,  
-38.4907

■ 218.6950, -0.8356,  
-12.0105

■ 195.2850, -2.6055,  
-51.1159

■ 226.2990, -0.1474,  
0.6148

■ 187.2680, -3.5831,  
-64.2560

■ 234.3160, 0.8302,  
13.7549

■ 179.6640, -4.2714,  
-76.8813

■ 236.8370, 4.0244,  
15.9290

■ 171.7610, -4.8122,  
-90.1214

■ 237.8630, 7.9555,  
15.0291

■ 163.8580, -5.3530,  
-103.3615

■ 237.9770, 8.3923,  
14.9292

■ 156.1400, -6.4780,  
-115.8868

■ 148.2370, -7.0188,  
-129.1268

■ 147.9380, -6.8714,  
-129.7416

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



212.5890, -10.1504, -11.0406



210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



209.8540, 7.9600, -33.1980

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



216.7940, 15.8776, -5.9583



218.1470, -12.8905, 27.9351

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



197.2080, 1.3765, 25.2506

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



219.5800, -6.2019, 29.3093



210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



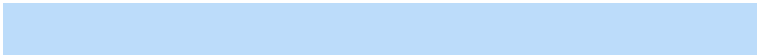
219.1120, 10.2978, 10.4258

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



213.8520, 17.8210, -22.6722



219.8380, 2.5449, 23.8211



216.7560, -16.6417, 17.7540



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



210.5210, 13.0541, -33.7829



219.8380, 2.5449, 23.8211



218.6140, -11.1487, 29.2795

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



249.8310, -0.4097, -8.6218



213.2100, -15.3865, -11.5852



124.8530, -0.4205, -5.1331



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

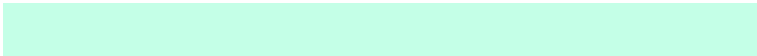


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



234.6230, -1.7861, -33.8724



210.4960, 7.6435, -24.9910



108.2550, -0.1257, -6.3626



115.1680, -5.5058, -101.0023



31.4820, -1.2236, -27.6097



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



197.2080, 1.3765, 25.2506



216.3770, 1.7861, 33.8724



197.5040, -7.6435, 24.9910



104.8590, 0.5625, 6.2627



60.8320, 5.5058, 101.0023

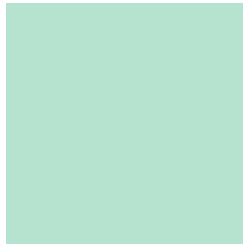


16.6320, 1.6604, 27.5097



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

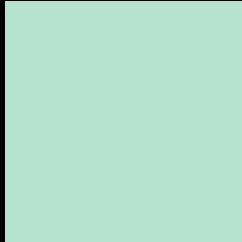
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

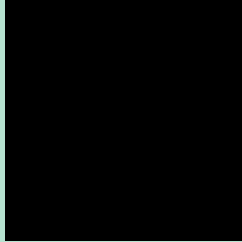
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

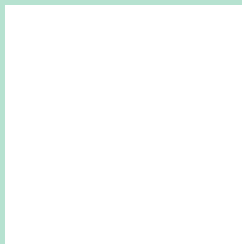
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 210.7920, -1.3765,

-25.2506.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506

### Protanopia

215.9100, -6.8576, 6.2179

### Deuteranopia

218.0130, -2.9644, 17.5286



## Tritanopia

213.1850, 12.7268, -22.0872

# Trichromacy



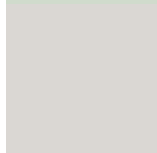
## Original Color

210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



## Protanomaly

214.0010, -4.9305, -5.2629



## Deuteranomaly

215.4410, -2.1894, 2.2442



## Tritanomaly

212.5070, 7.6380, -23.2466

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



## Achromatopsia

211.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

210.5320, -0.2623, -9.2366

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 226, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 226, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 226, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 226, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 226, 208) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 226, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 226, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 226, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 226, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 226,  
208) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 210.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 226, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
226, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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