

Converting Colors

YUV(211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(211.1530, -5.4984,
-9.7812)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8DBC8
RGB	200, 219, 200
RGB Percent	78%, 86%, 78%
CMY	0.2157, 0.1412, 0.2157
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.09, 0.14
HSL	120°, 21%, 82%
HSV	120°, 9%, 86%
XYZ	59.5763, 67.1125, 64.4576
YIQ	211.1530, -5.2250, -9.9370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

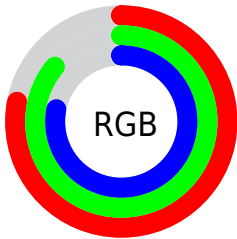
Format	Color
R_{YB}	200, 219, 219
Decimal	13163464
CIE Lab	85.56, -9.86, 7.17
CIE LCh	86, 12.189, 143.956
Yxy	67.1125, 0.3117, 0.3511
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291353544 (0xFFC8DBC8)
YUV	211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812
Hunter-Lab	81.9222, -13.5535, 10.6953

Details

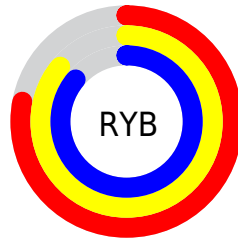
The YUV color $211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCCCC$. A complement of this color would be $207.8470, 5.4984, 9.7812$, and the grayscale version is $211.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$, and $156.5660, -5.2090, -9.2664$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $202.0670, -11.8650, -21.1068$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $220.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444$.

Distribution



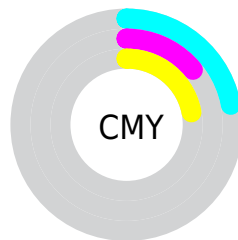
- Red (78%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 211.1530, -5.4984,
-9.7812

■ 211.1530, -5.4984,
-9.7812

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 183.5660, -5.2090,
-9.2664

■ 156.5660, -5.2090,
-9.2664

■ 130.5660, -5.2090,
-9.2664

■ 105.0930, -4.4828,
-8.8516

■ 81.3920, -4.6303,
-8.2368

■ 57.8050, -4.3409,
-7.7220

■ 36.2180, -4.0515,

-7.2072

■ 14.0390, -5.9352,
-9.6812

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 211.1530, -5.4984,
-9.7812

■ 211.1530, -5.4984,
-9.7812

■ 202.0670,
-11.8650, -21.1068

■ 220.2390, 0.8682,
1.5444

■ 192.9810,
-18.2316, -32.4323

■ 229.3250, 7.2348,
12.8700

■ 183.8950,
-24.5982, -43.7579

■ 233.8680, 10.4181,
18.5328

■ 174.8090,
-30.9648, -55.0835

■ 165.7230,
-37.3314, -66.4091

■ 157.0500,
-43.4087, -77.2199

■ 147.9640,
-49.7753, -88.5454

■ 138.8780,
-56.1419, -99.8710

■ 129.7920,
-62.5085, -111.1966

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



212.4810, -9.6041, 0.4552



211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812



210.5910, 0.2016, -18.0583

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812



213.1970, 11.2419, -12.4508



215.7530, -5.3012, 20.3876

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812



207.8470, 5.4984, 9.7812

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



216.2240, 0.3826, 17.3436



211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812



214.9210, 9.8989, -1.6847

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812



211.5120, 10.1006, -19.7430



215.9610, 5.9352, 9.6812



215.2920, -9.5110, 17.2839

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812



210.3070, 4.2856, -21.3172



215.9610, 5.9352, 9.6812



216.2090, -3.5540, 19.9877

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812



251.6960, -2.3151, -4.1184



216.8340, -8.2992, 1.8996



125.5220, -1.7363, -3.0888



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



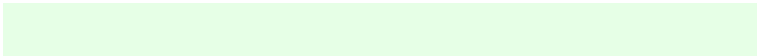
128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812



244.6750, -7.2348, -12.8700



212.2930, -1.1304, -10.7810



105.4570, -3.1833, -5.6628



101.5510, -50.0646, -89.0602



27.0020, -13.3120, -23.6808

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207.8470, 5.4984, 9.7812



240.3250, 7.2348, 12.8700



206.8210, 1.5672, 10.6810



103.5430, 3.1833, 5.6628



71.4490, 50.0646, 89.0602



18.9980, 13.3120, 23.6808

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

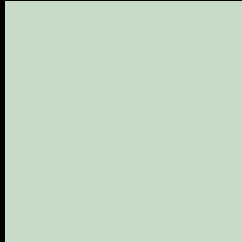
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

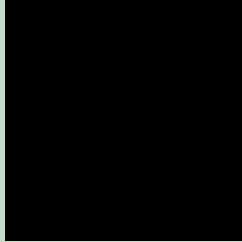
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

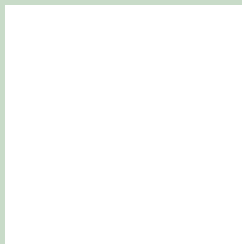
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812.

-9.7812.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812

Protanopia

213.5680, -8.1680, 6.5179

Deuteranopia

215.2260, -6.0274, 19.9728



Tritanopia

213.2470, 8.7522, -7.2326

Trichromacy



Original Color

211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812

Protanomaly

212.4640, -7.1308, 0.4701

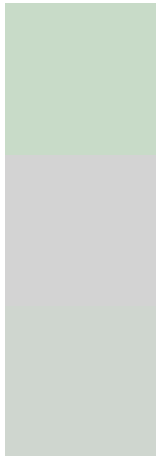
Deuteranomaly

213.8610, -5.8475, 8.8919

Tritanomaly

212.5690, 3.6635, -8.3920

Monochromacy



Original Color

211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812

Achromatopsia

211.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

211.1090, -2.0257, -3.6036

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 219, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 219, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 219, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 219, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 219, 200) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 219, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 219, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 219, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 219, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 219,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 211.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 219, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
219, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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