

# Converting Colors

YUV(211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(211.7020, -4.7831,  
-5.8777)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CDD9CA
RGB	205, 217, 202
RGB Percent	80%, 85%, 79%
CMY	0.1961, 0.1490, 0.2078
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.07, 0.15
HSL	108°, 16%, 82%
HSV	108°, 7%, 85%
XYZ	60.6504, 66.8691, 65.5875
YIQ	211.7020, -2.3370, -7.2090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

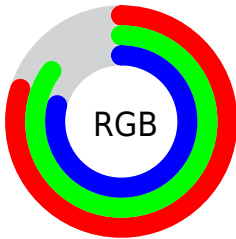
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
RYB	202, 217, 214
Decimal	13490634
CIELab	85.44, -6.77, 5.98
CIElCh	85, 9.036, 138.522
Yxy	66.8691, 0.3141, 0.3463
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291680714 (0xFFCDD9CA)
YUV	211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777
Hunter-Lab	81.7735, -10.7126, 9.6872

# Details

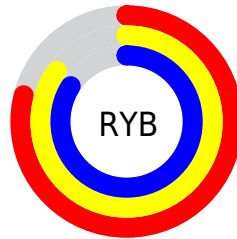
The YUV color **211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **207.2980, 4.7831, 5.8777**, and the grayscale version is **212.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**, and **157.1150, -4.4937, -5.3629** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **204.1110, -11.8867, -14.1293**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **219.2930, 2.3206, 2.3740**.

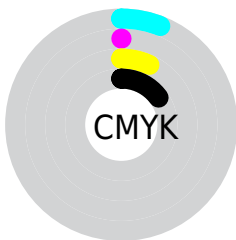
# Distribution



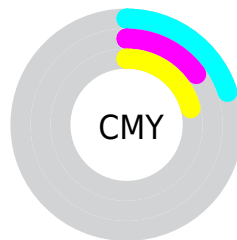
- Red (80%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 211.7020, -4.7831,  
-5.8777

■ 211.7020, -4.7831,  
-5.8777

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 184.1150, -4.4937,  
-5.3629

■ 157.1150, -4.4937,  
-5.3629

■ 131.1150, -4.4937,  
-5.3629

■ 106.1150, -4.4937,  
-5.3629

■ 81.6420, -3.7675,  
-4.9480

■ 58.6420, -3.7675,  
-4.9480

■ 37.0550, -3.4781,

-4.4332

■ 15.5880, -5.2199,  
-5.7777

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 211.7020, -4.7831,  
-5.8777

■ 211.7020, -4.7831,  
-5.8777

■ 204.1110,  
-11.8867, -14.1293

■ 219.2930, 2.3206,  
2.3740

■ 196.3350,  
-18.4062, -23.0958

■ 227.0690, 8.8400,  
11.3405

■ 188.7440,  
-25.5098, -31.3475

■ 232.6940, 10.9969,  
19.5624

■ 181.1530,  
-32.6134, -39.5992

■ 173.3770,  
-39.1329, -48.5656

■ 165.7860,  
-46.2365, -56.8173

■ 157.8960,  
-53.1927, -65.6838

■ 150.3050,  
-60.2964, -73.9355

■ 142.8280,  
-66.9632, -82.2872

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



212.9480, -7.8624, 1.7996



211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777



210.8090, -0.3988, -12.1105

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777



212.5240, 8.6157, -10.1065



215.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777



207.2980, 4.7831, 5.8777

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



215.3050, 0.8356, 12.0105



211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777



213.7530, 8.0098, -2.4144

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777



211.1490, 7.3215, -15.0397



215.2980, 4.7831, 5.8777



214.3670, -6.5899, 13.7101



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777



211.1830, 2.3748, -15.0695



215.2980, 4.7831, 5.8777



215.5180, -2.2274, 14.4547

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777



253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592



213.5290, -5.6838, 3.0441



126.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777



247.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369



211.2610, -2.5937, -8.1219



106.0550, -3.4781, -4.4332



112.0160, -55.2239, -67.5430



29.6930, -14.6386, -18.1478



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207.2980, 4.7831, 5.8777



242.0640, 6.3774, 7.8369



207.7390, 2.5937, 8.1219



102.6460, 3.6255, 3.8185



61.2830, 55.0765, 68.1578



16.3070, 14.6386, 18.1478



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

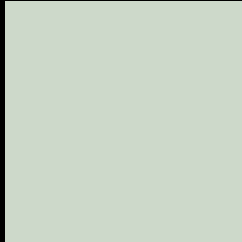
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

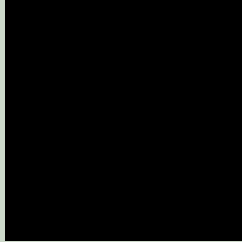
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

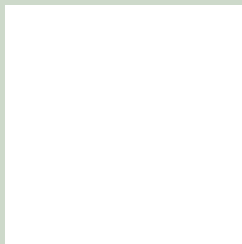
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777.

-5.8777.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777

### Protanopia

213.0240, -6.4208, 6.1180

### Deuteranopia

215.0410, -5.4432, 19.2580



## Tritanopia

213.7420, 8.0152, -4.1587

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777

## Protanomaly

212.8170, -5.8258, 1.9145

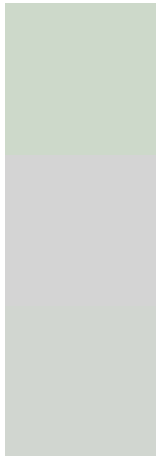
## Deuteranomaly

213.6870, -5.2687, 9.9215

## Tritanomaly

212.8900, 3.5052, -4.2885

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777

## Achromatopsia

212.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

211.8210, -1.8838, -2.4740

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 217, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 217, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 217, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 217, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 217, 202) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 217, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 217, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 217, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 217, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 217,  
202) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 211.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 217, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
217, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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