

# Converting Colors

YUV(212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(212.4840, 2.7194,  
14.4845)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E5CBDA
RGB	229, 203, 218
RGB Percent	90%, 80%, 85%
CMY	0.1020, 0.2039, 0.1451
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.05, 0.10
HSL	325°, 33%, 85%
HSV	325°, 11%, 90%
XYZ	66.3239, 64.4318, 75.2706
YIQ	212.4840, 10.6810, 10.1770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

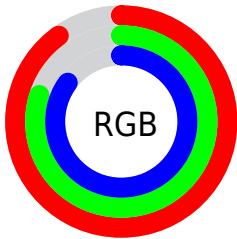
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	229, 203, 218
Decimal	15059930
CIE Lab	84.19, 11.63, -4.10
CIE LCh	84, 12.334, 340.584
Yxy	64.4318, 0.3219, 0.3127
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293250010 (0xFFE5CBDA)
YUV	212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845
Hunter-Lab	80.2694, 7.0170, 0.5909

# Details

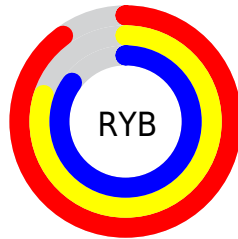
The YUV color  $212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $219.5160, -2.7194, -14.4845$ , and the grayscale version is  $212.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ , and  $157.7720, 2.5774, 13.3550$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $197.8430, 5.0074, 27.3247$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $227.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444$ .

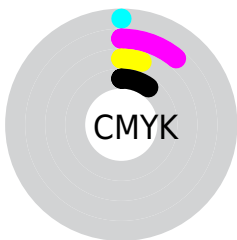
# Distribution



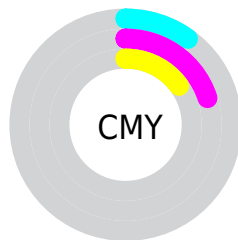
- Red (90%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



212.4840, 2.7194,  
14.4845

212.4840, 2.7194,  
14.4845

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

185.0710, 2.4300,  
13.9697

157.7720, 2.5774,  
13.3550

131.7720, 2.5774,  
13.3550

106.4730, 2.7248,  
12.7402

82.0600, 2.4354,  
12.2254

58.7610, 2.5828,  
11.6106

37.0490, 2.4408,

10.4810

■ 15.2880, 3.3090,  
12.0254

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 212.4840, 2.7194,  
14.4845

■ 212.4840, 2.7194,  
14.4845

■ 197.8430, 5.0074,  
27.3247

■ 227.1250, 0.4314,  
1.6444

■ 183.3160, 7.7322,  
40.0649

■ 241.6520, -2.2934,  
-11.0958

■ 168.6750, 10.0202,  
52.9050

■ 246.3140, 0.3382,  
-15.1844

■ 154.0340, 12.3082,  
65.7452

■ 247.2260, 3.8326,  
-15.9842

■ 140.0940, 14.7437,  
77.9706

■ 125.4530, 17.0317,  
90.8107

■ 110.8120, 19.3197,  
103.6509

■ 96.1710, 21.6077,  
116.4910

■ 83.5190, 23.9011,  
127.5868

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



211.7970, 7.9881, 4.5630



212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845



212.3230, -3.1172, 19.8877

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845



209.4600, -11.0728, 4.8586



206.8600, 8.9430, -21.8022

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845



219.5160, -2.7194, -14.4845

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



206.1930, 3.8489, -21.2173



212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845



207.9040, -7.8407, -5.1778

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845



210.8140, -11.2473, 14.1951



206.6300, -2.2826, -14.5845



208.2890, 11.6895, -16.0395



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845



212.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728



206.6300, -2.2826, -14.5845



206.6920, 7.0538, -22.5319

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845



249.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183



209.2530, 9.7353, 4.1631



124.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845



232.1580, 3.8661, 20.0324



211.0020, -2.9590, 15.7842



107.3860, 1.2887, 6.6775



65.2630, 18.6043, 99.7473



18.5550, 5.1494, 28.4543



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845



232.1580, 3.8661, 20.0324



220.9980, 2.9590, -15.7842



107.3860, 1.2887, 6.6775



65.2630, 18.6043, 99.7473

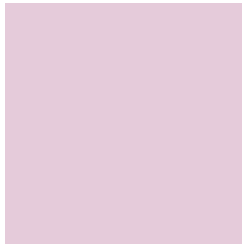


18.5550, 5.1494, 28.4543



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

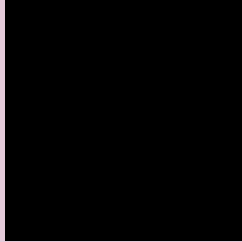
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 212.4840, 2.7194,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845

### Protanopia

211.0800, 5.3836, -0.0702

### Deuteranopia

212.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402



## Tritanopia

212.5980, 3.1562, 14.3846

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845

## Protanomaly

211.8850, 4.4937, 5.3629

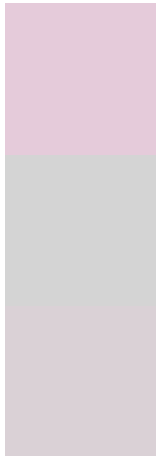
## Deuteranomaly

212.7720, 2.5774, 13.3550

## Tritanomaly

212.5980, 3.1562, 14.3846

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845

## Achromatopsia

212.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

212.2610, 0.8573, 5.0331

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 203, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 203, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 203, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 203, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 203, 218) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 203, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 203, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 203, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 203, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 203,  
218) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 212.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 203, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
203, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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