

# Converting Colors

YUV(213.3850, -17.4448,  
-4.7226)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(213.3850, -17.4448,  
-4.7226)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D0DFB2
RGB	208, 223, 178
RGB Percent	82%, 87%, 70%
CMY	0.1843, 0.1255, 0.3020
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.20, 0.13
HSL	80°, 41%, 79%
HSV	80°, 20%, 87%
XYZ	60.4360, 69.3996, 52.3296
YIQ	213.3850, 5.5050, -17.1750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

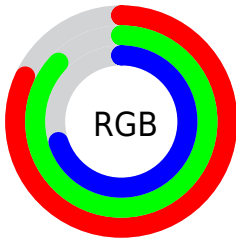
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	178, 223, 193
Decimal	13688754
CIELab	86.70, -12.72, 20.41
CIELCh	87, 24.053, 121.940
Yxy	69.3996, 0.3318, 0.3810
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291878834 (0xFFD0DFB2)
YUV	213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226
Hunter-Lab	83.3064, -16.2906, 21.0710

# Details

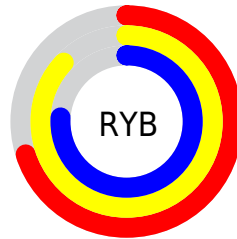
The YUV color **213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **187.6150, 17.4448, 4.7226**, and the grayscale version is **214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **252.6060, -9.1728, 2.0995**, and **158.6130, -16.5712, -4.9226** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **208.7840, -26.0225, -6.8266**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **217.9860, -8.8671, -2.6187**.

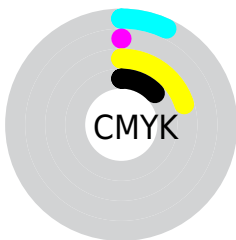
# Distribution



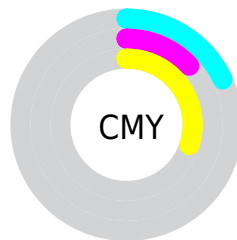
- Red (82%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 213.3850,  
-17.4448, -4.7226

■ 213.3850,  
-17.4448, -4.7226

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 185.4990,  
-17.0080, -4.8226

■ 252.6060, -9.1728,  
2.0995

■ 158.6130,  
-16.5712, -4.9226

■ 132.1400,  
-15.8450, -4.5078

■ 107.2540,  
-15.4082, -4.6078

■ 82.4820, -14.5346,  
-4.8077

■ 59.5960, -14.0978,  
-4.9077

■ 36.8950, -14.2452,

-4.2929

■ 16.7570, -8.2612,  
-10.3109

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 213.3850,  
-17.4448, -4.7226

■ 213.3850,  
-17.4448, -4.7226

■ 208.7840,  
-26.0225, -6.8266

■ 217.9860, -8.8671,  
-2.6187

■ 203.7700,  
-34.8896, -9.4453

■ 223.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 199.1690,  
-43.4673, -11.5492

■ 227.6010, 8.5777,  
2.1039

■ 194.2690,  
-51.8976, -14.2679

■ 231.1330, 11.7664,  
6.0224

■ 189.5540,  
-60.9121, -16.2719

■ 233.2260, 10.7346,  
10.3258

■ 184.6540,  
-69.3424, -18.9906

■ 235.6180, 9.5553,  
15.2440

■ 180.0530,  
-77.9201, -21.0945

■ 236.2160, 9.2605,  
16.4736

■ 175.4520,  
-86.4978, -23.1984

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



216.0670, -21.7250, 14.8502



213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226



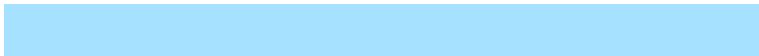
210.4840, -7.6336, -24.9805

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226



210.7790, 21.8010, -39.2712



218.8560, -1.4080, 31.6983

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226



187.6150, 17.4448, 4.7226

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



221.1460, 8.8020, 23.5510



213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226



215.3300, 19.5573, -19.5834

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226



207.8290, 15.8603, -47.2080



219.6040, 17.4502, 2.9783



217.5220, -11.5963, 32.8682



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226



208.8830, 0.5507, -36.7314



219.6040, 17.4502, 2.9783



219.7680, 2.0864, 30.8985

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226



251.7950, -5.8149, -1.5742



200.2600, -10.9742, 19.9430



126.0770, -3.4890, -0.9445



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

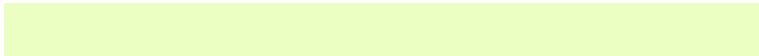


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226



242.0660, -23.6965, -6.1969



206.8070, -14.2019, -18.2477



109.5500, -4.2151, -1.3593



138.2950, -68.1794, -18.6757



37.7440, -18.6078, -5.0375



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



187.6150, 17.4448, 4.7226



206.9340, 23.6965, 6.1969



194.4920, 14.0544, 18.8625



103.4500, 4.2151, 1.3593



37.7050, 68.1794, 18.6757

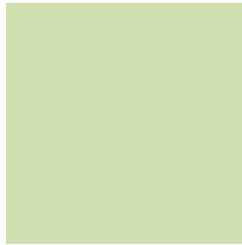


10.2560, 18.6078, 5.0375



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

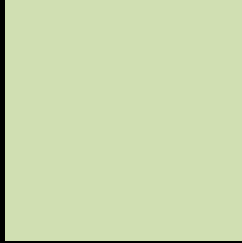
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

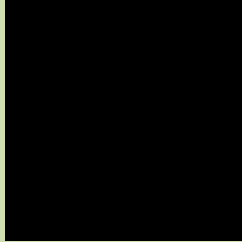
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

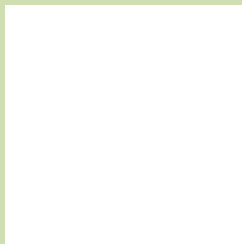
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226.

-4.7226.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226

### Protanopia

215.5120, -19.9724, 12.7060

### Deuteranopia

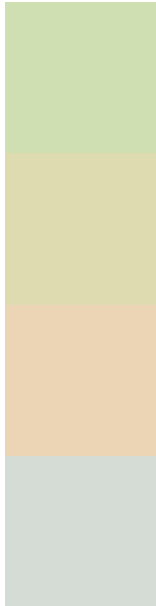
217.4800, -17.9846, 28.5200



## Tritanopia

217.9380, 7.4256, -1.6996

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226

## Protanomaly

214.9950, -19.2245, 6.1434

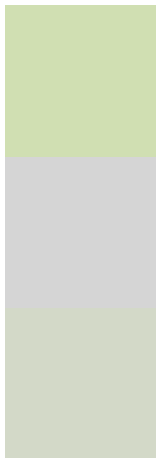
## Deuteranomaly

215.8160, -17.6573, 16.8244

## Tritanomaly

216.5220, -1.7363, -3.0888

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226

## Achromatopsia

213.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

213.2680, -6.5411, -1.9890

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 223, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 223, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 223, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 223, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 223, 178) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 223, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 223, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 223, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 223, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 223,  
178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 213.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 223, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
223, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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