

# Converting Colors

YUV(214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(214.1340, 6.8359,  
0.7595)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7D3E4
RGB	215, 211, 228
RGB Percent	84%, 83%, 89%
CMY	0.1569, 0.1725, 0.1059
CMYK	0.06, 0.07, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	254°, 24%, 86%
HSV	254°, 7%, 89%
XYZ	65.3222, 66.6370, 82.8182
YIQ	214.1340, -3.0730, 6.1350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

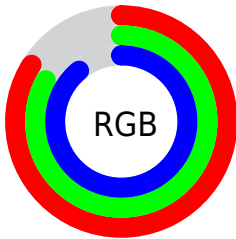
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	215, 211, 228
Decimal	14144484
CIE Lab	85.32, 4.52, -7.88
CIE LCh	85, 9.079, 299.838
Yxy	66.6370, 0.3041, 0.3103
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292334564 (0xFFD7D3E4)
YUV	214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595
Hunter-Lab	81.6315, -0.0180, -3.0098

# Details

The YUV color `214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `224.8660, -6.8359, -0.7595`, and the grayscale version is `214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000`, and `159.7210, 6.5465, 0.2447` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `195.5500, 15.9979, 2.1487`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `232.7180, -2.3260, -0.6297`.

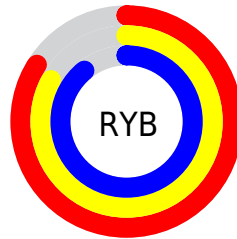
# Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (83%)

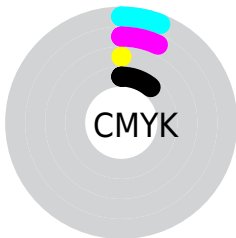
Blue (89%)



Red (84%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (89%)

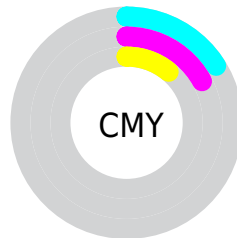


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (16%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 214.1340, 6.8359,  
0.7595

■ 214.1340, 6.8359,  
0.7595

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 186.1340, 6.8359,  
0.7595

■ 159.7210, 6.5465,  
0.2447

■ 133.0200, 6.3991,  
0.8595

■ 107.9060, 5.9623,  
0.9594

■ 83.6070, 6.1097,  
0.3447

■ 60.4930, 5.6730,  
0.4446

■ 38.9660, 4.9468,

0.0298

■ 18.3790, 5.2362,  
0.5446

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 214.1340, 6.8359,  
0.7595

■ 214.1340, 6.8359,  
0.7595

■ 195.5500, 15.9979,  
2.1487

■ 232.7180, -2.3260,  
-0.6297

■ 176.6670, 25.3072,  
2.9230

■ 250.4270,  
-11.0565, -0.3745

■ 158.6700, 34.1797,  
3.7974

■ 251.9220,  
-11.7935, 2.6994

■ 139.7870, 43.4890,  
4.5718

■ 121.2030, 52.6509,  
5.9610

■ 102.3200, 61.9602,  
6.7354

■ 83.7360, 71.1222,  
8.1245

■ 65.7390, 79.9947,  
8.9989

■ 46.8560, 89.3040,  
9.7733

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



212.8340, 8.4628, -7.7474



214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595



215.2660, 3.3199, 8.5367

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595



214.1280, -7.4581, 12.1657



210.2540, 1.3538, -14.2548

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595



224.8660, -6.8359, -0.7595

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



210.7340, -3.3199, -8.5367



214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595



212.8670, -8.3154, 7.1326

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595



214.8340, -4.8482, 15.0546



211.8660, -6.8359, -0.7595



210.5680, 5.1430, -16.2841



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595



215.1910, 0.3988, 12.1105



211.8660, -6.8359, -0.7595



210.5100, -0.2514, -12.7253

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595



250.8690, 2.0366, 0.1149



220.5690, 3.6635, -8.3920



125.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595



236.1170, 9.3093, 0.7744



216.5260, 5.6567, 5.6777



105.2650, 4.7994, 0.6446



32.9640, 71.9957, 7.9246



9.4020, 20.5078, 2.2784



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



217.5650, 3.1725, 9.1515



240.9290, 4.4720, 12.3403



222.4740, -5.6567, -5.6777



107.6140, 2.1623, 6.4775



69.0250, 33.0187, 96.4481

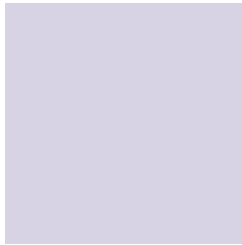


19.6950, 9.5174, 27.4545



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

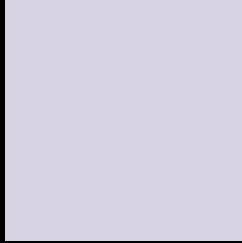
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

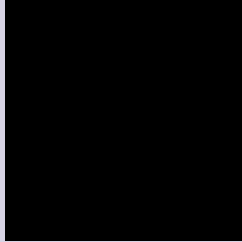
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

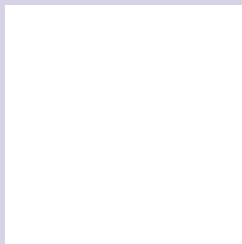
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595.



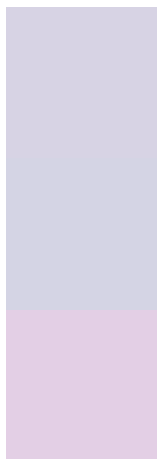
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 214.1340, 6.8359,

0.7595.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595

### Protanopia

213.8240, 6.9888, -1.5996

### Deuteranopia

215.4880, 6.6614, 10.0960



## Tritanopia

214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595

## Protanomaly

214.1230, 6.8414, -0.9849

## Deuteranomaly

214.8790, 6.9617, 7.1221

## Tritanomaly

214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595

## Achromatopsia

214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

213.9830, 2.4734, 0.0149

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 211, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 211, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 211, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 211, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

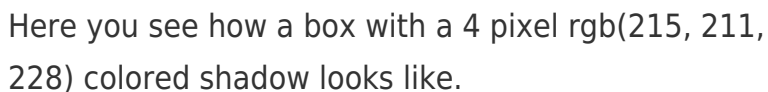
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 211, 228) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 211, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 211, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 211, 228); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 211, 228); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 211, 228) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 214.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 211, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
211, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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