

# Converting Colors

YUV(214.4600, -31.2858,  
1.3506)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506)  
contains.

<b>YUV(214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(214.4600, -31.2858,  
1.3506)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8E297
RGB	216, 226, 151
RGB Percent	85%, 89%, 59%
CMY	0.1529, 0.1137, 0.4078
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.33, 0.11
HSL	68°, 56%, 74%
HSV	68°, 33%, 89%
XYZ	61.1012, 71.2260, 39.8058
YIQ	214.4600, 18.1150, -25.4450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

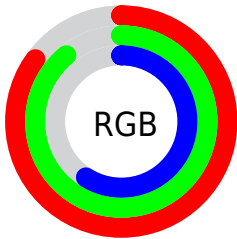
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	151, 226, 161
Decimal	14213783
CIELab	87.59, -15.00, 35.60
CIELCh	88, 38.636, 112.849
Yxy	71.2260, 0.3550, 0.4138
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292403863 (0xFFD8E297)
YUV	214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506
Hunter-Lab	84.3955, -18.4606, 31.1123

# Details

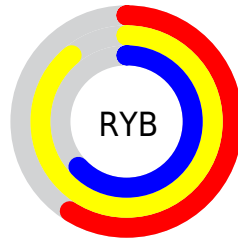
The YUV color  $214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCC99$ . A complement of this color would be  $162.5400, 31.2858, -1.3506$ , and the grayscale version is  $215.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $249.4140, -21.4031, 4.8989$ , and  $159.5030, -29.8280, 0.4359$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $210.9410, -40.8899, 1.8057$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $217.9790, -21.6816, 0.8954$ .

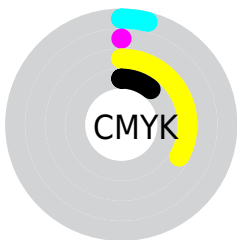
# Distribution



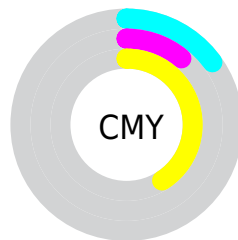
- Red (85%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 214.4600,  
-31.2858, 1.3506

■ 214.4600,  
-31.2858, 1.3506

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 186.6880,  
-30.4122, 1.1506

■ 249.4140,  
-21.4031, 4.8989

■ 159.5030,  
-29.8280, 0.4359

■ 252.6060, -9.1728,  
2.0995

■ 132.7310,  
-28.9544, 0.2359

■ 107.5460,  
-28.3702, -0.4788

■ 82.6600, -27.9334,  
-0.5788

■ 58.2470, -28.2228,  
-1.0936

■ 38.6410, -19.0500,

-3.1932

■ 17.6320, -8.6926,  
-11.9553

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 214.4600,  
-31.2858, 1.3506

■ 214.4600,  
-31.2858, 1.3506

■ 210.9410,  
-40.8899, 1.8057

■ 217.9790,  
-21.6816, 0.8954

■ 207.5360,  
-50.0572, 2.1609

■ 221.3840,  
-12.5143, 0.5402

■ 204.0170,  
-59.6614, 2.6161

■ 224.9030, -2.9102,  
0.0851

■ 200.6120,  
-68.8287, 2.9713

■ 228.3080, 6.2572,  
-0.2701

■ 197.0930,  
-78.4328, 3.4264

■ 230.8010, 11.9301,  
0.1745

■ 193.5740,  
-88.0370, 3.8816

■ 231.6980, 11.4879,  
2.0189

■ 191.2660,  
-94.2941, 4.1517

■ 232.5950, 11.0457,  
3.8632

■ 233.4920, 10.6034,  
5.7075

■ 234.3890, 10.1612,  
7.5518

# Harmonies

## Analogous

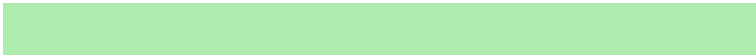
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



218.0230, -35.0143, 30.6748



214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506



209.8070, -17.6529, -31.4027

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506



199.3070, 27.4566, -80.0762



215.7560, 7.0223, 34.4170

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506



162.5400, 31.2858, -1.3506

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



223.3020, 15.6271, 27.7991



214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506



208.6750, 22.8382, -45.3190

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506



197.7530, 24.2788, -87.4834



217.4890, 18.4929, -4.8139



211.5380, -9.1392, 38.1162



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506



205.5190, -4.1999, -53.0752



217.4890, 18.4929, -4.8139



217.7110, 11.9745, 32.7025

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506



251.2530, -10.4777, 0.6551



179.2950, -13.9494, 40.9603



125.2790, -6.5465, -0.2447



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506



239.1860, -42.4897, 1.5909



203.3970, -25.8317, -21.3962



110.4470, -4.6574, 0.4850



148.7600, -73.3387, 2.8415



40.7340, -20.0819, 1.1103



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162.5400, 31.2858, -1.3506



168.8140, 42.4897, -1.5909



173.9020, 25.6843, 22.0109



102.5530, 4.6574, -0.4850



26.9410, 73.4861, -3.4563

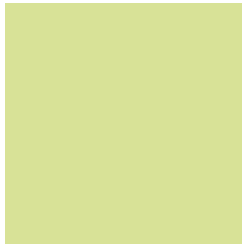


7.2660, 20.0819, -1.1103



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

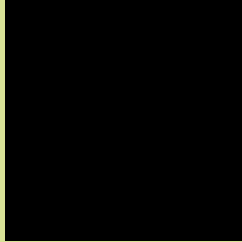
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506

### Protanopia

216.5870, -33.8134, 18.7792

### Deuteranopia

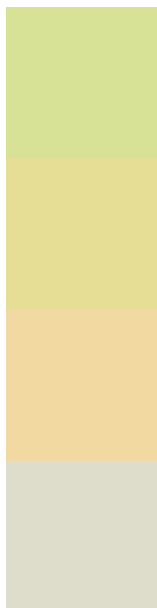
219.7270, -25.9944, 30.9344



## Tritanopia

220.9280, 5.9515, 4.4481

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506

## Protanomaly

216.0700, -33.0655, 12.2166

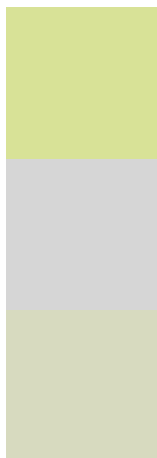
## Deuteranomaly

217.7920, -27.9985, 20.3534

## Tritanomaly

218.6600, -7.7204, 2.9292

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506

## Achromatopsia

214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

214.0250, -11.3513, 0.8551

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 226, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 226, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 226, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 226, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 226, 151) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 226, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 226, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 226, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 226, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 226,  
151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 214.4600, -31.2858, 1.3506 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 226, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
226, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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