

# Converting Colors

YUV(214.7010, -9.7126,  
35.3422)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(214.7010, -9.7126,  
35.3422)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC6C3
RGB	255, 198, 195
RGB Percent	100%, 78%, 76%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2235, 0.2353
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.24, 0.00
HSL	3°, 100%, 88%
HSV	3°, 24%, 100%
XYZ	71.2844, 65.5883, 60.5325
YIQ	214.7010, 34.9350, 11.1510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

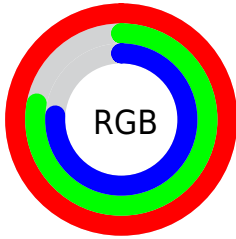
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 198, 195
Decimal	16762563
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	84.79, 19.86, 9.32
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	85, 21.933, 25.137
Yxy	65.5883, 0.3611, 0.3323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294952643 (0xFFFFC6C3)
YUV	214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422
Hunter-Lab	80.9866, 15.3892, 12.3750

# Details

The YUV color  $214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCCCC}$ . A complement of this color would be  $235.2990, 9.7126, -35.3422$ , and the grayscale version is  $215.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $254.6580, -1.3104, 0.2999$ , and  $159.5050, -9.1230, 32.8831$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $197.7630, -13.6872, 50.1968$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $231.6390, -5.7380, 20.4876$ .

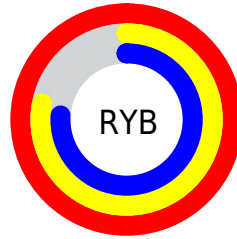
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (78%)

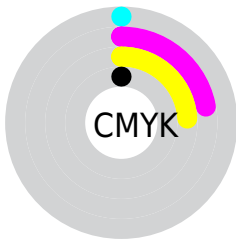
Blue (76%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (76%)

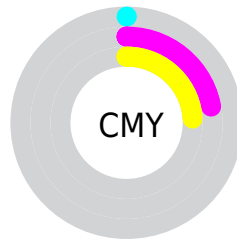


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)


Yellow (24%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 214.7010, -9.7126,  
35.3422


 214.7010, -9.7126,  
35.3422

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 187.1030, -9.4178,  
34.1127


254.6580, -1.3104,  
0.2999

 159.5050, -9.1230,  
32.8831

 133.0210, -8.3914,  
31.5536

 107.4230, -8.0965,  
30.3240

 82.9390, -7.3649,  
28.9945

 59.1560, -6.4859,  
27.0502

 36.3730, -5.6069,

25.1059

■ 13.4440, -6.6279,  
25.9206

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 214.7010, -9.7126,  
35.3422

■ 214.7010, -9.7126,  
35.3422

■ 197.7630,  
-13.6872, 50.1968

■ 231.6390, -5.7380,  
20.4876

■ 180.7110,  
-18.0985, 65.1515

■ 248.6910, -1.3267,  
5.5330

■ 163.1860,  
-21.7837, 80.5209

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 146.1340,  
-26.1951, 95.4755

■ 129.0820,  
-30.6064, 110.4301

■ 112.1440,  
-34.5810, 125.2847

■ 94.5050, -38.7030,  
140.7541

■ 83.8760, -41.3509,  
150.0757

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



215.3120, 0.3392, 31.2984



214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422



213.0180, -17.2639, 30.6792

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422



206.3600, -9.5445, -18.7327



209.9490, 20.7311, -22.7573

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422



235.2990, 9.7126, -35.3422

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



205.5080, 19.4696, -38.1565



214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422



203.8340, 1.5608, -34.0574

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422



209.1190, -17.3137, -0.1044



203.5370, 12.0603, -41.6899



213.5710, 17.4665, -2.2548



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



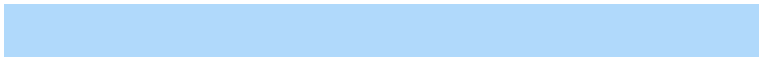
214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422



211.9800, -19.7101, 21.9425



203.5370, 12.0603, -41.6899



208.6170, 20.8948, -28.6051

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422



242.9690, -2.9427, 10.5512



219.4380, 16.0531, 31.1879



120.8760, -1.9109, 6.2477



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422



206.9900, -11.3341, 42.1048



232.3110, -18.3943, 19.8983



118.8870, -1.9163, 7.9921



62.9790, -31.0486, 112.2744



20.8970, -10.3022, 37.8013

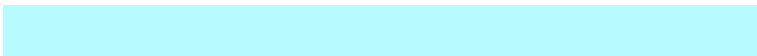


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235.2990, 9.7126, -35.3422



231.4230, 11.6235, -41.5900



217.6890, 18.3943, -19.8983



123.5260, 2.2057, -7.4773



128.6080, 30.7593, -112.7892



43.1030, 10.3022, -37.8013



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

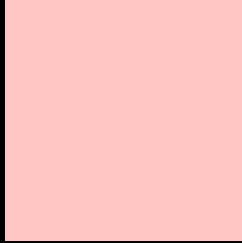
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

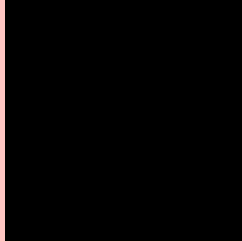
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422.



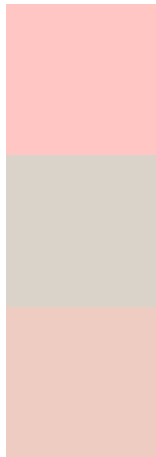
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 214.7010, -9.7126,

35.3422.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422

### Protanopia

212.0670, -4.9630, 5.2032

### Deuteranopia

213.3250, -9.5272, 22.5170



## Tritanopia

215.3510, -2.1450, 34.7722

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422

## Protanomaly

212.6770, -6.7428, 16.0693

## Deuteranomaly

213.9450, -9.8329, 27.2352

## Tritanomaly

215.2540, -5.0552, 34.8572

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422

## Achromatopsia

215.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

215.1650, -3.5323, 13.0103

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 198, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 198, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 198, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 198, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 198, 195) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 198, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 198, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 198, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 198, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 198,  
195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 214.7010, -9.7126, 35.3422 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 198, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
198, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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