

Converting Colors

YUV(215.1950, -19.3231,
-8.9410)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410)
contains.

YUV(215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(215.1950, -19.3231,
-8.9410)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CDE4B0
RGB	205, 228, 176
RGB Percent	80%, 89%, 69%
CMY	0.1961, 0.1059, 0.3098
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.23, 0.11
HSL	87°, 49%, 79%
HSV	87°, 23%, 89%
XYZ	60.7567, 71.6005, 51.6924
YIQ	215.1950, 2.9840, -21.0480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

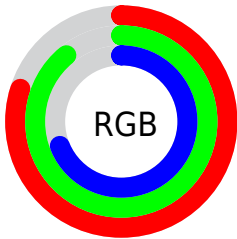
Format	Color
RYB	176, 228, 199
Decimal	13493424
CIELab	87.78, -16.60, 22.90
CIELCh	88, 28.283, 125.930
Yxy	71.6005, 0.3301, 0.3890
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291683504 (0xFFCDE4B0)
YUV	215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410
Hunter-Lab	84.6171, -19.9135, 23.0119

Details

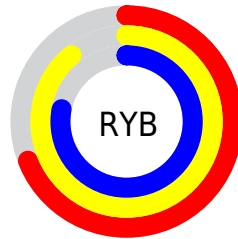
The YUV color $215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCC99$. A complement of this color would be $188.8050, 19.3231, 8.9410$, and the grayscale version is $215.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $252.3780, -10.0464, 2.2995$, and $160.4230, -18.4495, -9.1410$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $209.5830, -27.8954, -12.7893$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $220.8070, -10.7509, -5.0927$.

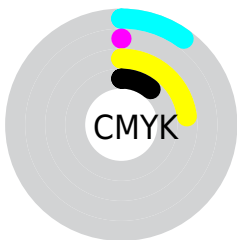
Distribution



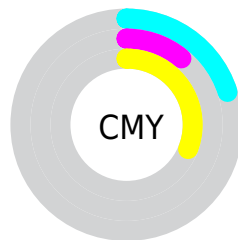
- Red (80%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 215.1950,
-19.3231, -8.9410

■ 215.1950,
-19.3231, -8.9410

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 187.3090,
-18.8863, -9.0410

■ 252.3780,
-10.0464, 2.2995

■ 160.4230,
-18.4495, -9.1410

■ 133.9500,
-17.7233, -8.7261

■ 108.4770,
-16.9972, -8.3113

■ 83.7050, -16.1236,
-8.5113

■ 60.8190, -15.6868,
-8.6113

■ 38.0040, -16.2710,

-7.8965

■ 17.3220, -8.5397,
-14.3144

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 215.1950,
-19.3231, -8.9410

■ 215.1950,
-19.3231, -8.9410

■ 209.5830,
-27.8954, -12.7893

■ 220.8070,
-10.7509, -5.0927

■ 203.9710,
-36.4677, -16.6376

■ 226.4190, -2.1786,
-1.2445

■ 198.4730,
-44.6032, -20.5858

■ 231.9170, 5.9569,
2.7038

■ 192.8610,
-53.1755, -24.4341

■ 236.1610, 9.2876,
7.7518

■ 187.2490,
-61.7478, -28.2824

■ 239.1510, 7.8136,
13.8996

■ 181.3380,
-70.1726, -32.7454

■ 175.7260,
-78.7449, -36.5937

■ 171.8090,
-84.7018, -39.2975

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



218.4430, -25.3614, 14.5205



215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410



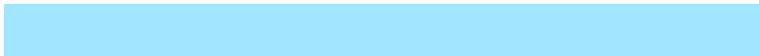
211.5540, -7.1751, -32.0579

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410



211.6320, 21.3804, -44.4043



218.8560, -1.4080, 31.6983

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410



188.8050, 19.3231, 8.9410

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



223.6950, 9.5174, 27.4545



215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410



217.1020, 18.6837, -19.3835

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410



208.7290, 20.8396, -57.6443



221.9960, 16.2710, 7.8965



217.6530, -13.6329, 32.7533

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410



209.3980, 2.7618, -45.9530



221.9960, 16.2710, 7.8965



219.8820, 2.5232, 30.7985

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410



250.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186



205.0490, -14.3212, 20.1280



125.2510, -4.0677, -1.9741



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



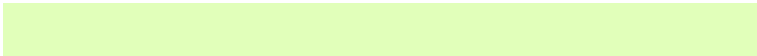
128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410



238.1640, -25.7169, -11.5448



207.4210, -15.4906, -24.9252



112.1370, -4.5045, -1.8741



134.9730, -66.5417, -30.6713



38.3090, -18.8863, -9.0410

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



188.8050, 19.3231, 8.9410



203.1350, 25.5694, 12.1596



196.5790, 15.4906, 24.9252



105.8630, 4.5045, 1.8741



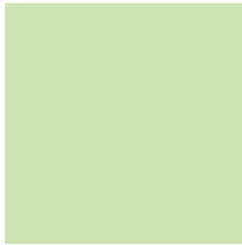
44.0270, 66.5417, 30.6713



12.6910, 18.8863, 9.0410

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

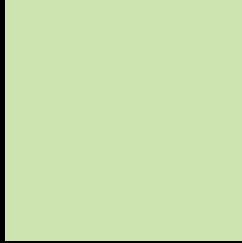
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

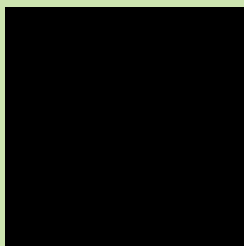
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

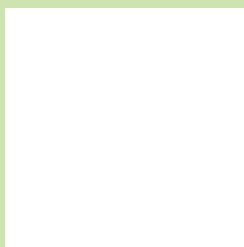
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410.

-8.9410.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410

Protanopia

218.1270, -22.7406, 13.9206

Deuteranopia

220.5080, -20.4634, 30.2495



Tritanopia

220.1440, 8.3100, -5.3883

Trichromacy



Original Color

215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410

Protanomaly

216.7130, -21.5505, 5.5137

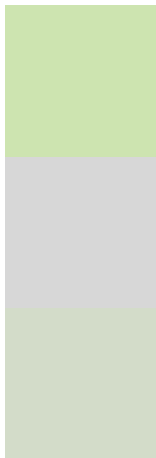
Deuteranomaly

218.5340, -19.9833, 16.1947

Tritanomaly

218.5000, -1.7255, -6.5775

Monochromacy



Original Color

215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410

Achromatopsia

215.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

215.1430, -6.9725, -3.6334

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 228, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 228, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 228, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 228, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 228, 176) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 228, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 228, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 228, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 228, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 228,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 215.1950, -19.3231, -8.9410 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 228, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
228, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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