

# Converting Colors

YUV(215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(215.8110, 0.0932,  
16.8288)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBCED8
RGB	235, 206, 216
RGB Percent	92%, 81%, 85%
CMY	0.0784, 0.1922, 0.1529
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.08, 0.08
HSL	339°, 42%, 86%
HSV	339°, 12%, 92%
XYZ	68.7269, 66.7626, 74.2299
YIQ	215.8110, 14.0740, 9.2580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

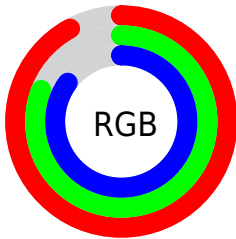
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	235, 206, 216
Decimal	15453912
CIE Lab	85.38, 11.78, -1.22
CIE LCh	85, 11.843, 354.072
Yxy	66.7626, 0.3277, 0.3183
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293643992 (0xFFEBCED8)
YUV	215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288
Hunter-Lab	81.7084, 7.1510, 3.3325

# Details

The YUV color  $215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCCCC}$ . A complement of this color would be  $225.1890, -0.0932, -16.8288$ , and the grayscale version is  $216.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ , and  $161.0990, -0.0488, 15.6992$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $200.6000, 0.1972, 30.1688$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $231.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739$ .

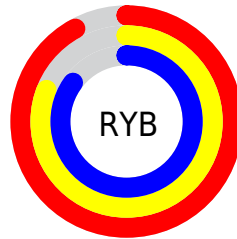
# Distribution



Red (92%)

Green (81%)

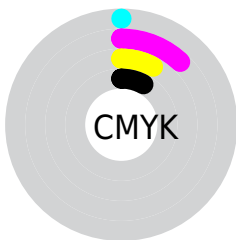
Blue (85%)



Red (92%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (85%)

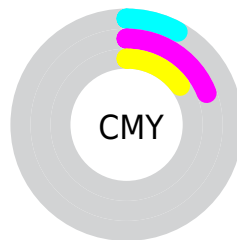


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (8%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



215.8110, 0.0932,  
16.8288

215.8110, 0.0932,  
16.8288

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

187.8110, 0.0932,  
16.8288

161.0990, -0.0488,  
15.6992

134.8000, 0.0986,  
15.0844

109.5010, 0.2460,  
14.4696

85.0880, -0.0434,  
13.9548

61.7890, 0.1040,  
13.3400

39.4900, 0.2514,

12.7253

■ 18.6040, 0.6882,  
12.6253

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 215.8110, 0.0932,  
16.8288

■ 215.8110, 0.0932,  
16.8288

■ 200.6000, 0.1972,  
30.1688

■ 231.6090, -0.3002,  
2.9739

■ 184.6880, 0.1538,  
44.1236

■ 246.9340, 0.0325,  
-10.4661

■ 169.4770, 0.2578,  
57.4637

■ 249.0200, 2.9481,  
-12.2955

■ 153.5650, 0.2145,  
71.4185

■ 138.3540, 0.3185,  
84.7585

■ 122.5560, 0.7119,  
98.6134

■ 107.2310, 0.3791,  
112.0534

■ 91.4330, 0.7725,  
125.9083

■ 79.4990, 0.7400,  
136.3744

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



215.5480, 5.6458, 9.1664



215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288



215.4540, -5.1538, 19.7728

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288



211.8940, -9.3147, 0.9700



210.8110, 9.9532, -19.1282

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288



225.1890, -0.0932, -16.8288

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



209.7630, 6.0328, -21.7172



215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288



210.5660, -5.2090, -9.2664

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288



213.4930, -11.0890, 10.0916



210.0040, 0.4910, -17.5435



212.4960, 11.0945, -11.8360



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288



214.6450, -8.2060, 18.7283



210.0040, 0.4910, -17.5435



210.4580, 8.6482, -20.5727

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288



248.3320, -0.1637, 5.8478



214.9870, 9.8664, 8.7814



123.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288



229.8440, 0.0769, 22.0618



217.0190, -5.4324, 15.7693



109.7450, 0.1257, 6.3626



61.1870, 0.4008, 105.0760



18.1980, -0.0976, 31.3984



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288



229.8440, 0.0769, 22.0618



223.9810, 5.4324, -15.7693



109.7450, 0.1257, 6.3626



61.1870, 0.4008, 105.0760

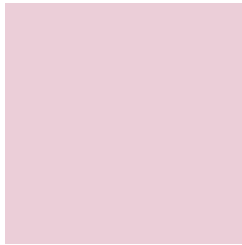


18.1980, -0.0976, 31.3984



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

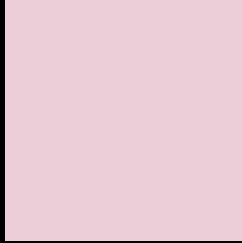
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

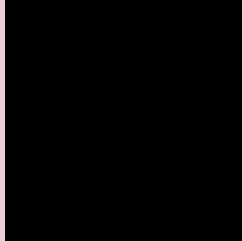
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 215.8110, 0.0932,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288

### Protanopia

213.8090, 3.0522, 1.0445

### Deuteranopia

215.8000, 0.0986, 15.0844



## Tritanopia

216.0930, 2.4192, 17.4584

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288

## Protanomaly

214.6140, 2.1623, 6.4775

## Deuteranomaly

216.0990, -0.0488, 15.6992

## Tritanomaly

215.8650, 1.5456, 17.6584

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288

## Achromatopsia

216.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

215.7450, 0.1257, 6.3626

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 206, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 206, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 206, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 206, 216) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 206, 216) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 206, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 206, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 206, 216); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 206, 216); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 206, 216) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 215.8110, 0.0932, 16.8288 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 206, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
206, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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