

# Converting Colors

YUV(215.8660, 9.9261,  
-10.4065)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(215.8660, 9.9261,  
-10.4065)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CCDAEC
RGB	204, 218, 236
RGB Percent	80%, 85%, 93%
CMY	0.2000, 0.1451, 0.0745
CMYK	0.14, 0.08, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	214°, 46%, 86%
HSV	214°, 14%, 93%
XYZ	65.1136, 69.0363, 89.2504
YIQ	215.8660, -14.1220, 2.6300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

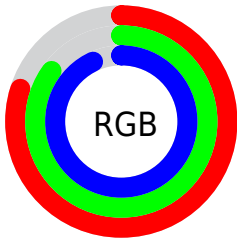
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">204, 214, 236</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13425388</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">86.52, -1.13, -10.41</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">87, 10.474, 263.790</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">69.0363, 0.2915, 0.3090</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291615468 (0xFFCCDAEC)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">83.0881, -5.5192, -5.5256</a>

# Details

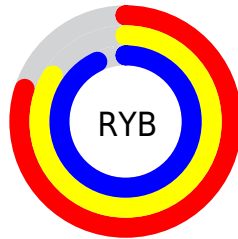
The YUV color `215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `224.1340, -9.9261, 10.4065`, and the grayscale version is `216.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000`, and `161.0510, 9.3419, -9.6917` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `201.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `230.6730, 2.6262, -2.3442`.

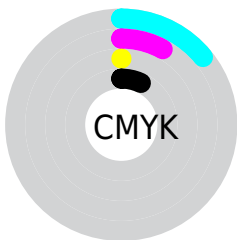
# Distribution



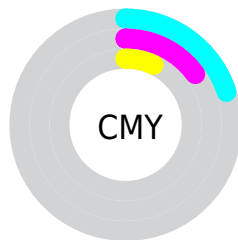
- Red (80%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 215.8660, 9.9261,  
-10.4065

■ 215.8660, 9.9261,  
-10.4065

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 187.8660, 9.9261,  
-10.4065

■ 161.0510, 9.3419,  
-9.6917

■ 134.9370, 8.9051,  
-9.5917

■ 109.5240, 8.6157,  
-10.1065

■ 84.8230, 8.4683,  
-9.4918

■ 61.7090, 8.0315,  
-9.3918

■ 39.7090, 8.0315,

-9.3918

■ 18.8830, 7.4527,  
-10.4214

■ 1.2540, 4.8048,  
-1.0998

■ 215.8660, 9.9261,  
-10.4065

■ 215.8660, 9.9261,  
-10.4065

■ 201.0590, 17.2259,  
-18.4687

■ 230.6730, 2.6262,  
-2.3442

■ 185.9640, 24.6677,  
-25.4014

■ 245.7680, -4.8156,  
4.5885

■ 171.1570, 31.9676,  
-33.4637

■ 252.8340, -8.2992,  
1.8996

■ 156.6490, 39.1200,  
-40.9112

■ 141.8420, 46.4199,  
-48.9734

■ 126.4480, 54.0091,  
-56.5209

■ 111.9400, 61.1616,  
-63.9684

■ 97.1330, 68.4614,  
-72.0306

■ 87.3650, 73.2771,  
-76.6191

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



214.4800, 8.6374, -17.0840



215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065



217.5790, 8.5886, -1.3848

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065



218.2580, -4.5642, 17.3137



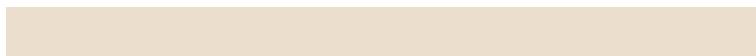
214.3920, -4.6303, -8.2368

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065



224.1340, -9.9261, 10.4065

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



215.1220, -8.4411, 0.7700



215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065



217.6230, -8.1951, 15.2396

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065



218.8000, 0.0986, 15.0844



216.5360, -9.6312, 9.1769



213.3140, 0.3382, -15.1844



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065



218.3410, 6.2409, 4.9629



216.5360, -9.6312, 9.1769



214.3600, -6.0935, -5.5777

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065



248.4880, 3.2104, -3.0590



224.8360, -1.3981, -18.2732



123.5590, 2.1894, -2.2442



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

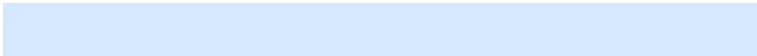


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065



229.2400, 12.6997, -13.3655



208.2460, 13.6827, -1.9697



110.1890, 3.3578, -3.6738



67.0070, 56.1985, -58.7651



19.6570, 16.9311, -17.2392



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215.1640, 1.3981, 18.2732



228.3110, 1.8187, 23.4063



231.7540, -13.6827, 1.9697



109.8590, 0.5625, 6.2627



63.1250, 7.8264, 103.3764

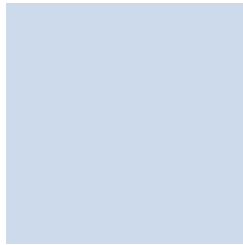


18.7680, 2.0864, 30.8985



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

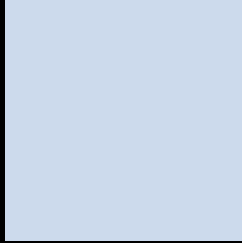
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

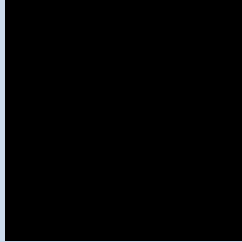
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

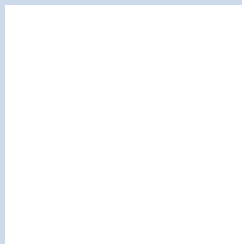
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065.

-10.4065.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065

### Protanopia

217.1660, 8.2992, -1.8996

### Deuteranopia

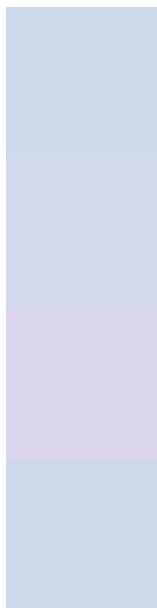
218.5740, 9.5770, 8.2666



## Tritanopia

215.7520, 9.4893, -10.3065

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065

## Protanomaly

216.6710, 9.0362, -4.9735

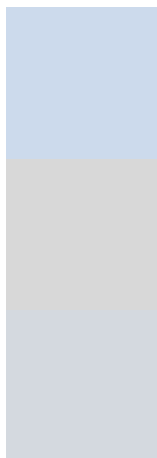
## Deuteranomaly

217.5300, 9.5987, 1.2892

## Tritanomaly

215.7520, 9.4893, -10.3065

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065

## Achromatopsia

216.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

216.1890, 3.3578, -3.6738

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 218, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 218, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 218, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 218, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 218, 236) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 218, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 218, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 218, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 218, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 218,  
236) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 215.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 218, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
218, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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