

# Converting Colors

YUV(218.4440, 3.2321,  
-10.0364)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(218.4440, 3.2321,  
-10.0364)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CFDFE1
RGB	207, 223, 225
RGB Percent	81%, 87%, 88%
CMY	0.1882, 0.1255, 0.1176
CMYK	0.08, 0.01, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	187°, 23%, 85%
HSV	187°, 8%, 88%
XYZ	65.7104, 71.4770, 81.5673
YIQ	218.4440, -10.1780, -2.7700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

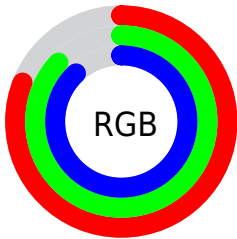
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	207, 215, 225
Decimal	13623265
CIE Lab	87.72, -4.94, -2.82
CIE LCh	88, 5.687, 209.736
Yxy	71.4770, 0.3004, 0.3267
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291813345 (0xFFCFDFE1)
YUV	218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364
Hunter-Lab	84.5441, -9.2161, 1.9784

# Details

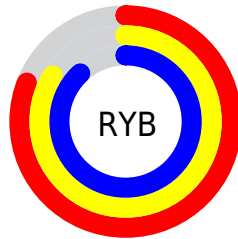
The YUV color  $218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $213.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364$ , and the grayscale version is  $218.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ , and  $163.7430, 3.0847, -9.4216$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $210.6920, 7.0538, -22.5319$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $226.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739$ .

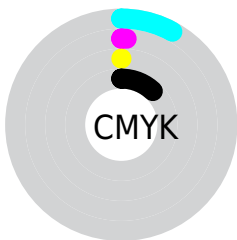
# Distribution



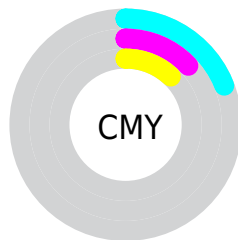
- Red (81%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 218.4440, 3.2321,  
-10.0364

■ 218.4440, 3.2321,  
-10.0364

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 190.4440, 3.2321,  
-10.0364

■ 163.7430, 3.0847,  
-9.4216

■ 137.0420, 2.9373,  
-8.8068

■ 112.0420, 2.9373,  
-8.8068

■ 87.0420, 2.9373,  
-8.8068

■ 64.0420, 2.9373,  
-8.8068

■ 42.2270, 2.3531,

-8.0921

■ 21.3410, 2.7899,  
-8.1921

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 218.4440, 3.2321,  
-10.0364

■ 218.4440, 3.2321,  
-10.0364

■ 210.6920, 7.0538,  
-22.5319

■ 226.4950, -0.7370,  
3.0739

■ 202.0540, 11.3124,  
-35.1274

■ 234.8340, -4.8482,  
15.0546

■ 194.0030, 15.2815,  
-48.2376

■ 236.9050, -5.8692,  
15.8693

■ 185.6640, 19.3926,  
-60.2183

■ 238.6660, -6.7373,  
14.3249

■ 177.9120, 23.2144,  
-72.7138

■ 239.8400, -7.3161,  
13.2953

■ 169.2740, 27.4729,  
-85.3093

■ 241.6010, -8.1843,  
11.7509

■ 161.2230, 31.4421,  
-98.4196

■ 242.7750, -8.7631,  
10.7213

■ 152.8840, 35.5532,  
-110.4003

■ 244.5360, -9.6312,  
9.1769

■ 145.1320, 39.3749,  
-122.8958

■ 245.7100,  
-10.2100, 8.1473

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



218.1730, 0.9007, -8.9217



218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364



218.9110, 4.9739, -8.6919

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364



220.9020, 2.0203, 5.3479



219.6540, -5.2524, 4.6884

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364



213.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



220.7900, -4.8265, 8.0772



218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364



220.9410, -0.4639, 8.8217

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364



220.7380, 4.0732, 0.2298



221.2570, -3.0847, 9.4216



218.8490, -4.3626, -0.7446

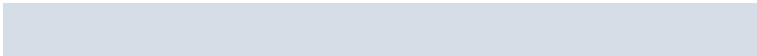


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364



219.6340, 5.1104, -5.8180



221.2570, -3.0847, 9.4216



220.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364



252.9180, 1.0264, -2.5591



217.7940, -4.3354, -9.4663



126.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

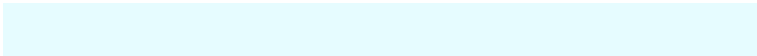


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364



245.7640, 4.5533, -13.8250



213.1610, 5.8366, -5.4032



108.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477



111.6360, 31.7315, -97.9048



30.7130, 8.5225, -26.9353



# Inverse Universe

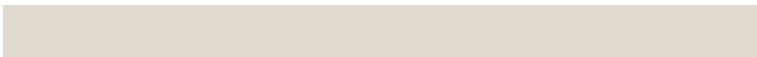
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214.2060, 4.3354, 9.4663



239.9830, 5.9244, 13.1699



218.8390, -5.8366, 5.4032



105.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628



70.4080, 42.1969, 92.6042

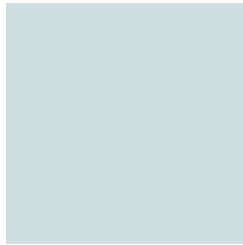


19.2540, 11.7068, 25.2102



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

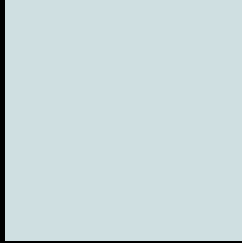
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

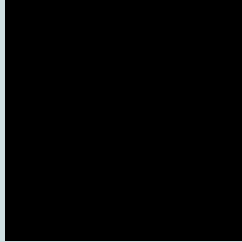
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

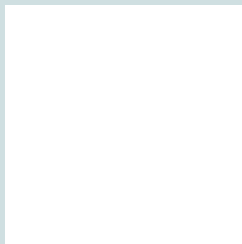
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364.



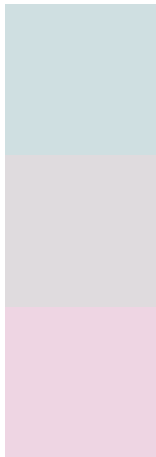
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364.

-10.0364.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364

### Protanopia

220.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592

### Deuteranopia

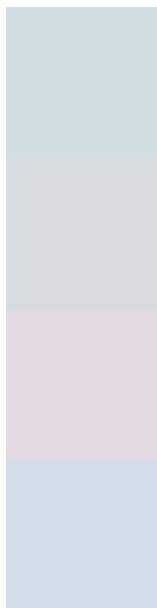
222.0710, 2.4300, 13.9697



## Tritanopia

219.3500, 9.1944, -9.0770

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364

## Protanomaly

219.4450, 1.7526, -2.1443

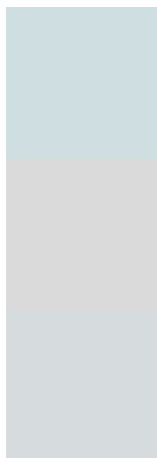
## Deuteranomaly

221.0160, 2.4571, 5.2480

## Tritanomaly

219.0680, 6.8685, -9.7066

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364

## Achromatopsia

218.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

218.3200, 1.3212, -3.7886

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 223, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 223, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 223, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 223, 225) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

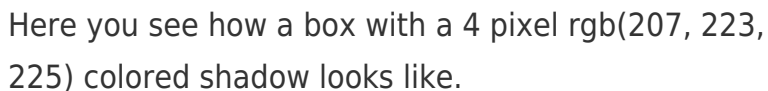
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 223, 225) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 223, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 223, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 223, 225); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 223, 225); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 223, 225) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 218.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 223, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
223, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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