

# Converting Colors

YUV(218.6060, 0.6872,  
-33.8575)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(218.6060, 0.6872,  
-33.8575)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4EEDC
RGB	180, 238, 220
RGB Percent	71%, 93%, 86%
CMY	0.2941, 0.0667, 0.1373
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.08, 0.07
HSL	161°, 63%, 82%
HSV	161°, 24%, 93%
XYZ	62.3152, 76.0197, 79.0991
YIQ	218.6060, -28.7900, -17.8940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

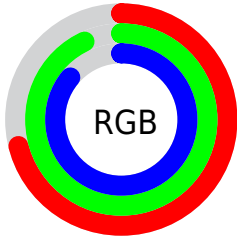
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	180, 214, 238
Decimal	11857628
CIELab	89.87, -21.96, 2.74
CIELCh	90, 22.135, 172.886
Yxy	76.0197, 0.2866, 0.3496
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290047708 (0xFFB4EEDC)
YUV	218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575
Hunter-Lab	87.1893, -25.0052, 7.2439

# Details

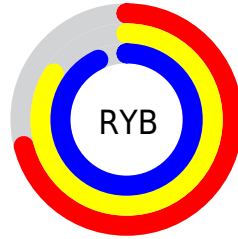
The YUV color  $218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCFFFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $199.3940, -0.6872, 33.8575$ , and the grayscale version is  $219.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $249.6180, 2.6533, -11.0660$ , and  $163.3180, 0.8292, -32.7279$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $210.6320, 1.1674, -47.9123$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $226.5800, 0.2071, -19.8027$ .

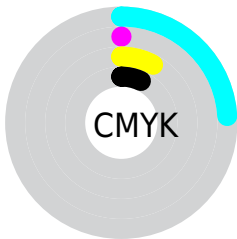
# Distribution



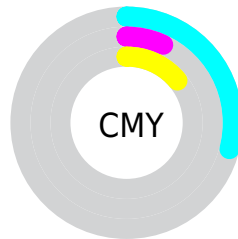
- Red (71%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 218.6060, 0.6872,  
-33.8575

■ 218.6060, 0.6872,  
-33.8575

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 190.9050, 0.5398,  
-33.2427

■ 249.6180, 2.6533,  
-11.0660

■ 163.3180, 0.8292,  
-32.7279

■ 136.7310, 1.1186,  
-32.2131

■ 110.7310, 1.1186,  
-32.2131

■ 85.2580, 1.8448,  
-31.7983

■ 60.7740, 2.5764,  
-33.1278

■ 37.7740, 2.5764,

-33.1278

■ 22.5800, 0.2071,  
-19.8027

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 218.6060, 0.6872,  
-33.8575

■ 218.6060, 0.6872,  
-33.8575

■ 210.6320, 1.1674,  
-47.9123

■ 226.5800, 0.2071,  
-19.8027

■ 202.5440, 1.2108,  
-61.8671

■ 234.6680, 0.1637,  
-5.8478

■ 194.8690, 1.5436,  
-75.3071

■ 242.3430, -0.1691,  
7.5922

■ 186.7810, 1.5870,  
-89.2619

■ 244.4510, 2.7357,  
9.2515

■ 178.8070, 2.0671,  
-103.3167

■ 245.0210, 4.9196,  
8.7516

■ 170.8330, 2.5473,  
-117.3715

■ 162.7450, 2.5907,  
-131.3264

■ 158.4020, 2.7598,  
-138.9186

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



220.8440, -10.2761, -17.4032



218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575



217.8250, 11.9183, -42.8195

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575



226.0610, 14.2669, -2.6845



225.0390, -15.7952, 26.2758

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575



199.3940, -0.6872, 33.8575

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



224.6290, -7.2121, 26.6354



218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575



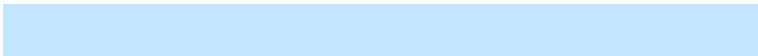
229.9710, 10.8603, 16.6884

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575



222.0970, 16.2212, -22.8871



227.1370, 2.3975, 24.4359



226.0290, -20.7203, 19.2686

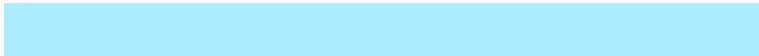


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575



218.6170, 17.4438, -41.7601



227.1370, 2.3975, 24.4359



224.4350, -13.0325, 26.8055

# Sweetspot

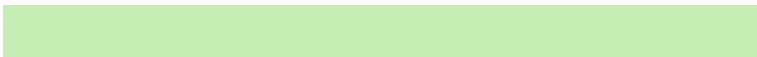
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575



248.9340, 0.0325, -10.4661



219.4280, -19.4380, -18.7924



124.2550, -0.1257, -6.3626



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

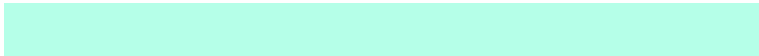


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575



230.2520, 0.8618, -43.1940



214.2010, 11.7329, -29.9943



115.9560, 0.0217, -6.9774



122.4860, 2.2254, -107.4202



37.3180, 0.8292, -32.7279



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



199.3940, -0.6872, 33.8575



205.7480, -0.8618, 43.1940



203.7990, -11.7329, 29.9943



112.0440, -0.0217, 6.9774



61.5140, -2.2254, 107.4202

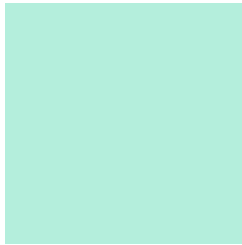


18.6820, -0.8292, 32.7279



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

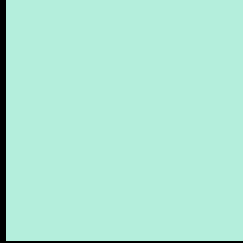
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

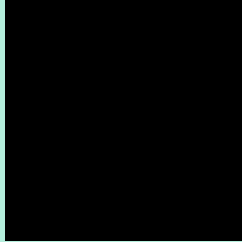
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

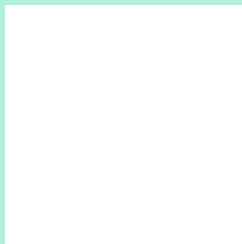
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 218.6060, 0.6872,

-33.8575.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575

### Protanopia

225.0240, -6.4208, 6.1180

### Deuteranopia

227.3550, -1.6540, 17.2287



## Tritanopia

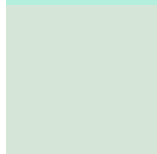
221.1130, 15.2273, -30.7941

# Trichromacy



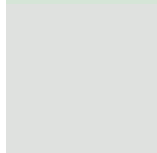
## Original Color

218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575



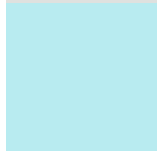
## Protanomaly

222.6200, -3.7567, -8.4367



## Deuteranomaly

224.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296



## Tritanomaly

220.3210, 9.7017, -31.8535

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575



## Achromatopsia

219.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

218.9230, 0.0380, -12.2105

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 238, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 238, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 238, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 238, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 238, 220) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 238, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 238, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 238, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 238, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 238,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 218.6060, 0.6872, -33.8575 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 238, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
238, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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