

Converting Colors

YUV(22.0880, 30.0296,
-18.4942)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942)
contains.

YUV(22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(22.0880, 30.0296,
-18.4942)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	011553
RGB	1, 21, 83
RGB Percent	0%, 8%, 33%
CMY	0.9961, 0.9176, 0.6745
CMYK	0.99, 0.75, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	225°, 98%, 16%
HSV	225°, 99%, 33%
XYZ	1.8420, 1.1673, 8.3118
YIQ	22.0880, -31.8220, 15.0420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

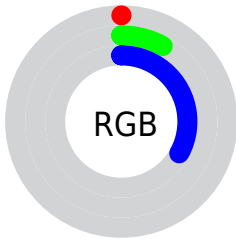
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 17, 83
Decimal	70995
CIE _{Lab}	10.31, 20.88, -39.47
CIE _{LCh}	10, 44.655, 297.879
Yxy	1.1673, 0.1627, 0.1031
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278261075 (0xFF011553)
YUV	22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942
Hunter-Lab	10.8042, 11.5250, -38.0496

Details

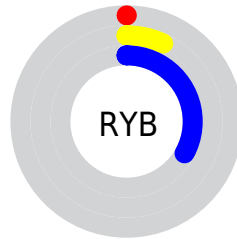
The YUV color **22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **61.9120, -30.0296, 18.4942**, and the grayscale version is **22.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.2790, 30.4285, -6.3837**, and **5.3920, 15.5827, -4.7288** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.2020, 30.4664, -18.5942**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.0020, 27.1140, -16.6648**.

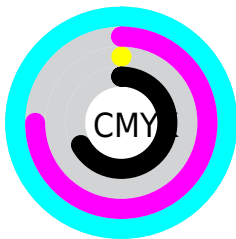
Distribution



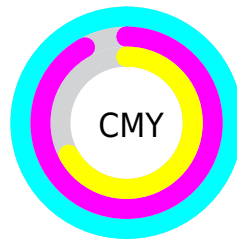
- Red (0%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 22.0880, 30.0296,
-18.4942

■ 22.0880, 30.0296,
-18.4942

■ 249.7170, 2.6045,
4.6332

■ 6.8400, 26.2079,
-5.9987

■ 71.2790, 30.4285,
-6.3837

■ 5.3920, 15.5827,
-4.7288

■ 95.6320, 31.7334,
-4.9393

■ 2.0690, 5.3890,
-1.8145

■ 121.4580, 32.3122,
-3.9097

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 147.3980, 33.3278,
-2.9800

■ 174.0390, 34.4908,
-2.6652

■ 200.1010, 27.0652,

-0.9656

■ 224.6210, 14.9768,
2.9634

■ 22.0880, 30.0296,
-18.4942

■ 22.0880, 30.0296,
-18.4942

■ 21.2020, 30.4664,
-18.5942

■ 28.0020, 27.1140,
-16.6648

■ 34.8020, 23.7616,
-14.7354

■ 40.7160, 20.8460,
-12.9059

■ 46.6300, 17.9304,
-11.0765

■ 52.5440, 15.0148,
-9.2471

■ 59.3440, 11.6624,
-7.3177

■ 65.2580, 8.7468,
-5.4883

■ 71.1720, 5.8312,
-3.6588

■ 77.3850, 2.7682,
-1.2146

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.2180, 29.4725, -26.5012



22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942



24.8940, 17.8003, 30.7880

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942



23.8100, -11.7383, 31.7386



26.9170, -0.9451, -23.6062

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942



61.9120, -30.0296, 18.4942

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.8930, -11.2862, -20.0772



22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942



27.2110, -13.4150, 9.4620

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942



22.4250, -11.0555, 46.1083



20.5560, -10.1341, -16.2736



30.4510, 12.5957, -26.7055

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942



26.6150, 7.5848, 40.6796



20.5560, -10.1341, -16.2736



25.4350, -6.6235, -22.3065

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942



83.3440, 11.6624, -7.3177



56.2020, 3.3514, -48.4122



39.2150, 7.2890, -4.5736



181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942



27.4600, 39.2132, -24.0824



16.3280, 32.8693, 4.0973



38.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147



26.6450, 38.6290, -23.3677



59.9070, 84.8418, -52.5384

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.7980, -3.3514, 48.4122



34.9570, -4.4158, 63.1817



67.6720, -32.8693, -4.0973



38.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



34.3590, -4.1210, 61.9522



75.8660, -9.3009, 136.9295

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

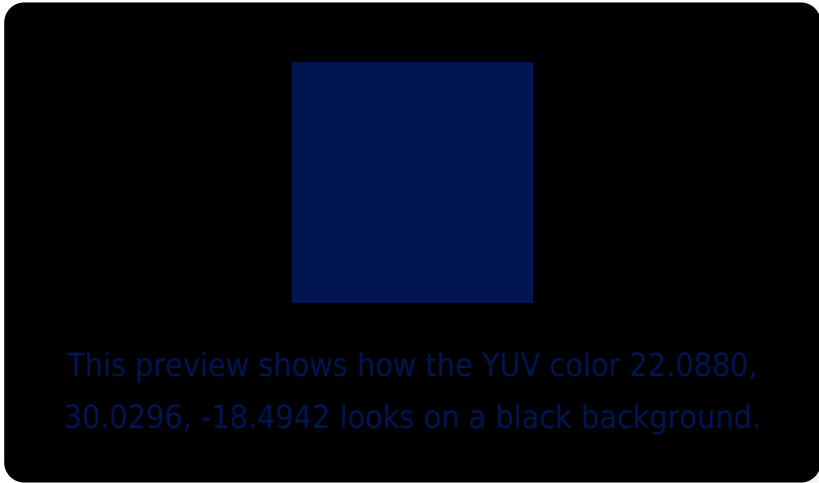
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

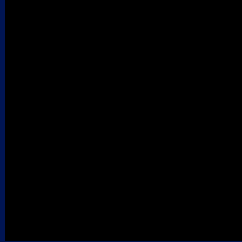
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 22.0880, 30.0296,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942

Protanopia

23.9770, 18.2523, -21.0278

Deuteranopia

24.1250, 13.7424, -21.1576



Tritanopia

23.3610, 5.7380, -20.4876

Trichromacy



Original Color

22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942

Protanomaly

23.1280, 22.6149, -20.2833

Deuteranomaly

23.0310, 19.7047, -20.1982

Tritanomaly

22.9510, 14.3212, -20.1280

Monochromacy



Original Color

22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942

Achromatopsia

22.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

22.1160, 10.7888, -7.1177

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 21, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 21, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 21, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 21, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 21, 83) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 21, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 21, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 21, 83); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 21, 83); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 21, 83) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 22.0880, 30.0296, -18.4942 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 21, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 21,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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