

# Converting Colors

YUV(22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(22.7670, 0.1149,  
9.8513)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	221117
RGB	34, 17, 23
RGB Percent	13%, 7%, 9%
CMY	0.8667, 0.9333, 0.9098
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.32, 0.87
HSL	339°, 33%, 10%
HSV	339°, 50%, 13%
XYZ	1.0148, 0.8028, 0.9121
YIQ	22.7670, 8.2060, 5.4700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	34, 17, 23
Decimal	2232599
CIE Lab	7.25, 9.87, -0.54
CIE LCh	7, 9.890, 356.855
Yxy	0.8028, 0.3718, 0.2941
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280422679 (0xFF221117)
YUV	22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513
Hunter-Lab	8.9601, 4.5360, 0.2367

# Details

The YUV color **22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **28.2330, -0.1149, -9.8513**, and the grayscale version is **23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.6640, -0.3274, 11.6957**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.7780, 0.1094, 11.5957**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.7560, 0.1203, 8.1070**.

# Distribution



Red (13%)

Green (7%)

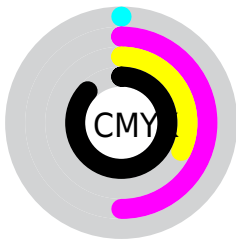
Blue (9%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (7%)

Blue (9%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (87%)



Cyan (87%)

Magenta (93%)

Yellow (91%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 22.7670, 0.1149,  
9.8513

■ 22.7670, 0.1149,  
9.8513

■ 245.9840, 0.9939,  
7.9070

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 65.6640, -0.3274,  
11.6957

■ 89.0770, -0.0380,  
12.2105

■ 113.3760, -0.1854,  
12.8252

■ 139.3760, -0.1854,  
12.8252

■ 165.6750, -0.3328,  
13.4400

■ 192.9740, -0.4802,

14.0548

■ 220.3870, -0.1908,  
14.5696

■ 22.7670, 0.1149,  
9.8513

■ 22.7670, 0.1149,  
9.8513

■ 20.7780, 0.1094,  
11.5957

■ 24.7560, 0.1203,  
8.1070

■ 18.2020, 0.3934,  
13.8548

■ 27.3320, -0.1637,  
5.8478

■ 16.0990, -0.0488,  
15.6992

■ 29.4350, 0.2785,  
4.0035

■ 13.5230, 0.2352,  
17.9583

■ 32.0110, -0.0054,  
1.7444

■ 11.5340, 0.2297,  
19.7027

■ 34.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 35.9890, 0.0054,  
-1.7444

■ 38.5650, -0.2785,  
-4.0035

■ 40.6680, 0.1637,  
-5.8478

■ 43.2440, -0.1203,  
-8.1070

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.8420, 3.0359, 6.2776



22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513



22.1540, -3.5269, 11.2659

# Triad

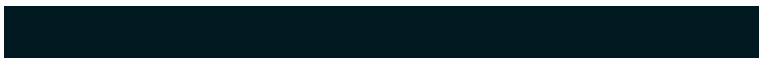
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513



20.3500, -7.5676, 0.5700



18.7360, 7.0322, -15.5545

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



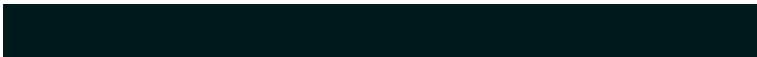
22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513



28.2330, -0.1149, -9.8513

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842



22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513



19.4460, -3.1779, -7.4071

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513



20.9270, -9.3310, 6.2030



17.9550, 1.5012, -14.8695



20.7800, 7.0105, -8.5771



# Rectangle

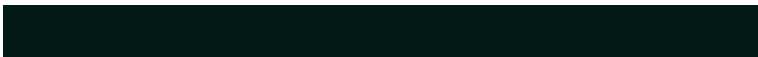
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



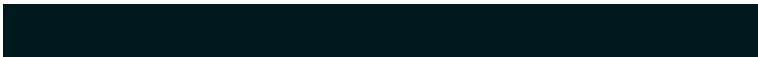
22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513



21.7580, -6.2897, 10.7362



17.9550, 1.5012, -14.8695



18.2090, 6.3060, -15.9693

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513



39.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887



22.2270, 5.8041, 5.0629



20.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513



25.9140, 0.5354, 14.9844



23.2570, -3.0847, 9.4216



16.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



27.8240, 0.5798, 47.5124



70.9270, 1.5150, 121.0900



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513



25.9140, 0.5354, 14.9844



27.7430, 3.0847, -9.4216



16.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



27.8240, 0.5798, 47.5124

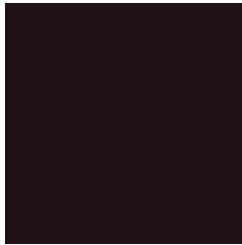


70.9270, 1.5150, 121.0900



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

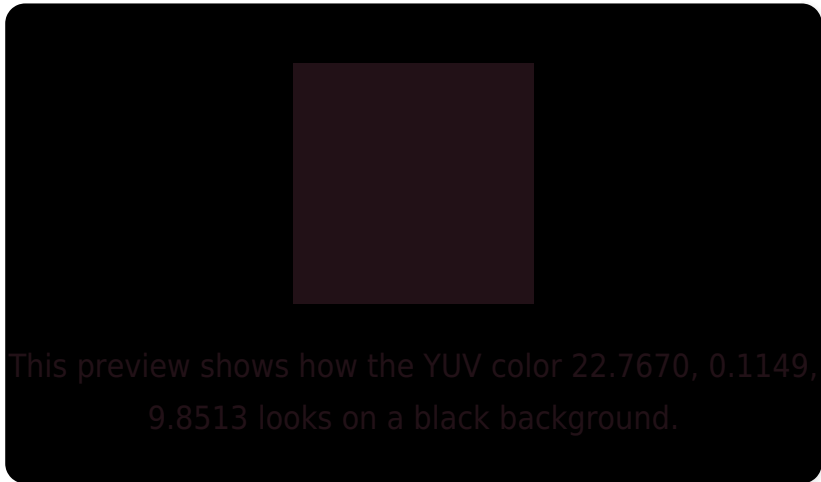
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 22.7670, 0.1149,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513

### Protanopia

22.4560, 1.7472, -0.3999

### Deuteranopia

22.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



**Tritanopia**

22.8980, -1.9217, 9.7365

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513

## Protanomaly

22.3640, 1.2995, 3.1888

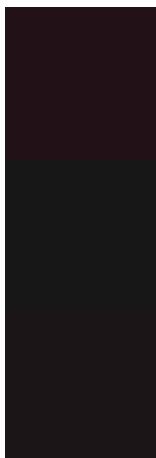
## Deuteranomaly

22.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183

## Tritanomaly

23.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513

## Achromatopsia

23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

23.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(34, 17, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(34, 17, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 17, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(34, 17, 23) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(34, 17, 23) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(34, 17, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(34, 17, 23)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(34, 17, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 17, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 17, 23)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 22.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(34, 17, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(34, 17,  
23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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