

# Converting Colors

YUV(220.9810, -4.9206,  
-55.2343)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343)  
contains.

<b>YUV(220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(220.9810, -4.9206,  
-55.2343)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9EFFD3
RGB	158, 255, 211
RGB Percent	62%, 100%, 83%
CMY	0.3804, 0.0000, 0.1725
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.17, 0.00
HSL	153°, 100%, 81%
HSV	153°, 38%, 100%
XYZ	61.6184, 83.4922, 74.4960
YIQ	220.9810, -43.6880, -34.2480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

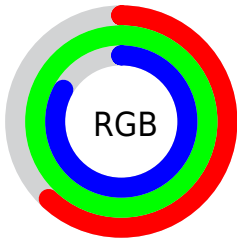
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">158, 221, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10420179</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">93.23, -38.08, 12.09</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">93, 39.951, 162.379</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">83.4922, 0.2806, 0.3802</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288610259 (0xFF9EFFD3)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">91.3741, -39.5326, 15.6236</a>

# Details

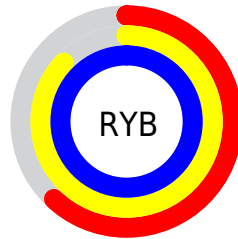
The YUV color **220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **192.0190, 4.9206, 55.2343**, and the grayscale version is **221.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243.3390, 5.7489, -23.9763**, and **164.5080, -4.1944, -54.8195** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **211.8390, -6.3296, -70.0188**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **230.1230, -3.5116, -40.4499**.

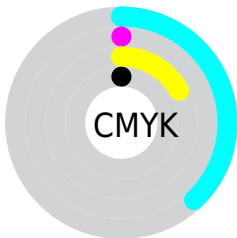
# Distribution



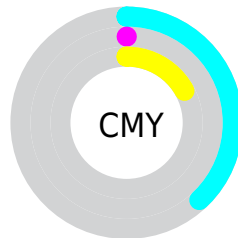
- Red (62%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 220.9810, -4.9206,  
-55.2343


 220.9810, -4.9206,  
-55.2343

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 192.3940, -4.6312,  
-54.7195


 243.3390, 5.7489,  
-23.9763


 164.5080, -4.1944,  
-54.8195

 252.0100, 1.4741,  
-6.1478

 136.7360, -3.3208,  
-55.0195

 108.7680, -1.8576,  
-57.6785

 77.9130, 1.5219,  
-68.3297

 60.6160, -1.2897,  
-53.1602

 43.4330, -3.6645,

-38.0907

■ 28.1250, -6.4706,  
-24.6656

■ 11.1530, -5.4984,  
-9.7812

■ 220.9810, -4.9206,  
-55.2343

■ 220.9810, -4.9206,  
-55.2343

■ 211.8390, -6.3296,  
-70.0188

■ 230.1230, -3.5116,  
-40.4499

■ 203.1100, -7.4492,  
-84.2885

■ 238.8520, -2.3920,  
-26.1802

■ 194.2670, -9.0056,  
-98.4582

■ 247.9940, -0.9830,  
-11.3957

■ 185.2390, -9.9778,  
-113.3426

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 176.3960,  
-11.5342, -127.5123

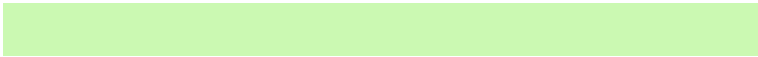
■ 167.3680,  
-12.5064, -142.3967

■ 165.5310,  
-13.0798, -145.1707

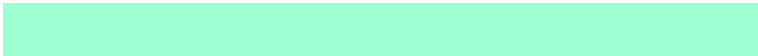
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



227.1520, -24.2319, -21.1813



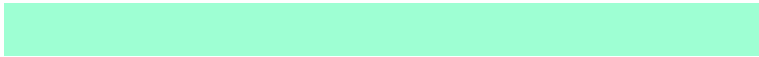
220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343



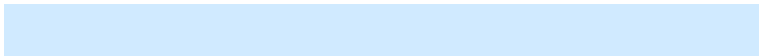
213.5810, 18.4476, -83.8245

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343



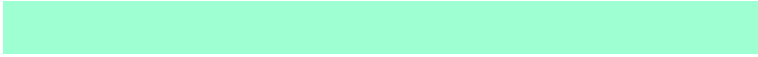
228.6200, 13.0053, -18.0837



222.3660, -18.4214, 28.6200

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343



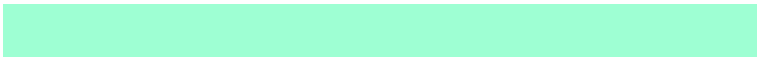
192.0190, 4.9206, 55.2343

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



222.9480, -0.9604, 28.1096



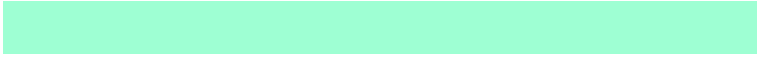
220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343



234.4550, 10.1287, 18.0180

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343



218.6210, 17.9348, -59.3036



227.9980, 13.3120, 23.6808

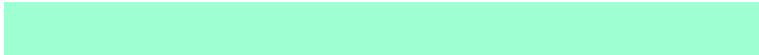


226.9020, -31.5037, 24.6419



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343



210.7480, 21.8162, -90.9870



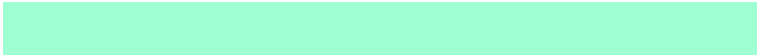
227.9980, 13.3120, 23.6808



221.8590, -12.7485, 29.0647

# Sweetspot

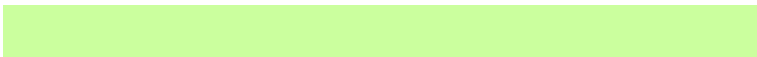
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343



245.1460, -1.5510, -15.9140



228.3940, -34.7042, -22.2705



122.0050, -0.9885, -9.6514



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

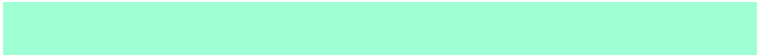


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

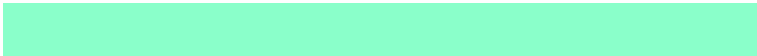


# Same Dimension

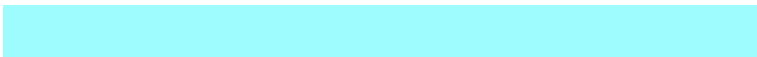
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343



213.9750, -5.9037, -66.6301



224.2360, 15.1667, -58.0890



123.4290, -0.7045, -7.3922



123.9730, -9.8467, -108.7243



41.5580, -3.2331, -36.4464



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



192.0190, 4.9206, 55.2343



179.0250, 5.9037, 66.6301



188.7640, -15.1667, 58.0890



119.5710, 0.7045, 7.3922



67.0270, 9.8467, 108.7243

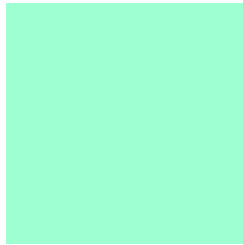


22.4420, 3.2331, 36.4464



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

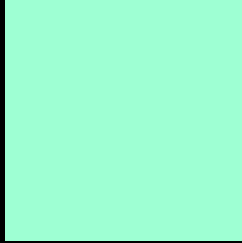
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

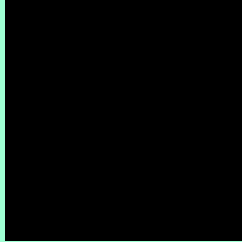
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

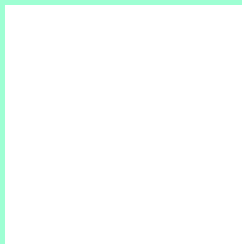
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343.



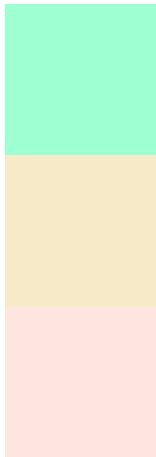
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343.

-55.2343.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343

### Protanopia

233.7120, -16.6200, 10.7766

### Deuteranopia

236.0900, -6.4534, 16.5841



## Tritanopia

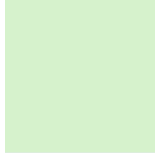
230.6250, 12.0169, -27.7351

# Trichromacy



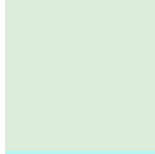
## Original Color

220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343



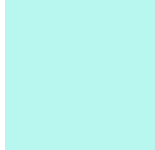
## Protanomaly

229.2960, -12.4709, -13.4146



## Deuteranomaly

230.4520, -5.6458, -9.1664



## Tritanomaly

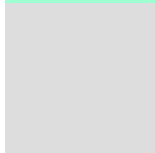
227.2510, 5.7923, -37.9311

# Monochromacy



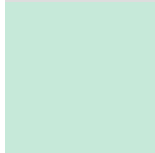
## Original Color

220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343



## Achromatopsia

221.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

220.7110, -1.8295, -19.9175

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 255, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 255, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 255, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 255, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 255, 211) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 255, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 255, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 255, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 255, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 255,  
211) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 220.9810, -4.9206, -55.2343 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 255, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
255, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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