

# Converting Colors

YUV(220.9870, -13.7976,  
-7.8816)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(220.9870, -13.7976,  
-7.8816)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D4E7C1
RGB	212, 231, 193
RGB Percent	83%, 91%, 76%
CMY	0.1686, 0.0941, 0.2431
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.16, 0.09
HSL	90°, 44%, 83%
HSV	90°, 16%, 91%
XYZ	65.3529, 74.9991, 61.4839
YIQ	220.9870, 0.8740, -15.8460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

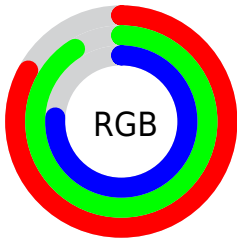
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	193, 231, 212
Decimal	13952961
CIELab	89.39, -12.97, 16.40
CIELCh	89, 20.908, 128.328
Yxy	74.9991, 0.3238, 0.3716
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292143041 (0xFFD4E7C1)
YUV	220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816
Hunter-Lab	86.6020, -16.8512, 18.5280

# Details

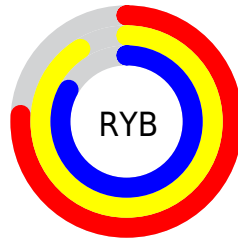
The YUV color  $220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCC99$ . A complement of this color would be  $203.0130, 13.7976, 7.8816$ , and the grayscale version is  $221.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $254.4300, -2.1840, 0.4999$ , and  $165.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $214.7770, -22.0751, -12.9594$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $227.1970, -5.5201, -2.8038$ .

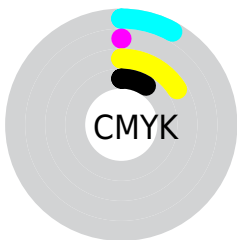
# Distribution



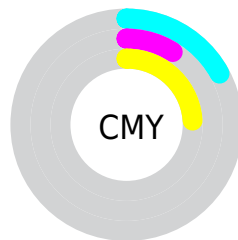
- Red (83%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 220.9870,  
-13.7976, -7.8816

■ 220.9870,  
-13.7976, -7.8816

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 193.1010,  
-13.3608, -7.9816

■ 254.4300, -2.1840,  
0.4999

■ 165.5140,  
-13.0714, -7.4668

■ 139.6280,  
-12.6346, -7.5668

■ 114.0410,  
-12.3452, -7.0520

■ 89.2690, -11.4716,  
-7.2519

■ 65.6820, -11.1822,  
-6.7371

■ 43.7960, -10.7454,

-6.8371

■ 22.6930, -11.1876,  
-4.9928

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 220.9870,  
-13.7976, -7.8816

■ 220.9870,  
-13.7976, -7.8816

■ 214.7770,  
-22.0751, -12.9594

■ 227.1970, -5.5201,  
-2.8038

■ 208.8660,  
-30.4999, -17.4225

■ 233.1080, 2.9048,  
1.6593

■ 202.6560,  
-38.7774, -22.5003

■ 238.5200, 8.1246,  
7.4370

■ 196.7450,  
-47.2023, -26.9634

■ 240.9120, 6.9454,  
12.3552

■ 190.4210,  
-55.9166, -31.9412

■ 184.5100,  
-64.3414, -36.4043

■ 178.3000,  
-72.6189, -41.4821

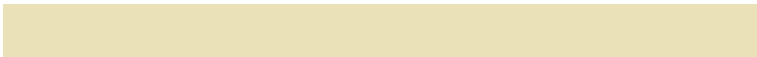
■ 172.3890,  
-81.0438, -45.9452

■ 170.2810,  
-83.9485, -47.6044

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



223.4300, -18.9460, 10.1469



220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816



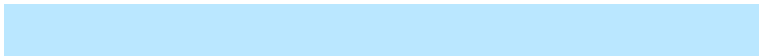
218.5810, -4.7234, -25.0655

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816



220.2810, 17.1165, -30.0644



225.1820, -2.5547, 26.1504

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816



203.0130, 13.7976, 7.8816

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



228.6360, 5.6025, 23.1212



220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816



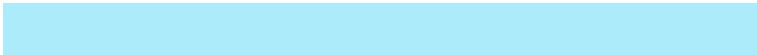
223.0490, 15.7518, -12.3210

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816



217.7590, 15.4018, -40.1306



227.3010, 13.6556, 6.7520

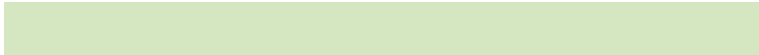


224.1900, -11.4327, 27.0204



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816



217.4750, 2.7238, -33.7426



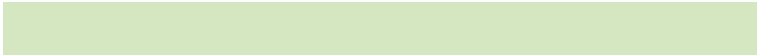
227.3010, 13.6556, 6.7520



225.8660, 0.0661, 25.5505

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816



251.7240, -4.7939, -2.3889



215.5150, -11.0999, 13.5803



125.8920, -2.9048, -1.6593



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

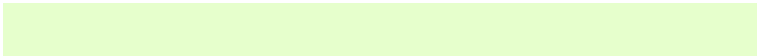


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816



241.7110, -18.5915, -10.2705



215.6050, -11.1443, -18.9476



111.8380, -4.3571, -2.4889



131.6840, -64.9202, -37.4339



37.7110, -18.5915, -10.2705



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



203.0130, 13.7976, 7.8816



217.5880, 18.4441, 10.8853



208.6940, 10.9969, 19.5624



106.1620, 4.3571, 2.4889



47.0170, 65.0676, 36.8191

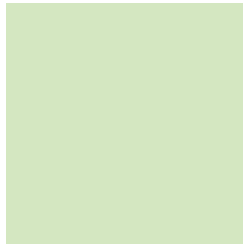


13.5880, 18.4441, 10.8853



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

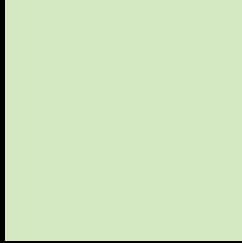
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

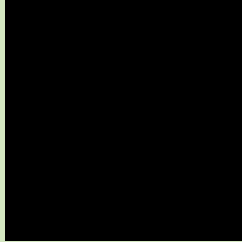
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

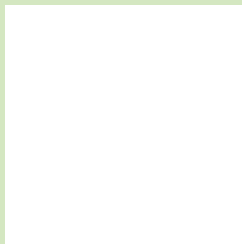
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816.



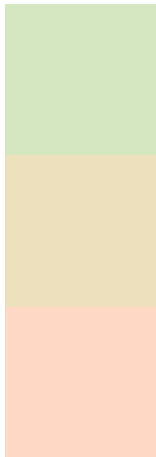
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816.

-7.8816.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816

### Protanopia

223.5980, -17.0568, 10.8766

### Deuteranopia

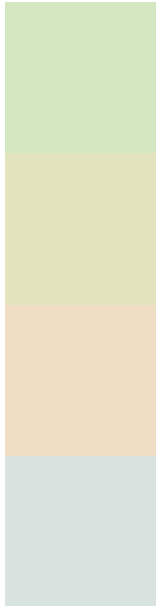
225.4950, -14.0480, 25.8759



## Tritanopia

224.5570, 8.5994, -4.8735

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816

## Protanomaly

222.7820, -16.1615, 3.6992

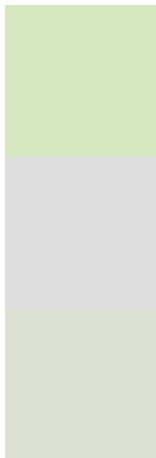
## Deuteranomaly

223.5320, -13.5733, 13.5654

## Tritanomaly

223.3690, 0.3111, -6.4626

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816

## Achromatopsia

221.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

221.3110, -5.0833, -2.9037

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 231, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 231, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 231, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 231, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 231, 193) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 231, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 231, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 231, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 231, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 231,  
193) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 220.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 231, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
231, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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