

# Converting Colors

YUV(224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(224.4260, -9.5770,  
-8.2666)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D7E9CD
RGB	215, 233, 205
RGB Percent	84%, 91%, 80%
CMY	0.1569, 0.0863, 0.1961
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.12, 0.09
HSL	99°, 39%, 86%
HSV	99°, 12%, 91%
XYZ	68.1827, 77.1327, 69.0521
YIQ	224.4260, -1.7400, -12.5240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

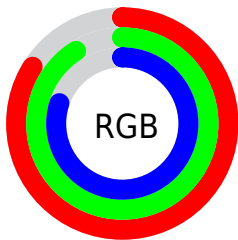
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	205, 233, 223
Decimal	14150093
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	90.38, -10.95, 11.59
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	90, 15.945, 133.392
Yxy	77.1327, 0.3181, 0.3598
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292340173 (0xFFD7E9CD)
YUV	224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666
Hunter-Lab	87.8252, -15.1165, 14.8612

# Details

The YUV color **224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **213.5740, 9.5770, 8.2666**, and the grayscale version is **225.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**, and **168.9530, -8.8508, -7.8518** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **217.3190, -17.4123, -15.1888**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **231.5330, -1.7418, -1.3444**.

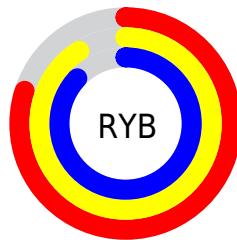
# Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (91%)

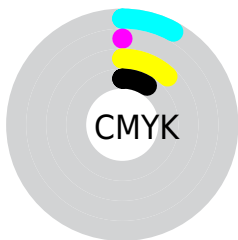
Blue (80%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (87%)

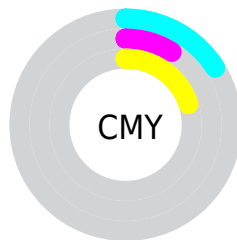


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (16%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 224.4260, -9.5770,  
-8.2666

■ 224.4260, -9.5770,  
-8.2666

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 196.5400, -9.1402,  
-8.3666

■ 168.9530, -8.8508,  
-7.8518

■ 142.9530, -8.8508,  
-7.8518

■ 117.3660, -8.5614,  
-7.3370

■ 92.4800, -8.1246,  
-7.4370

■ 68.8930, -7.8352,  
-6.9222

■ 46.4200, -7.1091,

-6.5073

■ 25.4910, -8.1301,  
-5.6926

■ 1.7610, -0.8682,  
-1.5444

■ 224.4260, -9.5770,  
-8.2666

■ 224.4260, -9.5770,  
-8.2666

■ 217.3190,  
-17.4123, -15.1888

■ 231.5330, -1.7418,  
-1.3444

■ 210.0980,  
-25.6843, -22.0109

■ 238.7540, 6.5303,  
5.4777

■ 202.9910,  
-33.5196, -28.9331

■ 242.0860, 6.3666,  
11.3256

■ 195.8840,  
-41.3548, -35.8553

■ 188.7770,  
-49.1901, -42.7774

■ 181.5560,  
-57.4621, -49.5996

■ 174.4490,  
-65.2974, -56.5218

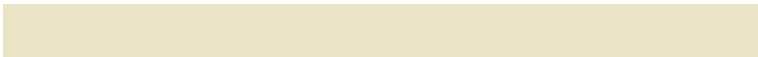
■ 167.3420,  
-73.1326, -63.4439

■ 161.5880,  
-79.6629, -68.9217

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



226.6620, -14.1304, 5.5584



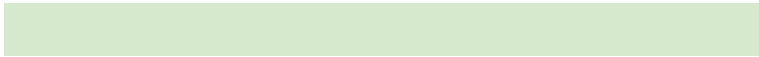
224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666



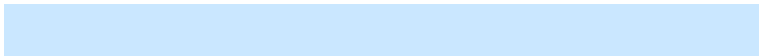
222.8850, -2.4083, -20.9471

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666



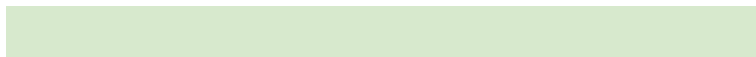
225.0650, 14.7580, -20.2280



228.8180, -3.8543, 22.9616

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666



213.5740, 9.5770, 8.2666

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



230.6310, 3.1399, 19.6176



224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666



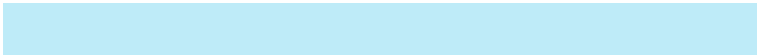
227.5120, 13.5516, -6.5880

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



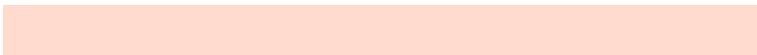
224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666



223.0270, 12.3117, -28.9647



229.6880, 10.0138, 8.1666



228.3960, -10.5482, 23.3317



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666



222.6330, 3.1389, -26.8651



229.6880, 10.0138, 8.1666



229.3880, -1.6703, 22.4617

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666



251.7670, -3.3361, -3.3037



223.9380, -9.3364, 7.9474



125.7070, -2.3206, -2.3740



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

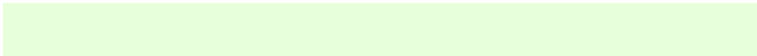


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666



244.0190, -12.3344, -10.5407



221.8920, -6.3558, -14.8143



113.6530, -3.7729, -3.2037



125.6820, -61.9612, -53.2181



37.3790, -18.4278, -16.1184



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



213.5740, 9.5770, 8.2666



229.9810, 12.3344, 10.5407



216.1080, 6.3558, 14.8143



109.3470, 3.7729, 3.2037



55.3180, 61.9612, 53.2181

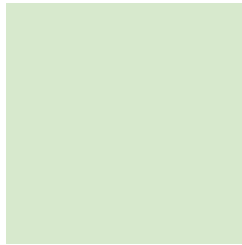


16.3220, 18.5753, 15.5036



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

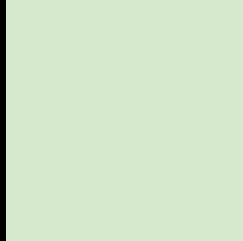
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

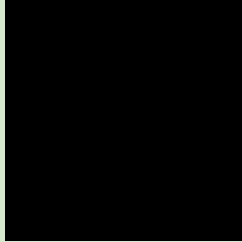
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

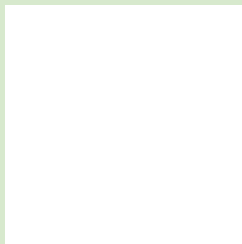
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 224.4260, -9.5770,

-8.2666.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666

### Protanopia

226.5530, -12.1046, 9.1620

### Deuteranopia

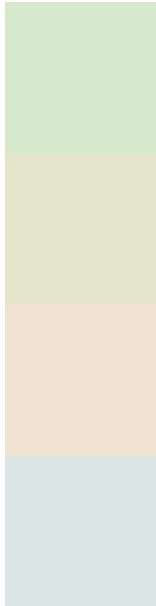
229.2110, -9.9640, 22.6170



## Tritanopia

227.2580, 8.7468, -5.4883

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666

## Protanomaly

226.0360, -11.3567, 2.5994

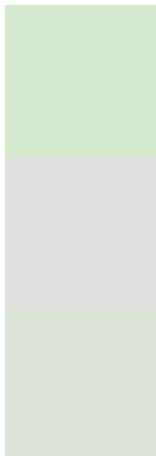
## Deuteranomaly

227.5470, -9.6367, 10.9213

## Tritanomaly

226.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666

## Achromatopsia

224.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

224.0660, -3.4835, -2.6889

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 233, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 233, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 233, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 233, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 233, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 233, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 233, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 233, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 233, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 233,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 224.4260, -9.5770, -8.2666 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 233, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
233, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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