

# Converting Colors

YUV(225.4920, 13.5614,  
-56.5595)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(225.4920, 13.5614,  
-56.5595)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1FDFD
RGB	161, 253, 253
RGB Percent	63%, 99%, 99%
CMY	0.3686, 0.0078, 0.0078
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	180°, 96%, 81%
HSV	180°, 36%, 99%
XYZ	67.5528, 84.9195, 105.7592
YIQ	225.4920, -54.8320, -19.5040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

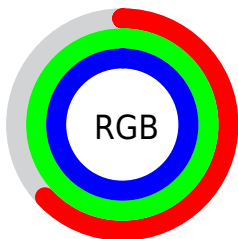
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">161, 207, 253</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10616317</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">93.85, -27.28, -8.67</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">94, 28.622, 197.643</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">84.9195, 0.2616, 0.3289</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288806397 (0xFFA1FDFD)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">92.1518, -30.4142, -3.5387</a>

# Details

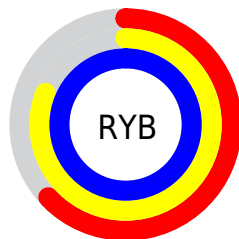
The YUV color **225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **188.5080, -13.5614, 56.5595**, and the grayscale version is **225.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **244.2360, 5.3067, -22.1320**, and **168.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **218.0170, 17.2466, -71.9289**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **232.9670, 9.8763, -41.1901**.

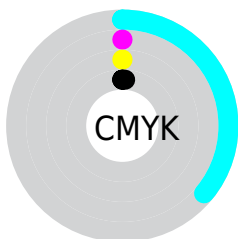
# Distribution



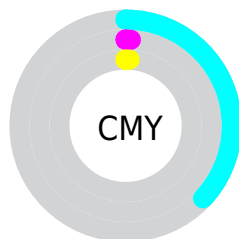
- Red (63%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



225.4920, 13.5614,  
-56.5595

225.4920, 13.5614,  
-56.5595

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

196.4920, 13.5614,  
-56.5595

244.2360, 5.3067,  
-22.1320

168.4920, 13.5614,  
-56.5595

253.2060, 0.8844,  
-3.6887

140.8940, 13.8563,  
-57.7890

112.5130, 15.0301,  
-60.9629

81.4300, 17.5360,  
-71.4141

64.0190, 14.2876,  
-56.1447

47.1950, 10.7499,

-41.3900

■ 31.1860, 7.7963,  
-27.3501

■ 16.4650, 4.7008,  
-14.4398

■ 225.4920, 13.5614,  
-56.5595

■ 225.4920, 13.5614,  
-56.5595

■ 218.0170, 17.2466,  
-71.9289

■ 232.9670, 9.8763,  
-41.1901

■ 210.2430, 21.0792,  
-87.9131

■ 240.7410, 6.0437,  
-25.2059

■ 202.7680, 24.7644,  
-103.2825

■ 248.2160, 2.3585,  
-9.8364

■ 195.2930, 28.4496,  
-118.6520

■ 253.5980, -0.2948,  
1.2296

■ 187.5190, 32.2821,  
-134.6362

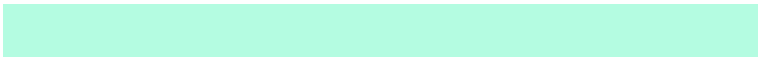
■ 180.0440, 35.9673,  
-150.0056

■ 177.3530, 37.2940,  
-155.5386

# Harmonies

## Analogous

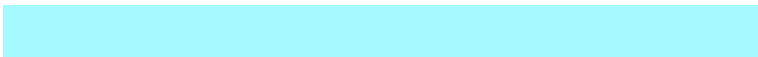
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



227.3940, -1.1802, -41.5645



225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595



224.8560, 14.8610, -53.3707

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595



237.3900, 8.6817, 15.4440



233.4050, -24.3567, 18.9388

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595



188.5080, -13.5614, 56.5595

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



229.7180, -15.6370, 22.1723



225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595



233.2980, 8.2341, 19.0327

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595



234.3010, 10.2046, -6.4030



229.5190, -3.7069, 22.3468

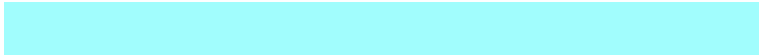


234.6160, -24.4607, 5.5988



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595



226.9930, 13.8075, -42.0899



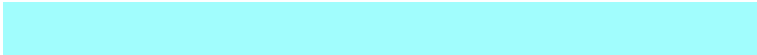
229.5190, -3.7069, 22.3468



231.9860, -22.1781, 20.1833

# Sweetspot

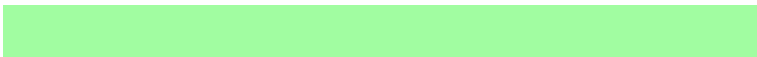
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595



246.6280, 4.1274, -17.2138



215.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615



122.9170, 2.5059, -10.4512



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

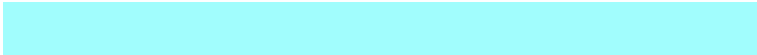


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

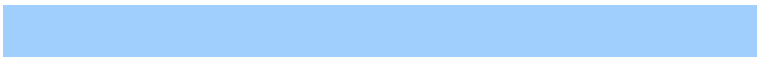
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595



221.5120, 16.5096, -68.8550



198.4900, 26.8734, -32.8787



124.1130, 1.9163, -7.9921



133.8910, 28.1547, -117.4224



44.8640, 9.4340, -39.3457



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



198.9960, 26.6240, 47.3615



189.2560, 32.4118, 57.6575



215.5100, -26.8734, 32.8787



120.3690, 3.7621, 6.6924



78.8830, 55.2737, 98.3266

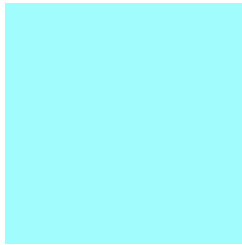


26.4320, 18.5210, 32.9471



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

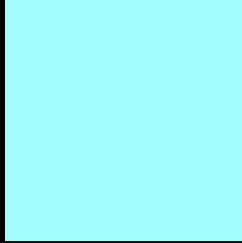
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595.



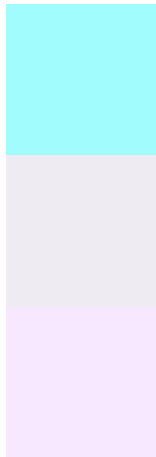
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595.

-56.5595.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595

### Protanopia

236.9940, 2.4680, 1.7593

### Deuteranopia

238.5200, 8.1246, 7.4370



## Tritanopia

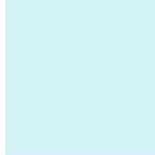
232.9950, 10.8485, -26.3056

# Trichromacy



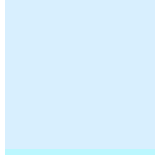
## Original Color

225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595



## Protanomaly

233.1870, 6.3168, -19.4580



## Deuteranomaly

233.8330, 9.9423, -15.6395



## Tritanomaly

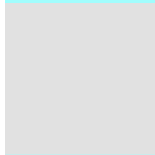
230.1570, 11.7546, -36.9717

# Monochromacy



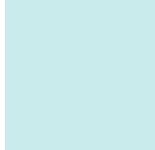
## Original Color

225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595



## Achromatopsia

225.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

225.1330, 4.8644, -20.2876

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 253, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 253, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 253, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 253, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 253, 253) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 253, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 253, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 253, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 253, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 253,  
253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 225.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 253, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
253, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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