

# Converting Colors

YUV(226.2510, -7.5187,  
-15.1291)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(226.2510, -7.5187,  
-15.1291)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D1EED3
RGB	209, 238, 211
RGB Percent	82%, 93%, 83%
CMY	0.1804, 0.0667, 0.1725
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.11, 0.07
HSL	124°, 46%, 88%
HSV	124°, 12%, 93%
XYZ	68.6269, 79.4075, 73.3382
YIQ	226.2510, -8.6170, -14.5450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

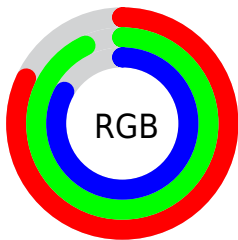
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	209, 236, 238
Decimal	13758163
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	91.42, -14.45, 9.89
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	91, 17.509, 145.612
Yxy	79.4075, 0.3100, 0.3587
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291948243 (0xFFD1EED3)
YUV	226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291
Hunter-Lab	89.1109, -18.4760, 13.5820

# Details

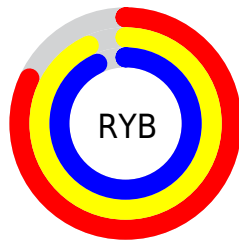
The YUV color **226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **220.7490, 7.5187, 15.1291**, and the grayscale version is **226.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**, and **170.6640, -7.2294, -14.6143** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **216.5670, -13.5905, -27.6843**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **235.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740**.

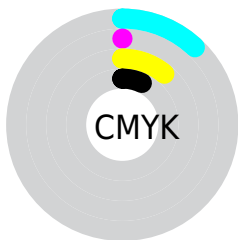
# Distribution



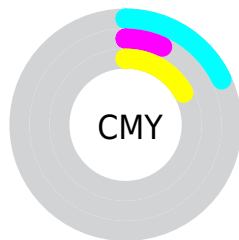
- Red (82%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 226.2510, -7.5187,  
-15.1291

■ 226.2510, -7.5187,  
-15.1291

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 198.2510, -7.5187,  
-15.1291

■ 170.6640, -7.2294,  
-14.6143

■ 144.0770, -6.9400,  
-14.0995

■ 118.4900, -6.6506,  
-13.5847

■ 93.9030, -6.3612,  
-13.0699

■ 70.0170, -5.9244,  
-13.1699

■ 47.4300, -5.6350,

-12.6551

■ 25.9570, -4.9088,  
-12.2403

■ 5.8700, -2.8939,  
-5.1480

■ 226.2510, -7.5187,  
-15.1291

■ 226.2510, -7.5187,  
-15.1291

■ 216.5670,  
-13.5905, -27.6843

■ 235.9350, -1.4470,  
-2.5740

■ 206.8830,  
-19.6623, -40.2394

■ 245.0210, 4.9196,  
8.7516

■ 197.4980,  
-25.8815, -52.1797

■ 187.7000,  
-32.3901, -64.6349

■ 178.0160,  
-38.4619, -77.1900

■ 168.3320,  
-44.5337, -89.7452

■ 158.6480,  
-50.6055, -102.3003

■ 149.2630,  
-56.8247, -114.2407

■ 141.5300,  
-61.8863, -124.1218

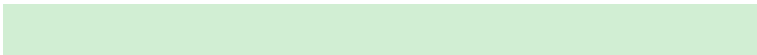
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



228.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894



226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291



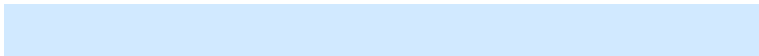
224.7640, 1.1023, -26.9800

# Triad

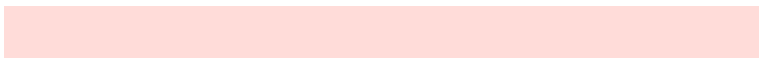
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291



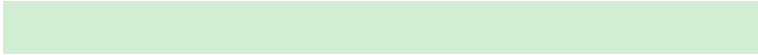
228.3320, 13.1473, -16.9542



230.1230, -6.4696, 21.8171

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291



220.7490, 7.5187, 15.1291

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



231.4740, 1.2453, 20.6323



226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291



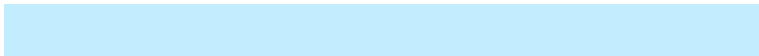
231.3880, 11.6407, -0.3403

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291



225.8960, 14.3483, -28.8498



233.5640, 8.1029, 14.4144



230.2880, -13.4530, 21.6724



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291



224.3380, 7.2284, -31.8684



233.5640, 8.1029, 14.4144



230.1060, -3.9963, 21.8320

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291



250.9840, -2.4571, -5.2480



234.0960, -12.3723, 1.6698



125.2230, -1.5889, -3.7036



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

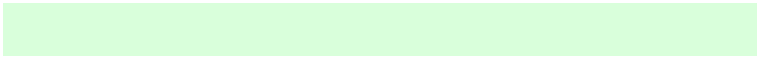


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291



239.5340, -10.1233, -19.7623



227.8470, -1.4036, -16.5288



115.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776



109.4900, -47.5696, -96.0227



33.3280, -14.4587, -29.2287



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



220.7490, 7.5187, 15.1291



232.3520, 9.6865, 19.8623



219.1530, 1.4036, 16.5288



112.8420, 3.0359, 6.2776



74.5100, 47.5696, 96.0227

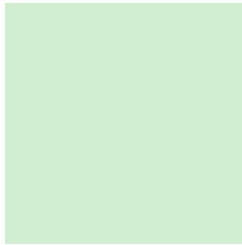


22.6720, 14.4587, 29.2287



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

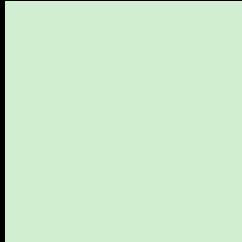
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

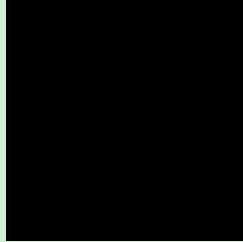
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

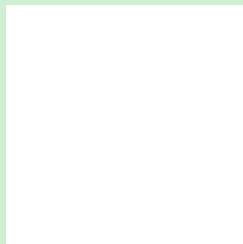
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291.



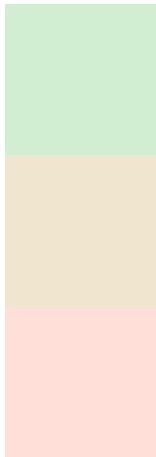
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291.

-15.1291.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291

**Protanopia**

229.6670, -11.6678, 9.0620

**Deuteranopia**

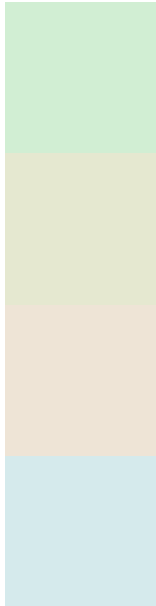
231.7700, -7.7746, 20.3727



## Tritanopia

229.3820, 10.6577, -11.7360

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291

## Protanomaly

228.3670, -10.0409, 0.5551

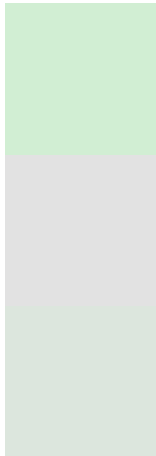
## Deuteranomaly

229.3940, -7.5892, 7.5475

## Tritanomaly

227.9490, 3.9691, -13.1103

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291

## Achromatopsia

226.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

225.9840, -2.4571, -5.2480

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 238, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 238, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 238, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 238, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 238, 211) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 238, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 238, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 238, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 238, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 238,  
211) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 226.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 238, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
238, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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