

# Converting Colors

YUV(226.6960, -9.2171,  
-30.4284)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(226.6960, -9.2171,  
-30.4284)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0F8D0
RGB	192, 248, 208
RGB Percent	75%, 97%, 82%
CMY	0.2471, 0.0275, 0.1843
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.16, 0.03
HSL	137°, 80%, 86%
HSV	137°, 23%, 97%
XYZ	66.6908, 82.8953, 72.1599
YIQ	226.6960, -20.5360, -24.3120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

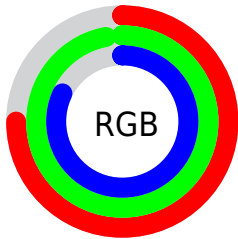
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	192, 236, 248
Decimal	12646608
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	92.97, -25.39, 13.51
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	93, 28.758, 151.990
Yxy	82.8953, 0.3008, 0.3738
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290836688 (0xFFC0F8D0)
YUV	226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284
Hunter-Lab	91.0469, -28.5828, 16.7420

# Details

The YUV color  $226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $213.3040, 9.2171, 30.4284$ , and the grayscale version is  $227.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $253.2060, 0.8844, -3.6887$ , and  $170.9350, -8.3490, -28.8840$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $217.1690, -13.3943, -43.9982$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $236.2230, -5.0399, -16.8586$ .

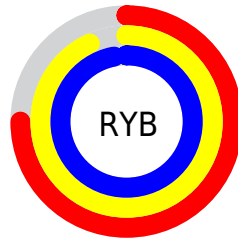
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (97%)

Blue (82%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (97%)

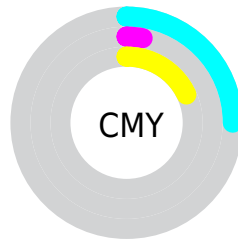


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (3%)


Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 226.6960, -9.2171,  
-30.4284

 226.6960, -9.2171,  
-30.4284

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 198.1090, -8.9277,  
-29.9136


 253.2060, 0.8844,  
-3.6887

 170.9350, -8.3490,  
-28.8840

 144.0490, -7.9122,  
-28.9840

 118.3480, -8.0596,  
-28.3692

 92.8750, -7.3334,  
-27.9544

 68.1030, -6.4598,  
-28.1543

 44.1350, -4.9966,

-30.8134

■ 25.4350, -6.6235,  
-22.3065

■ 10.5660, -5.2090,  
-9.2664

■ 226.6960, -9.2171,  
-30.4284

■ 226.6960, -9.2171,  
-30.4284

■ 217.1690,  
-13.3943, -43.9982

■ 236.2230, -5.0399,  
-16.8586

■ 207.7560,  
-17.1347, -57.6680

■ 245.6360, -1.2995,  
-3.1888

■ 198.5280,  
-21.4593, -70.6231

■ 250.8910, 2.0257,  
3.6036

■ 189.0010,  
-25.6365, -84.1929

■ 179.4740,  
-29.8137, -97.7627

■ 170.0610,  
-33.5541, -111.4325

■ 160.5340,  
-37.7313, -125.0023

■ 153.6700,  
-40.7563, -134.7686

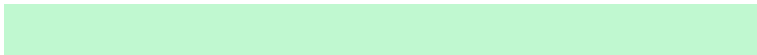
# Harmonies

## Analogous

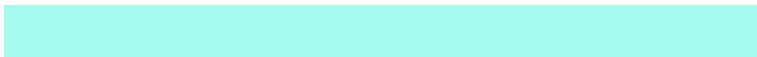
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



230.3480, -21.3706, -5.5672



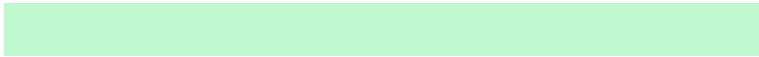
226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284



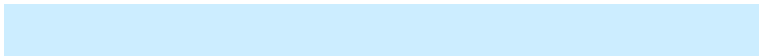
223.8750, 5.9776, -50.7564

# Triad

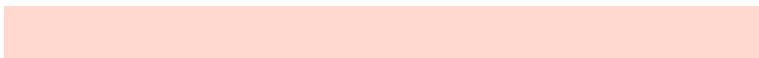
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284



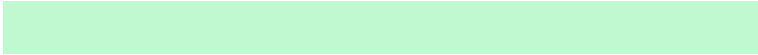
229.1850, 12.7268, -22.0872



227.2220, -9.9694, 24.3613

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284



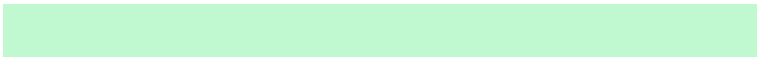
213.3040, 9.2171, 30.4284

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



229.1260, 2.4029, 22.6915



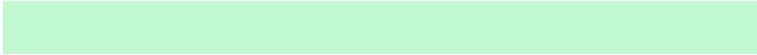
226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284



234.6770, 10.0192, 6.4223

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284



224.0140, 15.2761, -46.4933



233.8680, 10.4181, 18.5328

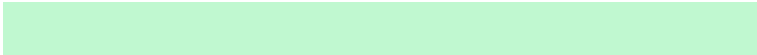


229.0510, -20.7311, 22.7573



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284



222.6490, 15.4560, -57.5742



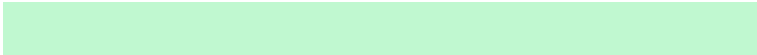
233.8680, 10.4181, 18.5328



227.5470, -6.1857, 24.0763

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284



248.1360, -3.0250, -9.7663



236.8320, -22.1022, -4.2377



123.7990, -1.8729, -5.9627



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

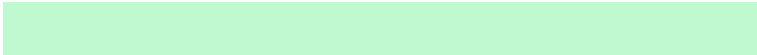


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

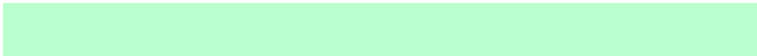


# Same Dimension

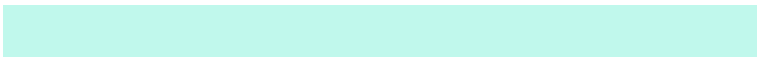
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284



228.7830, -11.2320, -37.5207



229.8880, 3.0132, -33.2278



120.0870, -2.0149, -7.0923



117.0990, -31.1078, -102.6958



37.7450, -10.2273, -33.1024



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



213.3040, 9.2171, 30.4284



212.2170, 11.2320, 37.5207



210.1120, -3.0132, 33.2278



116.9130, 2.0149, 7.0923



71.9010, 31.1078, 102.6958

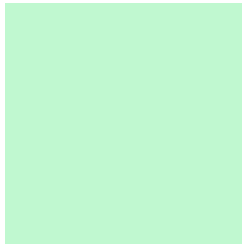


23.2550, 10.2273, 33.1024



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

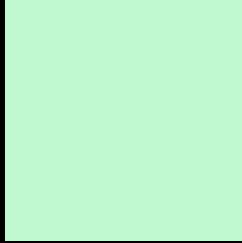
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

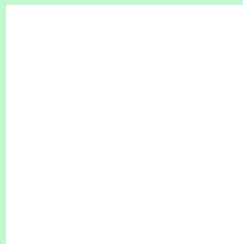
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284.



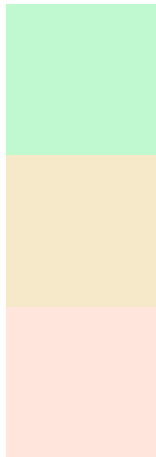
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284.

-30.4284.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284

### Protanopia

233.2390, -15.8938, 11.1914

### Deuteranopia

235.7480, -7.7638, 16.8840



## Tritanopia

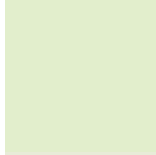
231.8540, 11.4110, -20.0430

# Trichromacy



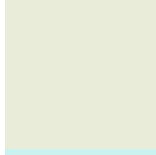
## Original Color

226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284



## Protanomaly

230.5360, -13.0822, -3.9781



## Deuteranomaly

232.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595



## Tritanomaly

229.8830, 4.0017, -23.5764

# Monochromacy



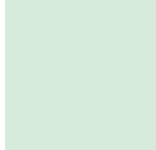
## Original Color

226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284



## Achromatopsia

227.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

227.0110, -3.4564, -11.4106

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 248, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 248, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 248, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 248, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 248, 208) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 248, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 248, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 248, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 248, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 248,  
208) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 226.6960, -9.2171, -30.4284 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 248, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
248, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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