

# Converting Colors

YUV(226.9140, 10.3954,  
-20.9726)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726)  
contains.

<b>YUV(226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(226.9140, 10.3954,  
-20.9726)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<a href="#">CBEBF8</a>
RGB	203, 235, 248
RGB Percent	80%, 92%, 97%
CMY	0.2039, 0.0784, 0.0275
CMYK	0.18, 0.05, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	197°, 76%, 88%
HSV	197°, 18%, 97%
XYZ	71.2802, 78.8905, 100.2775
YIQ	226.9140, -23.2450, -2.7410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

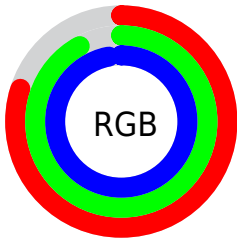
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	203, 222, 248
Decimal	13364216
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	91.18, -7.73, -9.78
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	91, 12.472, 231.677
Yxy	78.8905, 0.2846, 0.3150
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291554296 (0xFFCBEBF8)
YUV	226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726
Hunter-Lab	88.8203, -12.1855, -4.7637

# Details

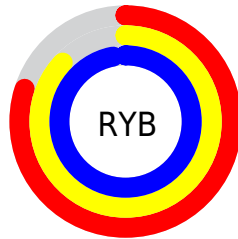
The YUV color **226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **224.0860, -10.3954, 20.9726**, and the grayscale version is **227.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**, and **171.2130, 10.2480, -20.3578** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **215.3300, 16.1063, -32.7384**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **238.4980, 4.6845, -9.2067**.

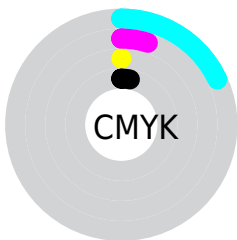
# Distribution



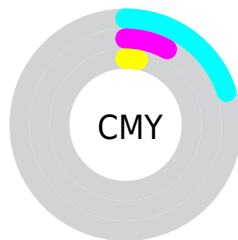
- Red (80%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 226.9140, 10.3954,  
-20.9726

■ 226.9140, 10.3954,  
-20.9726

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 198.8000, 9.9586,  
-20.8726

■ 171.2130, 10.2480,  
-20.3578

■ 144.5120, 10.1006,  
-19.7430

■ 119.2840, 9.2270,  
-19.5431

■ 94.2840, 9.2270,  
-19.5431

■ 70.1700, 8.7902,  
-19.4431

■ 47.1700, 8.7902,

-19.4431

■ 24.5720, 9.0850,  
-20.6726

■ 7.9050, 7.4418,  
-6.9327

■ 226.9140, 10.3954,  
-20.9726

■ 226.9140, 10.3954,  
-20.9726

■ 215.3300, 16.1063,  
-32.7384

■ 238.4980, 4.6845,  
-9.2067

■ 203.7460, 21.8172,  
-44.5042

■ 250.0820, -1.0264,  
2.5591

■ 192.4610, 27.3807,  
-55.6553

■ 254.2020, -3.0576,  
0.6998

■ 180.2900, 33.3810,  
-66.9063

■ 168.7060, 39.0919,  
-78.6722

■ 157.1220, 44.8029,  
-90.4380

■ 145.5380, 50.5138,  
-102.2038

■ 134.2530, 56.0773,  
-113.3549

■ 131.5840, 57.3931,  
-115.3992

# Harmonies

## Analogous

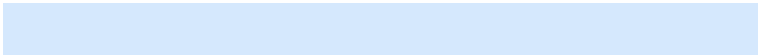
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



226.0510, 5.8909, -22.8467



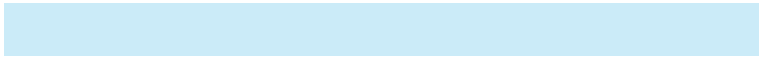
226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726



228.7130, 11.9735, -13.7803

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726



232.3380, 0.8194, 17.2436



228.5520, -10.6251, 1.2699

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



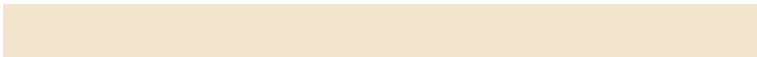
226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726



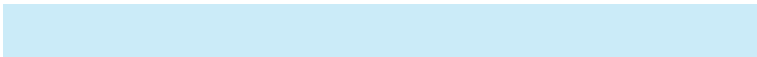
224.0860, -10.3954, 20.9726

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



229.9770, -11.8207, 11.4212



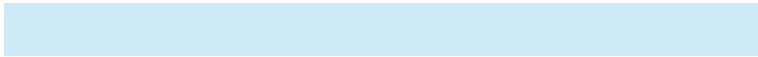
226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726



231.7530, -5.3012, 20.3876

# Square

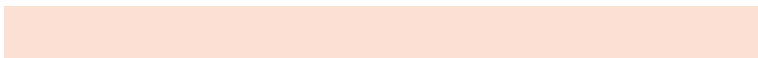
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726



231.7760, 6.5194, 8.9664



230.8900, -9.8058, 18.5135

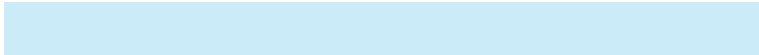


227.0390, -5.9352, -9.6812



# Rectangle

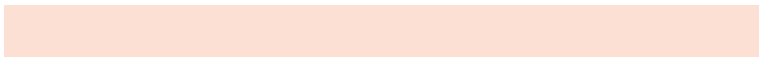
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



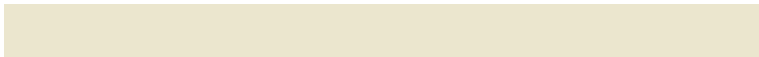
226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726



229.9420, 11.3676, -6.0881



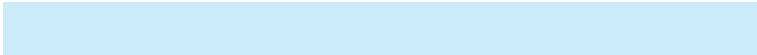
230.8900, -9.8058, 18.5135



228.7590, -11.2202, 5.4734

# Sweetspot

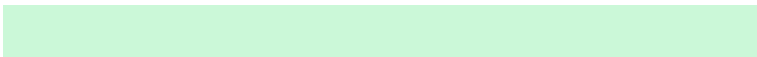
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726



248.7650, 3.0739, -5.9329



230.8970, -7.3442, -24.4657



123.8470, 2.0474, -3.3738



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

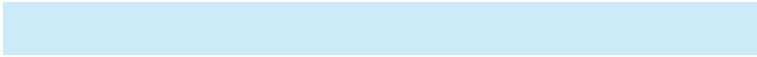


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

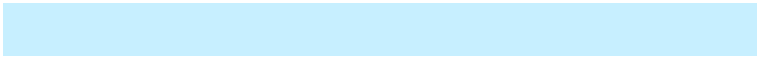


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726



228.8640, 12.8850, -26.1907



214.0000, 16.7620, -9.6470



118.7650, 3.0739, -5.9329



100.2040, 43.7764, -87.8789



32.7820, 13.9115, -28.7498



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



220.1030, 7.3442, 24.4657



220.3040, 9.2171, 30.4284



237.0000, -16.7620, 9.6470



116.9130, 2.0149, 7.0923



71.7870, 30.6710, 102.7958

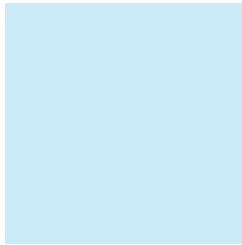


23.2550, 10.2273, 33.1024



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

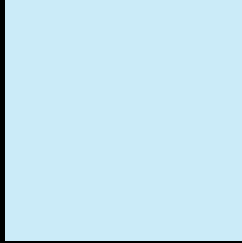
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

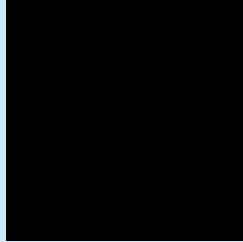
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726.



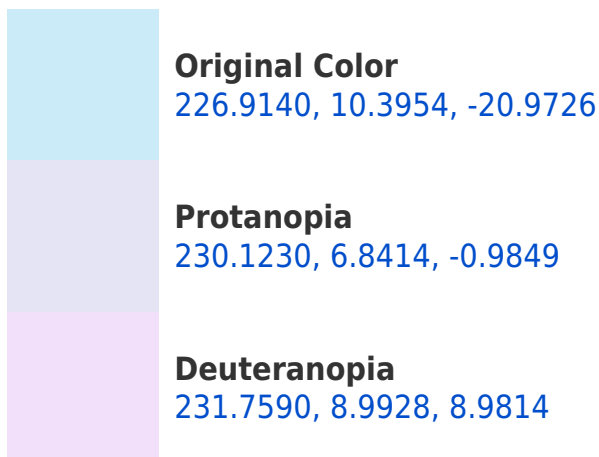
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726.

-20.9726.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

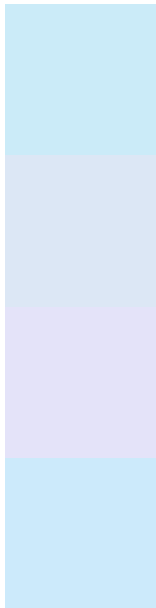




## Tritanopia

227.1960, 12.7214, -20.3429

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726

## Protanomaly

229.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622

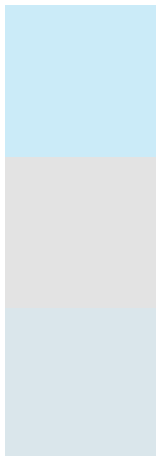
## Deuteranomaly

229.8070, 9.4621, -1.5847

## Tritanomaly

226.9680, 11.8478, -20.1429

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726

## Achromatopsia

227.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

226.9820, 3.9529, -7.8772

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 235, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 235, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 235, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 235, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 235, 248) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 235, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 235, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 235, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 235, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 235,  
248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 226.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 235, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
235, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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