

# Converting Colors

YUV(228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(228.4330, 6.6885,  
1.3743)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6E1F2
RGB	230, 225, 242
RGB Percent	90%, 88%, 95%
CMY	0.0980, 0.1176, 0.0510
CMYK	0.05, 0.07, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	258°, 40%, 92%
HSV	258°, 7%, 95%
XYZ	75.5854, 77.0842, 94.8994
YIQ	228.4330, -2.4770, 6.3470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

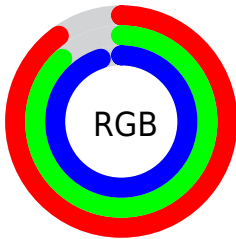
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	230, 225, 242
Decimal	15131122
CIE Lab	90.36, 4.79, -7.66
CIE LCh	90, 9.035, 301.992
Yxy	77.0842, 0.3053, 0.3114
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293321202 (0xFFE6E1F2)
YUV	228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743
Hunter-Lab	87.7976, 0.0256, -2.6275

# Details

The YUV color `228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `238.5670, -6.6885, -1.3743`, and the grayscale version is `228.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000`, and `173.0200, 6.3991, 0.8595` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `209.2620, 16.1398, 3.2782`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `247.6040, -2.7628, -0.5297`.

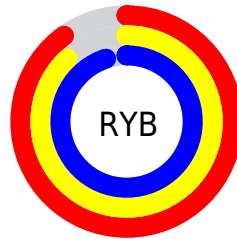
# Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (88%)

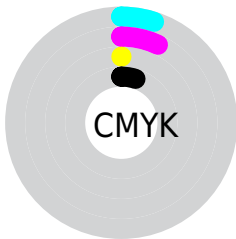
Blue (95%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (95%)

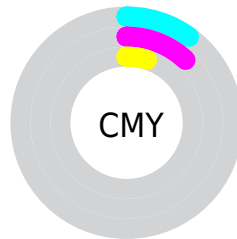


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 228.4330, 6.6885,  
1.3743

■ 228.4330, 6.6885,  
1.3743

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 200.4330, 6.6885,  
1.3743

■ 173.0200, 6.3991,  
0.8595

■ 146.3190, 6.2517,  
1.4742

■ 120.9060, 5.9623,  
0.9594

■ 95.9060, 5.9623,  
0.9594

■ 72.3790, 5.2362,  
0.5446

■ 49.6780, 5.0887,

1.1594

■ 28.6780, 5.0887,  
1.1594

■ 3.5470, 7.1253,  
1.2743

■ 228.4330, 6.6885,  
1.3743

■ 228.4330, 6.6885,  
1.3743

■ 209.2620, 16.1398,  
3.2782

■ 247.6040, -2.7628,  
-0.5297

■ 190.0910, 25.5911,  
5.1822

■ 253.5180, -5.6784,  
1.2997

■ 170.3330, 35.3318,  
7.6010

■ 151.1620, 44.7831,  
9.5049

■ 131.9910, 54.2344,  
11.4089

■ 112.8200, 63.6857,  
13.3129

■ 93.3500, 73.2845,  
14.6021

■ 73.5920, 83.0251,  
17.0208

■ 54.4210, 92.4764,  
18.9248

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



227.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326



228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743



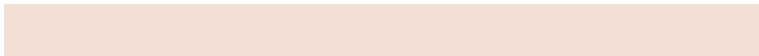
229.2660, 3.3199, 8.5367

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743



228.0140, -7.8949, 12.2657



224.9550, 1.5012, -14.8695

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



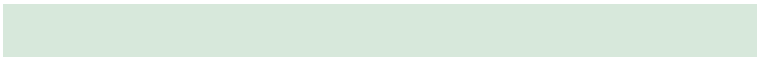
228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743



238.5670, -6.6885, -1.3743

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



225.4350, -3.1725, -9.1515



228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743



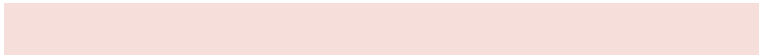
227.1550, -8.4574, 6.0031

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743



228.8340, -4.8482, 15.0546



226.2680, -6.5411, -1.9890



224.6820, 5.5798, -16.3841



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743



229.4900, 0.2514, 12.7253



226.2680, -6.5411, -1.9890



225.2110, -0.1040, -13.3400

# Sweetspot

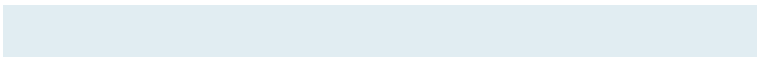
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743



250.8690, 2.0366, 0.1149



233.9820, 3.9529, -7.8772



125.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743



239.0740, 7.8515, 1.6891



230.8250, 5.5093, 6.2925



110.2650, 4.7994, 0.6446



37.1220, 72.4109, 14.8020



11.4670, 21.9548, 4.8524



# Inverse Universe

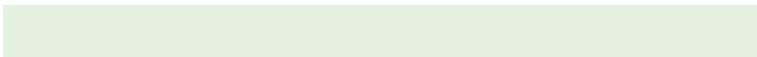
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



231.4510, 2.7357, 9.2515



242.5760, 3.1670, 10.8958



236.1750, -5.5093, -6.2925



112.5000, 1.7255, 6.5775



69.8360, 29.6609, 100.1218

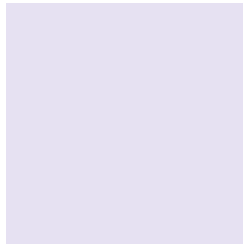


21.3040, 9.2171, 30.4284



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

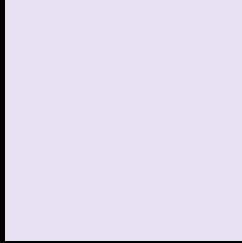
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

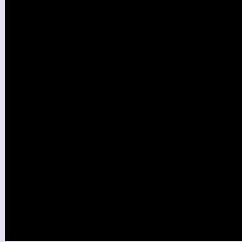
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

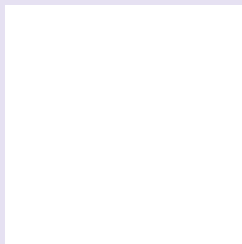
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743.



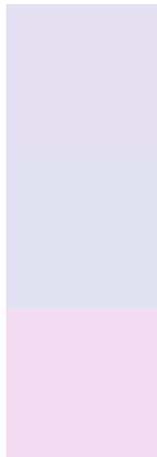
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 228.4330, 6.6885,

1.3743.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743

### Protanopia

228.2370, 7.2782, -1.0848

### Deuteranopia

229.7870, 6.5140, 10.7108



## Tritanopia

228.5470, 7.1253, 1.2743

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743

## Protanomaly

228.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701

## Deuteranomaly

229.1780, 6.8142, 7.7369

## Tritanomaly

228.5470, 7.1253, 1.2743

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743

## Achromatopsia

228.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

228.2820, 2.3260, 0.6297

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 225, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 225, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 225, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 225, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 225, 242) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 225, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 225, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 225, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 225, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 225,  
242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 228.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 225, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
225, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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