

# Converting Colors

YUV(228.9140, 10.3954,  
-20.9726)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(228.9140, 10.3954,  
-20.9726)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CDEDFA
RGB	205, 237, 250
RGB Percent	80%, 93%, 98%
CMY	0.1961, 0.0706, 0.0196
CMYK	0.18, 0.05, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	197°, 82%, 89%
HSV	197°, 18%, 98%
XYZ	72.7163, 80.4496, 102.1383
YIQ	228.9140, -23.2450, -2.7410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

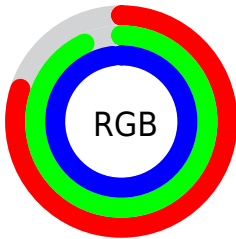
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	205, 224, 250
Decimal	13495802
CIE Lab	91.89, -7.73, -9.77
CIE LCh	92, 12.457, 231.664
Yxy	80.4496, 0.2848, 0.3151
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291685882 (0xFFCDEDFA)
YUV	228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726
Hunter-Lab	89.6937, -12.2508, -4.7306

# Details

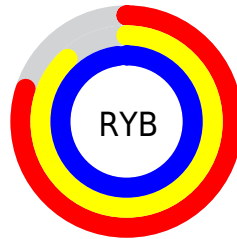
The YUV color **228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **226.0860, -10.3954, 20.9726**, and the grayscale version is **229.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**, and **173.2130, 10.2480, -20.3578** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **217.3300, 16.1063, -32.7384**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **240.4980, 4.6845, -9.2067**.

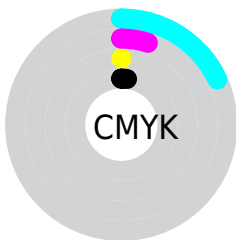
# Distribution



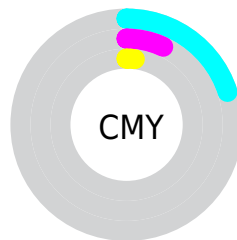
- Red (80%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 228.9140, 10.3954,  
-20.9726

■ 228.9140, 10.3954,  
-20.9726

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 200.8000, 9.9586,  
-20.8726

■ 173.2130, 10.2480,  
-20.3578

■ 146.3980, 9.6638,  
-19.6430

■ 120.3980, 9.6638,  
-19.6430

■ 95.6970, 9.5164,  
-19.0283

■ 71.5830, 9.0796,  
-18.9283

■ 48.2840, 9.2270,

-19.5431

■ 26.1590, 8.7956,  
-21.1874

■ 10.3670, 6.7211,  
-9.0919

■ 228.9140, 10.3954,  
-20.9726

■ 228.9140, 10.3954,  
-20.9726

■ 217.3300, 16.1063,  
-32.7384

■ 240.4980, 4.6845,  
-9.2067

■ 205.7460, 21.8172,  
-44.5042

■ 252.0820, -1.0264,  
2.5591

■ 193.5750, 27.8175,  
-55.7553

■ 254.4300, -2.1840,  
0.4999

■ 181.9910, 33.5284,  
-67.5211

■ 170.4070, 39.2393,  
-79.2869

■ 158.8230, 44.9503,  
-91.0528

■ 146.6520, 50.9506,  
-102.3038

■ 135.0680, 56.6615,  
-114.0696

■ 132.9860, 57.6879,  
-116.6287

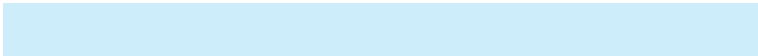
# Harmonies

## Analogous

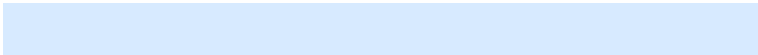
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



228.0510, 5.8909, -22.8467



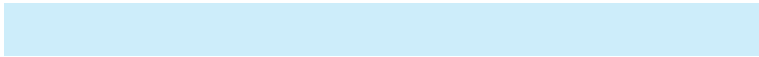
228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726



230.7130, 11.9735, -13.7803

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726



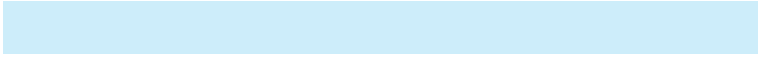
234.3380, 0.8194, 17.2436



230.5520, -10.6251, 1.2699

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726



226.0860, -10.3954, 20.9726

# Split Complementary

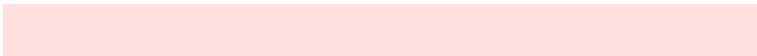
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



231.9770, -11.8207, 11.4212



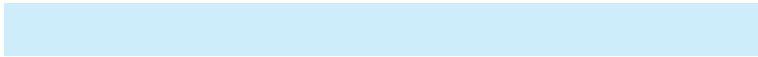
228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726



233.1550, -5.0064, 19.1581

# Square

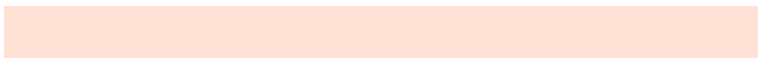
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726



233.7760, 6.5194, 8.9664



232.8900, -9.8058, 18.5135

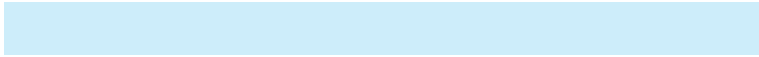


229.0390, -5.9352, -9.6812



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726



231.9420, 11.3676, -6.0881



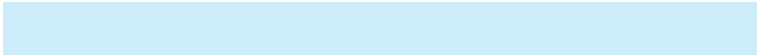
232.8900, -9.8058, 18.5135



230.7590, -11.2202, 5.4734

# Sweetspot

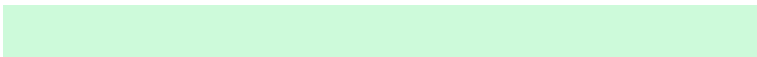
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726



248.7650, 3.0739, -5.9329



232.8970, -7.3442, -24.4657



123.8470, 2.0474, -3.3738



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

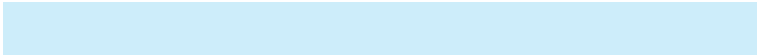


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

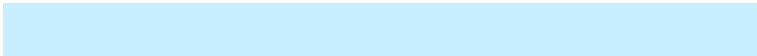


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726



228.8640, 12.8850, -26.1907



216.0000, 16.7620, -9.6470



118.7650, 3.0739, -5.9329



100.2040, 43.7764, -87.8789



32.7820, 13.9115, -28.7498



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



222.1030, 7.3442, 24.4657



220.3040, 9.2171, 30.4284



239.0000, -16.7620, 9.6470



116.9130, 2.0149, 7.0923



71.7870, 30.6710, 102.7958

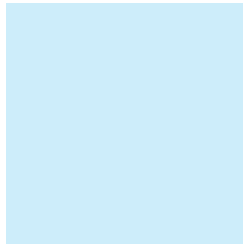


23.2550, 10.2273, 33.1024



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

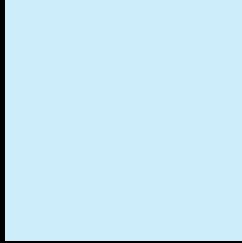
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726.

-20.9726.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726

### Protanopia

232.1230, 6.8414, -0.9849

### Deuteranopia

233.7590, 8.9928, 8.9814



## Tritanopia

229.1960, 12.7214, -20.3429

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726

## Protanomaly

231.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622

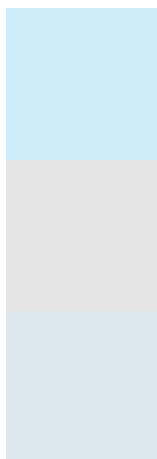
## Deuteranomaly

231.8070, 9.4621, -1.5847

## Tritanomaly

228.9680, 11.8478, -20.1429

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726

## Achromatopsia

229.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

228.9820, 3.9529, -7.8772

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 237, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 237, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 237, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 237, 250) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 237, 250) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 237, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 237, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 237, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 237, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 237,  
250) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 228.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 237, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
237, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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