

Converting Colors

YUV(229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067)
contains.

YUV(229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(229.9540, 6.4317,
-9.6067)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBE9F3
RGB	219, 233, 243
RGB Percent	86%, 91%, 95%
CMY	0.1412, 0.0863, 0.0471
CMYK	0.10, 0.04, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	205°, 50%, 91%
HSV	205°, 10%, 95%
XYZ	74.5300, 79.8090, 96.2705
YIQ	229.9540, -11.5540, 0.1420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

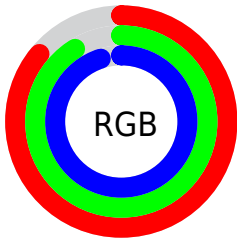
Format	Color
R _Y B	219, 228, 243
Decimal	14412275
CIE Lab	91.60, -2.72, -6.44
CIE LCh	92, 6.993, 247.125
Yxy	79.8090, 0.2974, 0.3185
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292602355 (0xFFDBE9F3)
YUV	229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067
Hunter-Lab	89.3359, -7.4210, -1.3573

Details

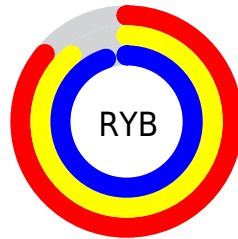
The YUV color `229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `232.0460, -6.4317, 9.6067`, and the grayscale version is `230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000`, and `174.2530, 6.2843, -8.9919` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `216.9080, 12.8634, -19.2133`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `243.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000`.

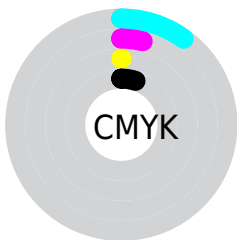
Distribution



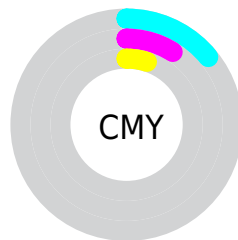
- Red (86%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 229.9540, 6.4317,
-9.6067

■ 229.9540, 6.4317,
-9.6067

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 201.9540, 6.4317,
-9.6067

■ 174.2530, 6.2843,
-8.9919

■ 148.1390, 5.8475,
-8.8919

■ 122.1390, 5.8475,
-8.8919

■ 97.0250, 5.4107,
-8.7919

■ 73.3240, 5.2633,
-8.1771

■ 50.6230, 5.1159,

-7.5624

■ 29.5090, 4.6791,
-7.4624

■ 7.4490, 5.6946,
-6.5328

■ 229.9540, 6.4317,
-9.6067

■ 229.9540, 6.4317,
-9.6067

■ 216.9080, 12.8634,
-19.2133

■ 243.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 203.5630, 19.4424,
-29.4348

■ 252.4580, -4.6628,
2.2293

■ 190.5170, 25.8741,
-39.0414

■ 253.6320, -5.2416,
1.1997

■ 177.4710, 32.3058,
-48.6481

■ 163.5390, 39.1743,
-58.3547

■ 150.4930, 45.6060,
-67.9614

■ 137.4470, 52.0376,
-77.5680

■ 124.4010, 58.4693,
-87.1747

■ 111.0560, 65.0484,
-97.3961

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



229.4760, 4.6953, -12.6955



229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067



230.9870, 6.4154, -4.3736

Triad

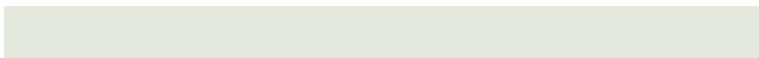
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067



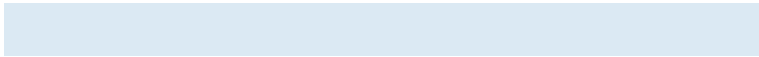
232.0230, -1.4903, 11.3808



229.7240, -4.7939, -2.3889

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



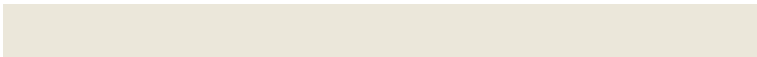
229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067



232.0460, -6.4317, 9.6067

Split Complementary

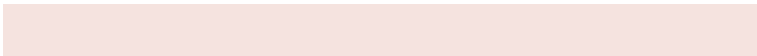
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



230.7140, -6.2680, 3.7588



229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067



231.9260, -4.4005, 11.4659

Square

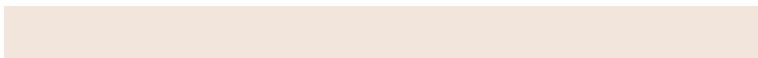
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



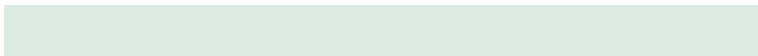
229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067



232.2120, 1.8675, 7.7071



231.7470, -6.2843, 8.9919



229.3750, -2.1569, -8.2219

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067



231.4930, 5.6730, 0.4446



231.7470, -6.2843, 8.9919



229.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702

Sweetspot

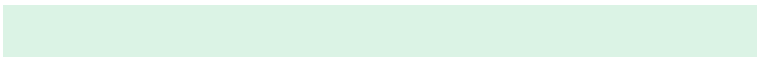
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067



250.8470, 2.0474, -3.3738



234.2280, -2.5774, -13.3550



124.4450, 1.7526, -2.1443



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



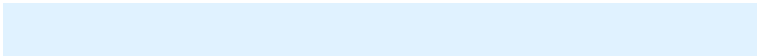
128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067



238.1000, 8.3317, -12.3657



222.9100, 9.9044, -3.4291



115.4770, 3.2158, -4.8033



85.1870, 49.7008, -74.7090



26.6840, 15.9318, -23.4019

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



227.7720, 2.5774, 13.3550



235.3210, 3.2927, 17.2585



239.0900, -9.9044, 3.4291



114.3860, 1.2887, 6.6775



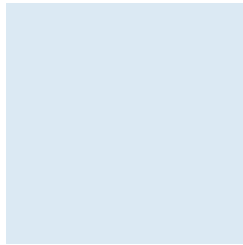
68.0400, 20.1933, 103.4509



21.5170, 6.1541, 32.8726

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

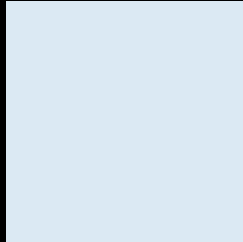
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

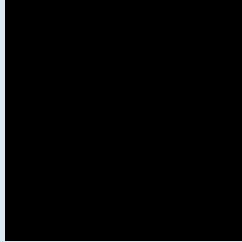
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

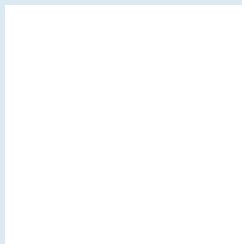
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067.



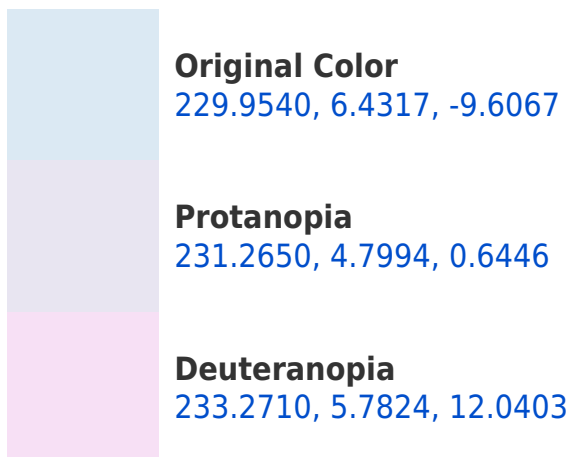
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067.

-9.6067.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

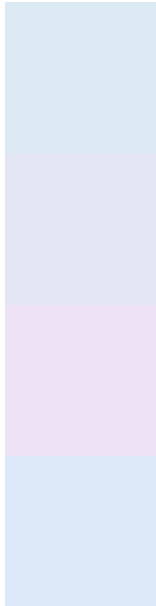




Tritanopia

230.4640, 9.6312, -9.1769

Trichromacy



Original Color

229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067

Protanomaly

230.4710, 5.6838, -3.0441

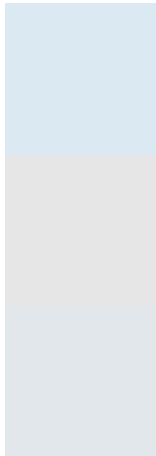
Deuteranomaly

231.9280, 5.9515, 4.4481

Tritanomaly

230.1220, 8.3209, -8.8770

Monochromacy



Original Color

229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067

Achromatopsia

230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

229.9610, 2.4842, -3.4738

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 233, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 233, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 233, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 233, 243) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 233, 243) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 233, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 233, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 233, 243); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 233, 243); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 233, 243) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 229.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 233, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
233, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor