

Converting Colors

YUV(23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996)
contains.

YUV(23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(23.1510, 7.8136,
13.8996)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	270C27
RGB	39, 12, 39
RGB Percent	15%, 5%, 15%
CMY	0.8471, 0.9529, 0.8471
CMYK	0.00, 0.69, 0.00, 0.85
HSL	300°, 53%, 10%
HSV	300°, 69%, 15%
XYZ	1.3344, 0.8408, 2.0114
YIQ	23.1510, 7.4250, 14.1210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

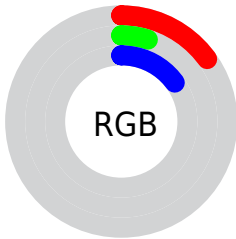
Format	Color
RYB	39, 12, 39
Decimal	2559015
CIELab	7.59, 18.92, -12.19
CIELCh	8, 22.506, 327.205
Yxy	0.8408, 0.3187, 0.2008
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280749095 (0xFF270C27)
YUV	23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996
Hunter-Lab	9.1693, 9.9303, -6.5875

Details

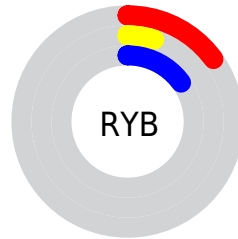
The YUV color **23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **27.8490, -7.8136, -13.8996**, and the grayscale version is **23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.2760, 8.2449, 15.5439**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.8030, 8.9711, 15.9588**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.4990, 6.6560, 11.8404**.

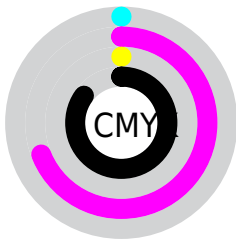
Distribution



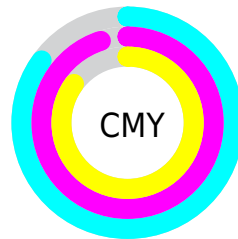
- Red (15%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (85%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 23.1510, 7.8136,
13.8996

■ 23.1510, 7.8136,
13.8996

■ 244.4340, 5.2090,
9.2664

■ 5.9390, 5.9461,
6.1925

■ 67.2760, 8.2449,
15.5439

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 90.9880, 8.3869,
16.6735

■ 115.5150, 9.1131,
17.0883

■ 141.8140, 8.9657,
17.7031

■ 168.2270, 9.2551,
18.2179

■ 195.6400, 9.5445,

18.7327

■ 223.3520, 9.6865,
19.8623

■ 23.1510, 7.8136,
13.8996

■ 23.1510, 7.8136,
13.8996

■ 20.8030, 8.9711,
15.9588

■ 25.4990, 6.6560,
11.8404

■ 18.4550, 10.1287,
18.0180

■ 27.8470, 5.4984,
9.7812

■ 16.1070, 11.2862,
20.0772

■ 30.1950, 4.3409,
7.7220

■ 32.5430, 3.1833,
5.6628

■ 34.8910, 2.0257,
3.6036

■ 36.6520, 1.1576,
2.0592

■ 39.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 41.3480, -1.1576,
-2.0592

■ 43.6960, -2.3151,
-4.1184

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.4200, 13.1039, -2.9993



23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996



21.3110, 1.8187, 23.4063

Triad

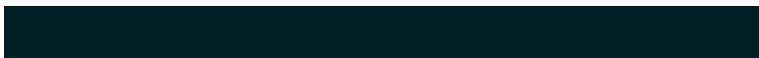
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996



22.1830, -10.9362, 7.7325



22.3010, 6.7536, -19.5580

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996



27.8490, -7.8136, -13.8996

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.5910, 0.2016, -18.0583



23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996



19.7470, -9.7353, -4.1631

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996



21.3630, -10.5320, 18.0986



17.0230, -8.3923, -14.9292



22.4950, 12.5740, -19.7281

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996



20.1280, -4.0071, 25.3207



17.0230, -8.3923, -14.9292



21.7310, 4.5696, -19.0581

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996



44.5430, 3.1833, 5.6628



15.0780, 11.7935, -2.6994



21.8910, 2.0257, 3.6036



153.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



26.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996



26.3460, 12.1544, 21.6216



21.6690, 2.1352, 15.1993



18.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



34.6920, 24.3088, 43.2431



87.5560, 61.3509, 109.1374

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996



26.3460, 12.1544, 21.6216



29.4450, -1.6984, -15.2993



18.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



34.6920, 24.3088, 43.2431



87.5560, 61.3509, 109.1374

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

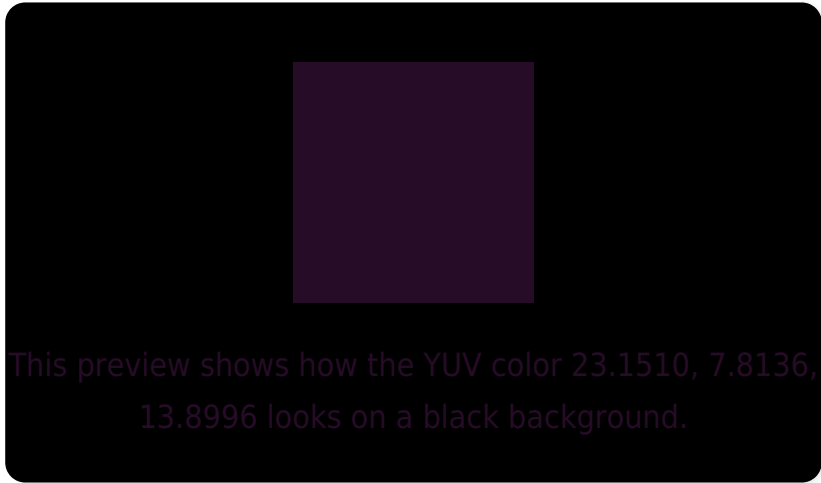
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

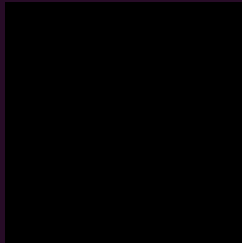
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 23.1510, 7.8136,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996

Protanopia

19.0870, 14.7471, -16.7393

Deuteranopia

23.6880, 6.5628, -4.9884



Tritanopia

23.9090, -1.9271, 11.4808

Trichromacy



Original Color

23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996

Protanomaly

20.4690, 12.0938, -5.6733

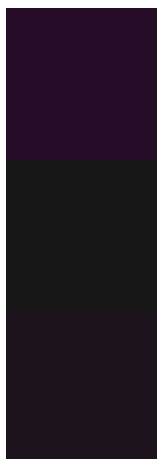
Deuteranomaly

23.8460, 6.9779, 1.8891

Tritanomaly

23.8320, 1.5618, 12.4253

Monochromacy



Original Color

23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996

Achromatopsia

23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

23.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(39, 12, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(39, 12, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 12, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(39, 12, 39) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(39, 12, 39) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(39, 12, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(39, 12, 39)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(39, 12, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 12, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 12, 39)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 23.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(39, 12, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(39, 12,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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