

Converting Colors

YUV(23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(23.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	111A1A
RGB	17, 26, 26
RGB Percent	7%, 10%, 10%
CMY	0.9333, 0.8980, 0.8980
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.00, 0.90
HSL	180°, 21%, 8%
HSV	180°, 35%, 10%
XYZ	0.7870, 0.9325, 1.1158
YIQ	23.3090, -5.3640, -1.9080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	17, 22, 26
Decimal	1120794
CIE _{Lab}	8.42, -4.04, -1.34
CIE _{LCh}	8, 4.256, 198.414
Yxy	0.9325, 0.2776, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279310874 (0xFF111A1A)
YUV	23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330
Hunter-Lab	9.6568, -2.3520, -0.0909

Details

The YUV color **23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **19.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330**, and the grayscale version is **23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.0100, 1.4741, -6.1478**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.2060, 0.8844, -3.6887**.

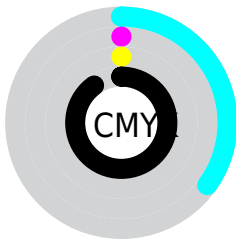
Distribution



- Red (7%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (90%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 23.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 23.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 249.4120, 1.7689,
-7.3773

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 66.0100, 1.4741,
-6.1478

■ 89.5970, 1.1847,
-6.6626

■ 113.7110, 1.6215,
-6.7625

■ 139.7110, 1.6215,
-6.7625

■ 165.7110, 1.6215,
-6.7625

■ 192.7110, 1.6215,

-6.7625

■ 220.4120, 1.7689,
-7.3773

■ 23.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 23.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 22.4120, 1.7689,
-7.3773

■ 24.2060, 0.8844,
-3.6887

■ 21.8140, 2.0637,
-8.6069

■ 24.8040, 0.5896,
-2.4591

■ 20.9170, 2.5059,
-10.4512

■ 25.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 20.3190, 2.8007,
-11.6808

■ 26.2990, -0.1474,
0.6148

■ 19.4220, 3.2430,
-13.5251

■ 27.1960, -0.5896,
2.4591

■ 18.5250, 3.6852,
-15.3694

■ 28.0930, -1.0318,
4.3034

■ 18.2260, 3.8326,
-15.9842

■ 28.6910, -1.3267,
5.5330

■ 29.5880, -1.7689,
7.3773

■ 30.1860, -2.0637,
8.6069

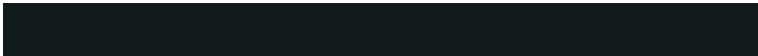
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.5650, -0.2785, -4.0035



23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



23.8360, 2.0529, -5.1182

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



24.7660, 1.5944, 1.9592



24.5120, -3.2104, 3.0590

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



19.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.7510, -2.3422, 4.6034



23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



24.5490, 0.7153, 3.9035

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



24.3850, 2.7682, -1.2146



24.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



24.3160, -2.6208, 0.5999

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



23.6620, 2.6316, -4.0886



24.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



24.3380, -2.6316, 4.0886

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



32.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443



22.2830, -2.6045, -4.6332



17.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296



145.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



18.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



28.8140, 2.0637, -8.6069



20.3740, 2.7736, -2.9590



12.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296



53.9770, 11.3503, -47.3378



143.0040, 30.0710, -125.4145

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332



24.7820, 4.0515, 7.2072



22.0390, -2.4842, 3.4738



11.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



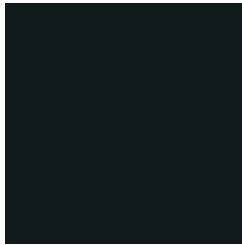
31.8010, 22.2831, 39.6395



84.2520, 59.0358, 105.0190

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

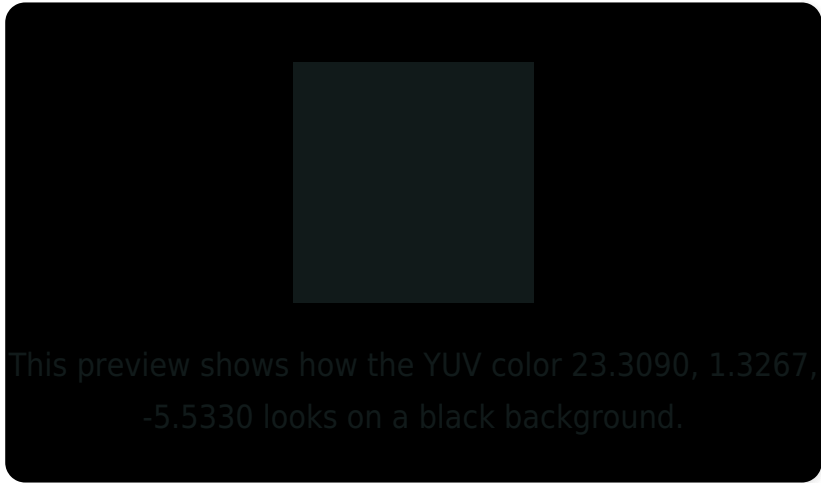
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

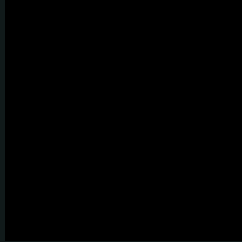
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

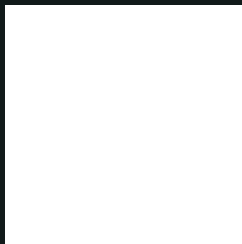
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330.



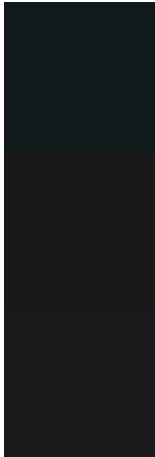
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330.

-5.5330.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330

Protanopia

24.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148

Deuteranopia

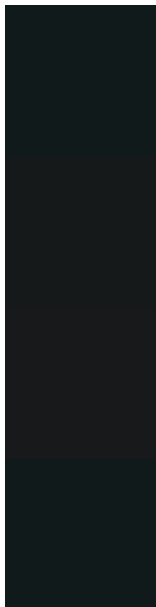
24.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



Tritanopia

23.5370, 2.2003, -5.7329

Trichromacy



Original Color

23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330

Protanomaly

24.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443

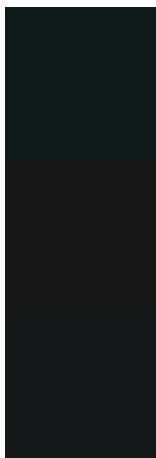
Deuteranomaly

24.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295

Tritanomaly

23.4230, 1.7635, -5.6330

Monochromacy



Original Color

23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330

Achromatopsia

23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

23.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(17, 26, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(17, 26, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 26, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(17, 26, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(17, 26, 26) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(17, 26, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(17, 26, 26)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(17, 26, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 26, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 26, 26)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 23.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(17, 26, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(17, 26,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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