

# Converting Colors

YUV(23.3800, 54.0427,  
-20.5043)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(23.3800, 54.0427,  
-20.5043)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	000E85
RGB	0, 14, 133
RGB Percent	0%, 5%, 52%
CMY	1.0000, 0.9451, 0.4784
CMYK	1.00, 0.89, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	234°, 100%, 26%
HSV	234°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	4.3907, 2.0075, 22.3464
YIQ	23.3800, -46.5430, 34.0410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

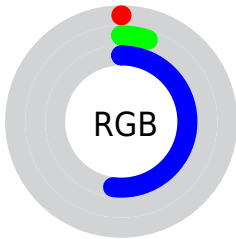
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 13, 133
Decimal	3717
CIELab	15.53, 43.51, -63.62
CIELCh	16, 77.074, 304.373
Yxy	2.0075, 0.1527, 0.0698
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278193797 (0xFF000E85)
YUV	23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043
Hunter-Lab	14.1687, 30.5191, -83.5918

# Details

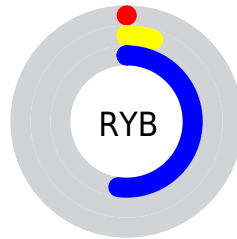
The YUV color **23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000066**. A complement of this color would be **109.6200, -54.0427, 20.5043**, and the grayscale version is **23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.9420, 51.7936, 0.9279**, and **9.3480, 35.8174, -8.1982** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.3110, 48.6537, -18.6897**.

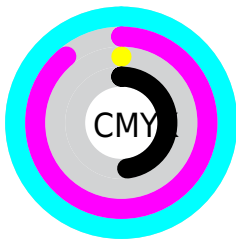
# Distribution



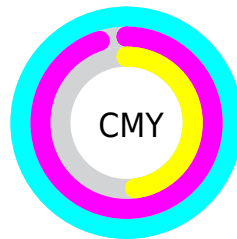
- Red (0%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 23.3800, 54.0427,  
-20.5043

■ 23.3800, 54.0427,  
-20.5043

■ 250.3040, 2.3151,  
4.1184

■ 12.1980, 46.7374,  
-10.6976

■ 81.9420, 51.7936,  
0.9279

■ 9.3480, 35.8174,  
-8.1982

■ 108.3060, 53.0931,  
4.1166

■ 9.5470, 23.8873,  
-8.3727

■ 134.9580, 54.2507,  
6.1758

■ 5.1640, 14.7091,  
-4.5288

■ 160.0310, 46.8197,  
9.6198

■ 1.1400, 4.3680,  
-0.9998

■ 183.9640, 35.0207,  
14.0636

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 209.3700, 22.4956,

18.0925

■ 233.2810, 10.7075,  
19.0476

■ 23.3800, 54.0427,  
-20.5043

■ 34.3110, 48.6537,  
-18.6897

■ 45.5410, 43.1173,  
-16.2605

■ 56.4720, 37.7283,  
-14.4459

■ 67.4030, 32.3393,  
-12.6314

■ 78.6330, 26.8029,  
-10.2021

■ 88.9770, 21.7033,  
-7.8728

■ 99.9080, 16.3144,  
-6.0583

■ 110.8390, 10.9254,  
-4.2438

■ 122.0690, 5.3890,  
-1.8145

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.7320, 53.3761, -40.1070



23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043



40.8290, 23.2553, 54.5240

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043



28.6380, -14.1185, 48.5525



38.1160, 3.8868, -33.4277

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043



109.6200, -54.0427, 20.5043

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.2850, -15.9165, -28.3139



23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043



36.0380, -17.7667, 5.2287

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043



33.7870, -16.6570, 69.4698



29.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399



45.5600, 27.3319, -39.9561



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043



42.1070, 4.8772, 69.1892



29.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399



35.3630, -4.1230, -31.0134

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043



130.4500, 20.9772, -8.2876



91.4090, 12.6164, -80.1657



60.9960, 12.8200, -5.2585



214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043



30.2880, 70.3570, -26.5626



30.4110, 50.5764, 18.0566



60.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999



23.0380, 52.7323, -20.2043



0.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.3630, -13.4900, 80.3656



53.7790, -17.6390, 104.5568



102.5890, -50.5764, -18.0566



61.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887



40.4660, -13.0477, 78.5213

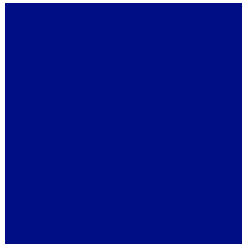


0.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

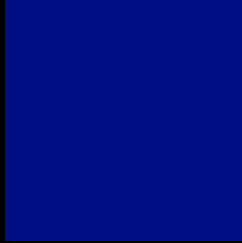
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

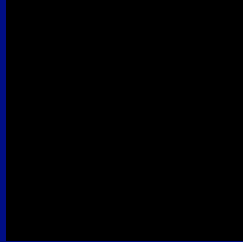
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Protanopia

33.0560, 25.1154, -28.9901

### Deuteranopia

33.3350, 18.5688, -29.2348

### Tritanopia

32.4740, 7.6543, -28.4797

# Trichromacy



## Protanomaly

29.8250, 35.5823, -26.1565

## Deuteranomaly

29.5000, 31.7985, -25.8715

## Tritanomaly

28.9640, 24.6677, -25.4014

# Monochromacy



## Achromatopsia

23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

23.4070, 19.5193, -7.3729

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 14, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 14, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 14, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 14, 133) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 14, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 14, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 14, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 14, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 14, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 14, 133)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 23.3800, 54.0427, -20.5043 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 14, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 14,  
133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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