

Converting Colors

YUV(23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(23.4150, -6.1206,
3.1440)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1B180B
RGB	27, 24, 11
RGB Percent	11%, 9%, 4%
CMY	0.8941, 0.9059, 0.9569
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.59, 0.89
HSL	49°, 42%, 7%
HSV	49°, 59%, 11%
XYZ	0.8390, 0.9104, 0.4481
YIQ	23.4150, 5.9610, -3.4070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

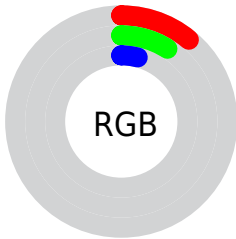
Format	Color
R_YB	15, 27, 11
Decimal	1775627
CIE Lab	8.22, -1.07, 7.77
CIE LCh	8, 7.839, 97.839
Yxy	0.9104, 0.3818, 0.4143
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279965707 (0xFF1B180B)
YUV	23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440
Hunter-Lab	9.5417, -1.0019, 3.8947

Details

The YUV color **23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **14.5850, 6.1206, -3.1440**, and the grayscale version is **23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.5290, -5.6838, 3.0441**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.4860, -7.1416, 3.9588**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.3440, -5.0996, 2.3293**.

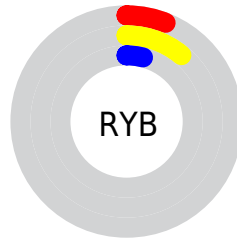
Distribution



Red (11%)

Green (9%)

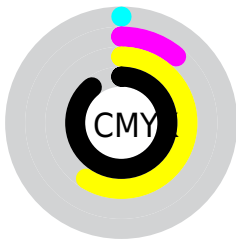
Blue (4%)



Red (6%)

Yellow (11%)

Blue (4%)

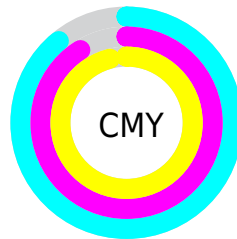


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (59%)

Black (89%)



Cyan (89%)

Magenta (91%)

Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 23.4150, -6.1206,
3.1440

■ 23.4150, -6.1206,
3.1440

■ 249.4860, -7.1416,
3.9588

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 66.5290, -5.6838,
3.0441

■ 89.4150, -6.1206,
3.1440

■ 114.3010, -6.5574,
3.2440

■ 139.6000, -6.7048,
3.8588

■ 165.6000, -6.7048,
3.8588

■ 193.4860, -7.1416,

3.9588

■ 220.8990, -6.8522,
4.4736

■ 23.4150, -6.1206,
3.1440

■ 23.4150, -6.1206,
3.1440

■ 22.4860, -7.1416,
3.9588

■ 24.3440, -5.0996,
2.3293

■ 22.2580, -8.0152,
4.1587

■ 24.5720, -4.2260,
2.1294

■ 21.3290, -9.0362,
4.9735

■ 25.5010, -3.2050,
1.3146

■ 20.9870, -10.3466,
5.2734

■ 25.8430, -1.8946,
1.0147

■ 26.7720, -0.8736,
0.2000

■ 27.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 27.9290, 1.0210,
-0.8147

■ 28.2710, 2.3314,
-1.1147

■ 29.0860, 2.9156,
-1.8294

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.8500, -5.8420, 7.1476



23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440



23.1370, -4.5045, -1.8741

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440



21.6610, 4.1111, -11.9807



25.0870, 1.4361, 6.0627

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440



14.5850, 6.1206, -3.1440

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.3360, 3.7784, 1.4593



23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440



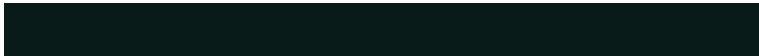
22.6120, 5.1213, -9.3067

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440



21.0910, 1.9271, -11.4808



23.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737



24.5280, -0.7533, 8.3069

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440



22.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479



23.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737



24.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440



34.0280, -2.4788, 1.7294



16.1260, -1.0481, 9.5365



16.9570, -1.4578, 0.9147



145.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



18.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440



30.1010, -9.9098, 5.1734



23.6810, -6.2517, -1.4742



12.7720, -0.8736, 0.2000



59.4170, -29.2926, 15.4203



158.4380, -78.1099, 39.9579

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.5850, 6.1206, -3.1440



15.8990, 9.9098, -5.1734



14.3190, 6.2517, 1.4742



11.8150, 0.5842, -0.7148



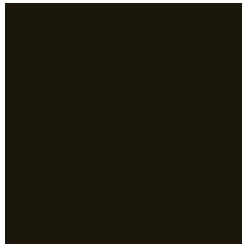
16.9960, 29.5820, -14.9055



45.5620, 78.1099, -39.9579

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

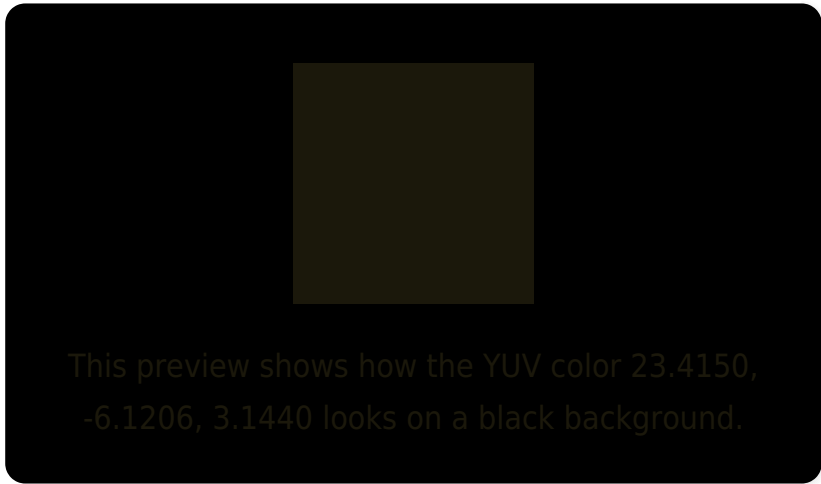
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

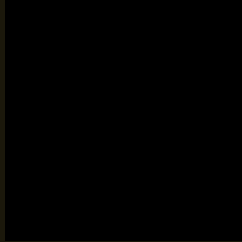
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440.

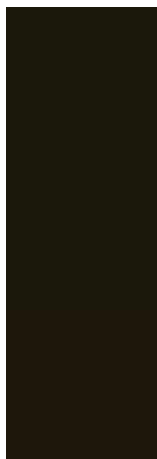


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440

Protanopia

23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440

Deuteranopia

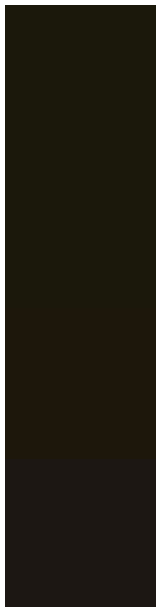
23.7250, -6.2734, 5.5032



Tritanopia

24.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739

Trichromacy



Original Color

23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440

Protanomaly

23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440

Deuteranomaly

23.4260, -6.1260, 4.8884

Tritanomaly

24.0390, -2.4842, 3.4738

Monochromacy



Original Color

23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440

Achromatopsia

23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

22.8430, -1.8946, 1.0147

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(27, 24, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(27, 24, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 24, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(27, 24, 11) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(27, 24, 11) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(27, 24, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(27, 24, 11)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(27, 24, 11); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 24, 11);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 24, 11)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 23.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(27, 24, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(27, 24,  
11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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