

# Converting Colors

YUV(23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(23.9000, 8.4303,  
2.7187)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1B1329
RGB	27, 19, 41
RGB Percent	11%, 7%, 16%
CMY	0.8941, 0.9255, 0.8392
CMYK	0.34, 0.54, 0.00, 0.84
HSL	262°, 37%, 12%
HSV	262°, 54%, 16%
XYZ	1.0851, 0.8589, 2.2064
YIQ	23.9000, -2.2940, 8.5380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

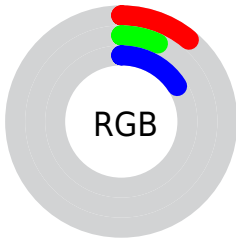
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	27, 19, 41
Decimal	1774377
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	7.76, 10.18, -13.56
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	8, 16.960, 306.889
Yxy	0.8589, 0.2614, 0.2069
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279964457 (0xFF1B1329)
YUV	23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187
Hunter-Lab	9.2674, 4.6822, -7.6287

# Details

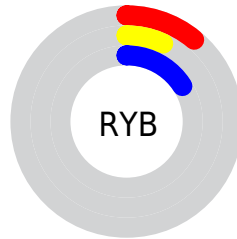
The YUV color **23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **36.1000, -8.4303, -2.7187**, and the grayscale version is **24.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.8400, 9.4459, 3.6483**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.6550, 10.0301, 2.9336**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.1450, 6.8305, 2.5038**.

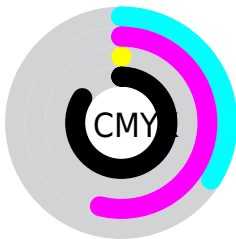
# Distribution



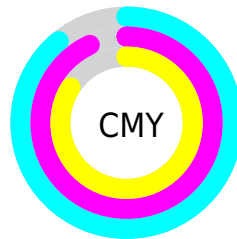
- Red (11%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (84%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 23.9000, 8.4303,  
2.7187

■ 23.9000, 8.4303,  
2.7187

■ 247.9560, 3.4727,  
6.1776

■ 2.8670, 8.4466,  
-2.5144

■ 66.8400, 9.4459,  
3.6483

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 90.3670, 10.1721,  
4.0631

■ 115.3670, 10.1721,  
4.0631

■ 140.7800, 10.4615,  
4.5779

■ 167.0080, 11.3351,  
4.3780

■ 194.3070, 11.1876,

4.9928

■ 222.4210, 11.6244,  
4.8928

■ 23.9000, 8.4303,  
2.7187

■ 23.9000, 8.4303,  
2.7187

■ 20.6550, 10.0301,  
2.9336

■ 27.1450, 6.8305,  
2.5038

■ 17.7090, 11.4825,  
3.7632

■ 30.0910, 5.3781,  
1.6742

■ 14.4640, 13.0822,  
3.9781

■ 33.3360, 3.7784,  
1.4593

■ 11.5180, 14.5346,  
4.8077

■ 36.2820, 2.3260,  
0.6297

■ 9.1590, 15.6976,  
5.1226

■ 39.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

■ 43.3590, -1.1630,  
-0.3148

■ 46.3050, -2.6154,  
-1.1445

■ 49.5500, -4.2151,  
-1.3593

■ 52.4960, -5.6675,  
-2.1890

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.4250, 12.1155, -12.6507



23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187



24.1140, 3.8878, 13.0550

# Triad

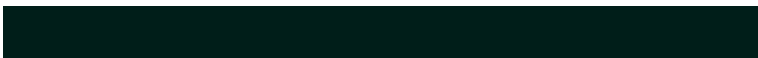
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187



22.2160, -10.9525, 12.9656



20.4600, 2.2382, -17.9434

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187



36.1000, -8.4303, -2.7187

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.2770, -3.5876, -16.0289



23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187



21.8730, -10.7834, 5.3734

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



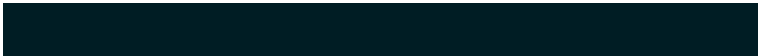
23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187



22.1180, -8.9322, 18.3135



20.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483



21.1270, 7.3324, -18.5284



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187



23.3380, 0.8194, 17.2436



20.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483



19.4170, 0.7804, -17.0287

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187



46.9230, 3.4890, 0.9445



29.7260, 5.5581, -9.4067



24.1680, 1.8892, 0.7297



156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



28.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187



26.8770, 13.3716, 4.4929



27.1890, 6.8088, 9.4812



18.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



18.8450, 32.1214, 10.6599



47.1910, 81.2508, 26.1425



# Inverse Universe

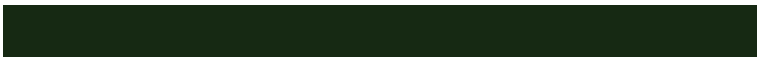
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.1740, 2.8722, 12.1254



31.9730, 4.4503, 19.3177



32.8110, -6.8088, -9.4812



18.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



31.2720, 11.2049, 46.2425



78.7780, 27.7174, 116.8357



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

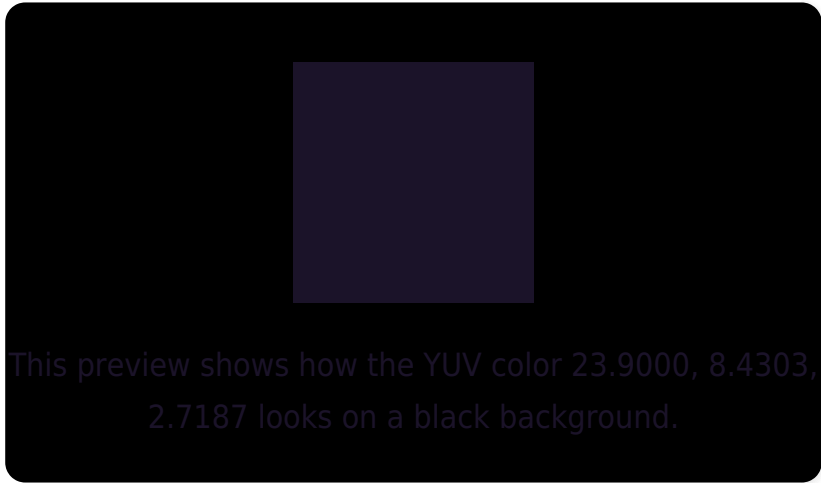
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 23.9000, 8.4303,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187

### Protanopia

21.9200, 11.3784, -9.5768

### Deuteranopia

21.9370, 8.9051, -9.5917



## Tritanopia

23.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187

## Protanomaly

23.0130, 10.3466, -5.2734

## Deuteranomaly

22.5570, 8.5994, -4.8735

## Tritanomaly

23.9230, 3.4890, 0.9445

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187

## Achromatopsia

24.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

23.8090, 3.0522, 1.0445

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(27, 19, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(27, 19, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 19, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(27, 19, 41) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(27, 19, 41) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(27, 19, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 19, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(27, 19, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 19, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 19, 41)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 23.9000, 8.4303, 2.7187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(27, 19, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(27, 19,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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