

Converting Colors

YUV(23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(23.9850, 12.8254,
-7.0028)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	101732
RGB	16, 23, 50
RGB Percent	6%, 9%, 20%
CMY	0.9373, 0.9098, 0.8039
CMYK	0.68, 0.54, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	228°, 52%, 13%
HSV	228°, 68%, 20%
XYZ	1.0958, 0.9532, 3.1439
YIQ	23.9850, -12.8390, 6.9130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

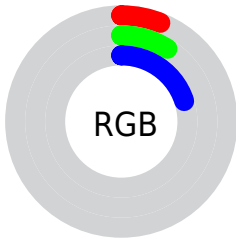
Format	Color
RYB	16, 22, 50
Decimal	1054514
CIELab	8.60, 6.94, -18.95
CIElCh	9, 20.181, 290.109
Yxy	0.9532, 0.2110, 0.1836
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279244594 (0xFF101732)
YUV	23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028
Hunter-Lab	9.7634, 2.9482, -12.2572

Details

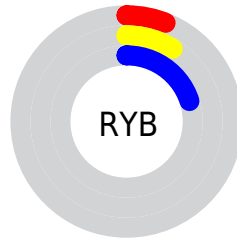
The YUV color **23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **42.0150, -12.8254, 7.0028**, and the grayscale version is **24.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.7510, 14.4198, -5.0436**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.1420, 14.7200, -8.0175**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.8280, 10.9308, -5.9882**.

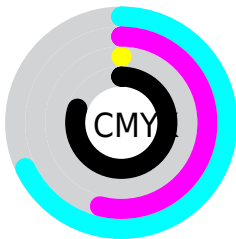
Distribution



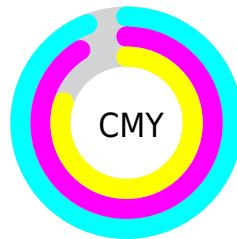
- Red (6%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 23.9850, 12.8254,
-7.0028

■ 23.9850, 12.8254,
-7.0028

■ 248.2000, 3.3524,
-1.9294

■ 3.8930, 12.3778,
-3.4142

■ 67.7510, 14.4198,
-5.0436

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 91.7510, 14.4198,
-5.0436

■ 115.9790, 15.2934,
-5.2436

■ 141.5060, 16.0195,
-4.8288

■ 168.5060, 16.0195,
-4.8288

■ 195.7340, 16.8931,

-5.0287

■ 223.3920, 15.5827,
-4.7288

■ 23.9850, 12.8254,
-7.0028

■ 23.9850, 12.8254,
-7.0028

■ 20.1420, 14.7200,
-8.0175

■ 27.8280, 10.9308,
-5.9882

■ 16.2990, 16.6146,
-9.0322

■ 31.6710, 9.0362,
-4.9735

■ 12.4560, 18.5092,
-10.0469

■ 35.5140, 7.1416,
-3.9588

■ 11.5700, 18.9460,
-10.1469

■ 39.3570, 5.2470,
-2.9441

■ 43.2000, 3.3524,
-1.9294

■ 47.0430, 1.4578,
-0.9147

■ 50.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

■ 54.7290, -2.3314,
1.1147

■ 58.5720, -4.2260,
2.1294

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.2500, 14.1738, -19.5132



23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028



25.5310, 8.1192, 9.1813

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028



23.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282



20.9500, -0.9613, -18.3731

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028



42.0150, -12.8254, 7.0028

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.4040, -9.5662, -11.7553



23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028



23.6780, -11.6733, 10.8064

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



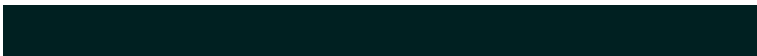
23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028



23.4050, -4.1437, 22.4468



23.0250, -11.3513, 0.8551



22.5460, 5.1538, -19.7728

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028



24.6630, 4.6031, 16.9585



23.0250, -11.3513, 0.8551



19.6790, -3.2927, -17.2585

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028



54.2430, 4.8102, -2.8441



39.0360, 1.9543, -20.2026



27.0860, 2.9156, -1.8294



161.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



33.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028



23.4990, 19.9670, -10.9616



22.8660, 13.3771, 2.7485



23.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999



20.7120, 33.6660, -18.1644



51.1530, 81.7626, -44.8612

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.9640, -1.9543, 20.2026



28.1010, -3.0078, 31.4834



43.1340, -13.3771, -2.7485



23.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



28.6630, -5.2569, 52.9155



70.0130, -12.3314, 128.9076

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

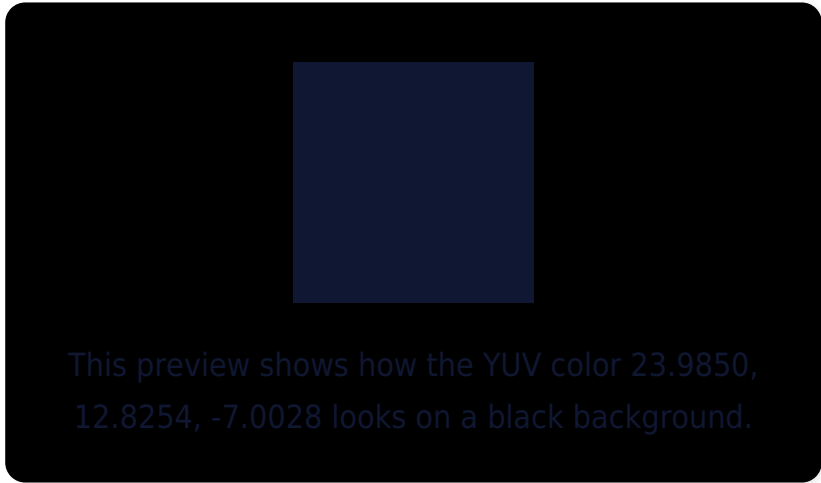
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

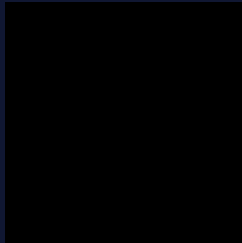
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 23.9850, 12.8254,

-7.0028.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028

Protanopia

20.5000, 15.0365, -16.2245

Deuteranopia

20.2780, 11.6949, -17.7838



Tritanopia

19.8560, 5.0010, -17.4137

Trichromacy



Original Color

23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028

Protanomaly

21.9950, 14.2995, -13.1506

Deuteranomaly

21.7130, 11.9735, -13.7803

Tritanomaly

21.2740, 7.7529, -13.3953

Monochromacy



Original Color

23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028

Achromatopsia

24.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

24.1290, 4.3734, -2.7441

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(16, 23, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(16, 23, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(16, 23, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(16, 23, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(16, 23, 50) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(16, 23, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(16, 23, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(16, 23, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 23, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 23, 50)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 23.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(16, 23, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(16, 23,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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