

# Converting Colors

YUV(230.3560, -13.4865,  
-14.3442)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(230.3560, -13.4865,  
-14.3442)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6F4CB
RGB	214, 244, 203
RGB Percent	84%, 96%, 80%
CMY	0.1608, 0.0431, 0.2039
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.17, 0.04
HSL	104°, 65%, 88%
HSV	104°, 17%, 96%
XYZ	70.8617, 83.3093, 68.8454
YIQ	230.3560, -4.7190, -19.1110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

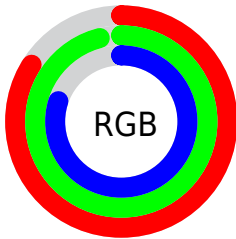
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	203, 244, 233
Decimal	14087371
CIE Lab	93.15, -17.09, 16.53
CIE LCh	93, 23.779, 135.962
Yxy	83.3093, 0.3177, 0.3736
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292277451 (0xFFD6F4CB)
YUV	230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442
Hunter-Lab	91.2739, -21.1485, 19.1709

# Details

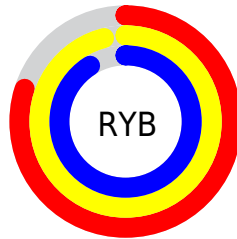
The YUV color  $230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $216.6440, 13.4865, 14.3442$ , and the grayscale version is  $230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ , and  $174.8830, -12.7603, -13.9294$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $222.2380, -21.3163, -23.0107$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $238.4740, -5.6567, -5.6777$ .

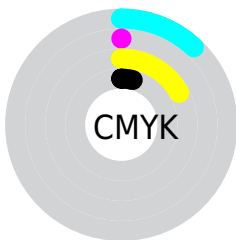
# Distribution



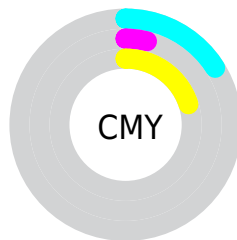
- Red (84%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 230.3560,  
-13.4865, -14.3442

■ 230.3560,  
-13.4865, -14.3442

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 202.4700,  
-13.0497, -14.4442

■ 174.8830,  
-12.7603, -13.9294

■ 148.2960,  
-12.4709, -13.4146

■ 121.8230,  
-11.7447, -12.9998

■ 97.2360, -11.4553,  
-12.4850

■ 73.3500, -11.0185,  
-12.5849

■ 49.9910, -9.8556,

-12.2701

■ 28.3610, -11.0240,  
-10.8406

■ 11.1530, -5.4984,  
-9.7812

■ 230.3560,  
-13.4865, -14.3442

■ 230.3560,  
-13.4865, -14.3442

■ 222.2380,  
-21.3163, -23.0107

■ 238.4740, -5.6567,  
-5.6777

■ 214.0060,  
-29.5830, -31.5773

■ 246.7060, 2.6099,  
2.8888

■ 205.8880,  
-37.4128, -40.2438

■ 248.5430, 3.1833,  
5.6628

■ 197.9550,  
-45.8268, -48.1955

■ 189.8370,  
-53.6566, -56.8620

■ 181.7190,  
-61.4865, -65.5286

■ 173.4870,  
-69.7531, -74.0951

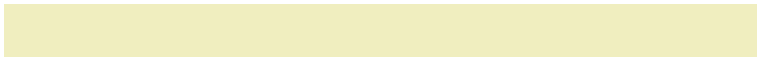
■ 165.3690,  
-77.5829, -82.7616

■ 162.6630,  
-80.1929, -85.6505

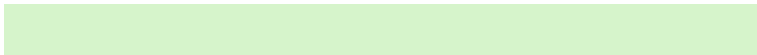
# Harmonies

## Analogous

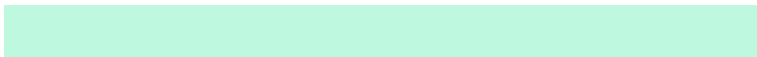
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



233.2400, -20.8243, 5.9285



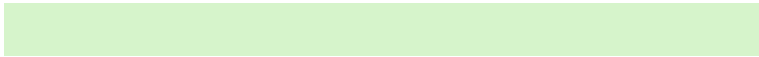
230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442



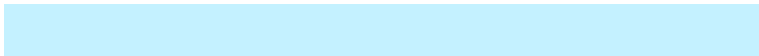
227.8080, -2.3703, -33.1576

# Triad

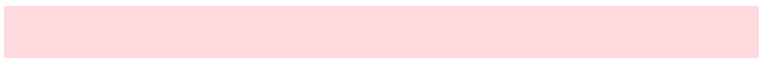
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442



229.1410, 12.7485, -29.0647



230.3340, -3.1227, 21.6321

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442



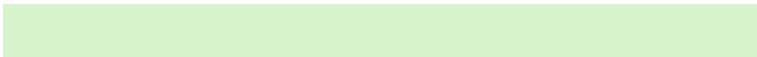
216.6440, 13.4865, 14.3442

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



233.5430, 6.6343, 18.8178



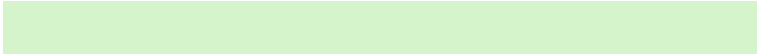
230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442



233.1160, 10.7888, -7.1177

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442



226.3950, 14.1023, -43.3194



237.6780, 8.5397, 14.3144

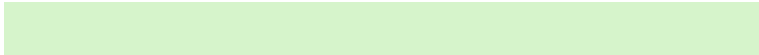


230.2880, -13.4530, 21.6724

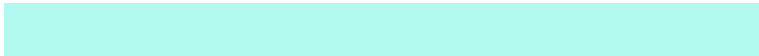


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442



226.6310, 6.0979, -42.6494



237.6780, 8.5397, 14.3144



231.1320, -0.0651, 20.9322

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442



250.8270, -4.3517, -4.2333



232.2820, -14.4360, 10.2767



125.2940, -2.6099, -2.8888



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

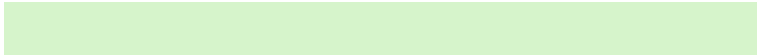


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

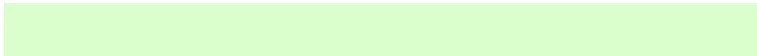


# Same Dimension

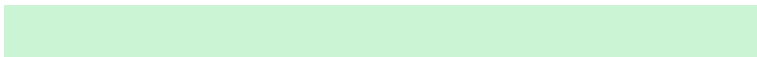
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442



238.1230, -16.8226, -17.6479



228.0930, -7.9338, -22.0066



117.9410, -3.9149, -4.3333



124.1320, -61.1971, -65.0138



39.4170, -19.4326, -20.5367



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



216.6440, 13.4865, 14.3442



220.8770, 16.8226, 17.6479



218.9070, 7.9338, 22.0066



114.0590, 3.9149, 4.3333



61.8680, 61.1971, 65.0138

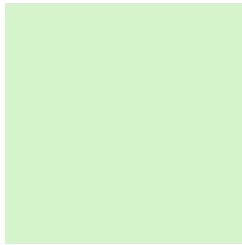


19.5830, 19.4326, 20.5367



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

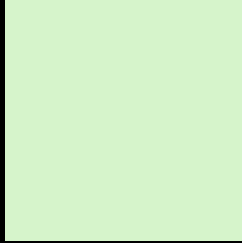
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

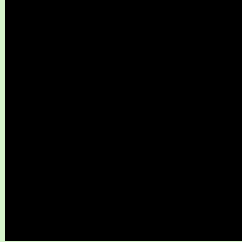
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

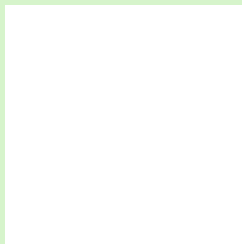
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442.



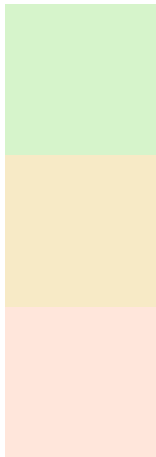
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442.

-14.3442.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442

### Protanopia

233.7830, -17.6410, 11.5913

### Deuteranopia

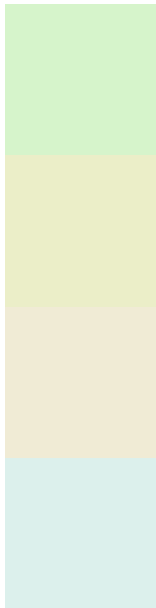
236.2210, -8.4900, 16.4692



## **Tritanopia**

234.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442

## Protanomaly

232.7710, -16.1561, 1.9548

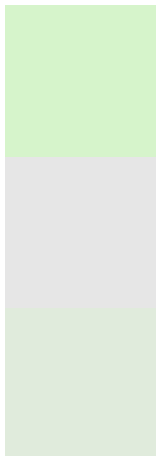
## Deuteranomaly

233.9870, -10.3466, 5.2734

## Tritanomaly

233.5640, 1.2009, -11.8956

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442

## Achromatopsia

230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

230.0010, -4.9305, -5.2629

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 244, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 244, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 244, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 244, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 244, 203) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 244, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 244, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 244, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 244, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 244,  
203) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 230.3560, -13.4865, -14.3442 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 244, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
244, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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