

# Converting Colors

YUV(230.4840, -17.4936,  
10.9765)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(230.4840, -17.4936,  
10.9765)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F3E7C3
RGB	243, 231, 195
RGB Percent	95%, 91%, 76%
CMY	0.0471, 0.0941, 0.2353
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.20, 0.05
HSL	45°, 67%, 86%
HSV	45°, 20%, 95%
XYZ	75.3884, 80.1466, 63.1262
YIQ	230.4840, 18.7080, -8.6520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

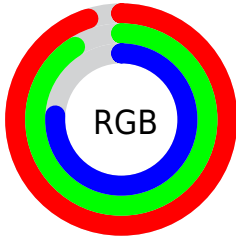
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	211, 243, 195
Decimal	15984579
CIE Lab	91.75, -1.61, 19.01
CIE LCh	92, 19.077, 94.836
Yxy	80.1466, 0.3448, 0.3665
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294174659 (0xFFFF3E7C3)
YUV	230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765
Hunter-Lab	89.5247, -6.3540, 20.8603

# Details

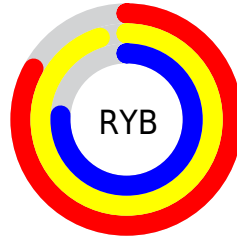
The YUV color  $230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FFFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $207.5160, 17.4936, -10.9765$ , and the grayscale version is  $231.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $254.6580, -1.3104, 0.2999$ , and  $175.0000, -16.7620, 9.6470$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $224.2260, -26.2404, 16.4648$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $236.7420, -8.7468, 5.4883$ .

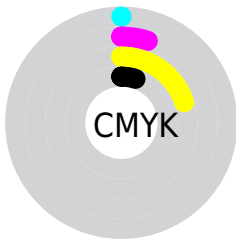
# Distribution



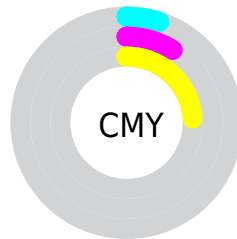
- Red (95%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 230.4840,  
-17.4936, 10.9765

■ 230.4840,  
-17.4936, 10.9765

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 202.2990,  
-16.9094, 10.2618

254.6580, -1.3104,  
0.2999

■ 175.0000,  
-16.7620, 9.6470

■ 148.2280,  
-15.8884, 9.4470

■ 122.3420,  
-15.4516, 9.3471

■ 97.1570, -14.8674,  
8.6323

■ 73.6730, -14.1358,  
7.3028

■ 50.7870, -13.6990,

7.2028

■ 29.5590, -14.5726,  
7.4028

■ 5.9030, -2.9102,  
0.0851

■ 230.4840,  
-17.4936, 10.9765

■ 230.4840,  
-17.4936, 10.9765

■ 224.2260,  
-26.2404, 16.4648

■ 236.7420, -8.7468,  
5.4883

■ 217.8540,  
-35.4240, 22.0530

■ 243.1140, 0.4368,  
-0.1000

■ 211.5960,  
-44.1708, 27.5413

■ 247.8900, 3.5052,  
-4.2885

■ 205.3380,  
-52.9176, 33.0296

■ 251.4120, 1.7689,  
-7.3773

■ 199.0800,  
-61.6644, 38.5178

■ 192.7080,  
-70.8480, 44.1061

■ 185.8630,  
-79.3055, 50.1091

■ 179.6050,  
-88.0523, 55.5974

■ 179.4910,  
-88.4891, 55.6974

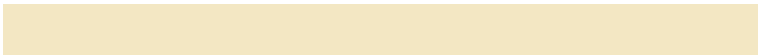
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



231.0060, -15.7790, 21.0427



230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765



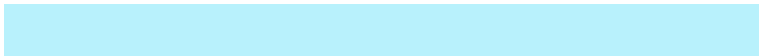
228.4110, -13.5136, -5.6224

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765



225.2110, 13.2070, -36.1420



234.1300, 6.3449, 18.3030

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765



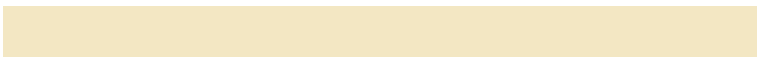
207.5160, 17.4936, -10.9765

# Split Complementary

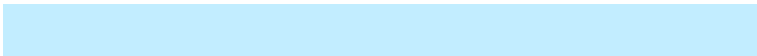
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



233.1930, 10.7509, 5.0927



230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765



226.1950, 14.2009, -28.2350

# Square

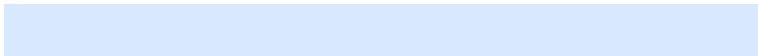
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765



224.6430, 4.6130, -33.0129



229.5390, 12.5523, -12.7507

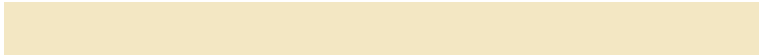


230.9040, -0.9387, 21.1322

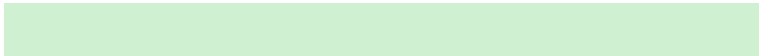


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765



227.0120, -8.3869, -16.6735



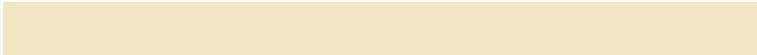
229.5390, 12.5523, -12.7507



234.5040, 9.1185, 15.3440

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765



250.9420, -5.3944, 3.5589



210.7200, -1.8340, 28.3096



125.2130, -3.0630, 2.4442



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765



239.2410, -22.3038, 13.8206



233.9400, -19.1974, -2.5784



118.8710, -4.3734, 2.7441



137.7940, -67.9324, 42.2767



43.4690, -21.4302, 13.6207



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207.5160, 17.4936, -10.9765



209.7590, 22.3038, -13.8206



204.0600, 19.1974, 2.5784



113.1290, 4.3734, -2.7441



48.7930, 67.6431, -42.7915

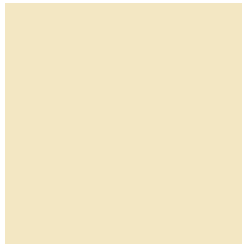


15.5310, 21.4302, -13.6207



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

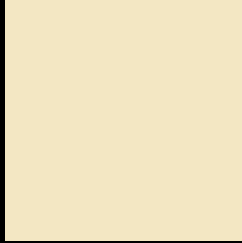
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

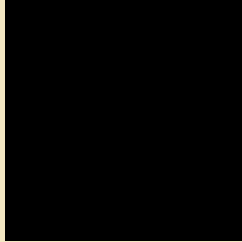
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765.



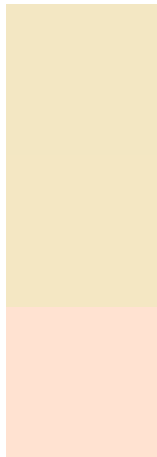
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765.

10.9765.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765

### Protanopia

230.7830, -17.6410, 11.5913

### Deuteranopia

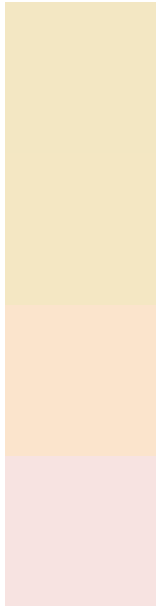
232.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282



## Tritanopia

233.5270, 4.1772, 13.5698

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765

## Protanomaly

230.7830, -17.6410, 11.5913

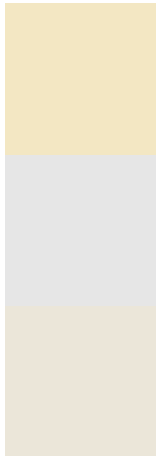
## Deuteranomaly

232.1410, -13.8735, 16.5393

## Tritanomaly

232.7520, -3.8217, 12.4955

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765

## Achromatopsia

230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

230.0130, -6.4154, 4.3736

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 231, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 231, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 231, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 231, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 231, 195) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 231, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 231, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 231, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 231, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 231,  
195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 230.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 231, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
231, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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