

# Converting Colors

YUV(231.0760, -15.3205,  
13.9653)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(231.0760, -15.3205,  
13.9653)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7E5C8
RGB	247, 229, 200
RGB Percent	97%, 90%, 78%
CMY	0.0314, 0.1020, 0.2157
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.19, 0.03
HSL	37°, 75%, 88%
HSV	37°, 19%, 97%
XYZ	76.8024, 79.9829, 66.0339
YIQ	231.0760, 20.0370, -5.2030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

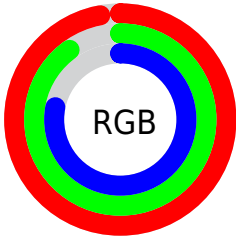
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	229, 247, 200
Decimal	16246216
CIE Lab	91.68, 1.58, 16.36
CIE LCh	92, 16.436, 84.469
Yxy	79.9829, 0.3447, 0.3590
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294436296 (0xFFF7E5C8)
YUV	231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653
Hunter-Lab	89.4332, -3.2178, 18.8258

# Details

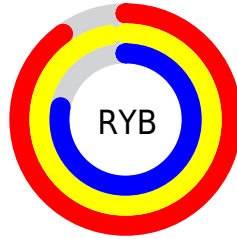
The YUV color  $231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FFFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $215.9240, 15.3205, -13.9653$ , and the grayscale version is  $231.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ , and  $175.5920, -14.5889, 12.6358$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $222.9430, -23.6359, 21.0980$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $239.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327$ .

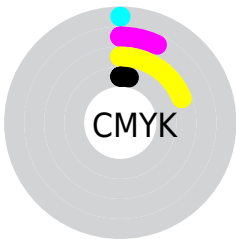
# Distribution



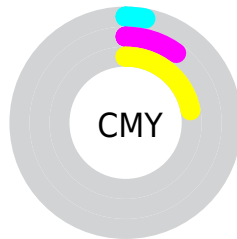
- Red (97%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 231.0760,  
-15.3205, 13.9653

■ 231.0760,  
-15.3205, 13.9653

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 202.8910,  
-14.7363, 13.2506

■ 175.5920,  
-14.5889, 12.6358

■ 148.7060,  
-14.1521, 12.5358

■ 122.5210,  
-13.5679, 11.8211

■ 98.3360, -12.9836,  
11.1063

■ 74.1510, -12.3994,  
10.3916

■ 51.0800, -11.3784,

9.5768

■ 29.3250, -12.9782,  
9.3620

■ 6.8220, -3.3632,  
5.4181

■ 231.0760,  
-15.3205, 13.9653

■ 231.0760,  
-15.3205, 13.9653

■ 222.9430,  
-23.6359, 21.0980

■ 239.2090, -7.0050,  
6.8327

■ 214.3370,  
-31.2251, 28.6455

■ 247.8150, 0.5842,  
-0.7148

■ 206.2040,  
-39.5406, 35.7781

■ 252.6080, 1.1793,  
-4.9182

■ 197.4840,  
-47.5666, 43.4255

■ 189.4650,  
-55.4452, 50.4582

■ 180.7450,  
-63.4713, 58.1056

■ 172.6120,  
-71.7867, 65.2383

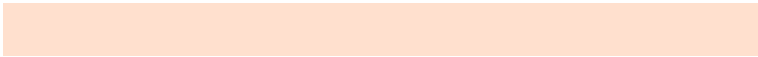
■ 163.8920,  
-79.8128, 72.8857

■ 163.0770,  
-80.3970, 73.6005

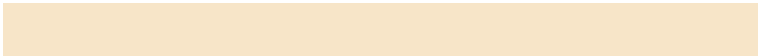
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



231.2170, -12.4320, 20.8577



231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653



229.1560, -13.3879, 0.7402

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653



225.8050, 8.9701, -30.5240



233.8520, 7.9610, 13.2848

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653



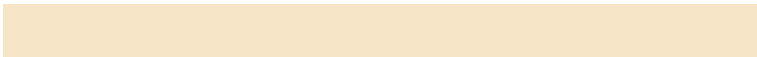
215.9240, 15.3205, -13.9653

# Split Complementary

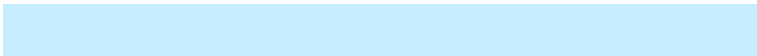
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



231.9750, 11.3513, -0.8551



231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653



227.3800, 13.6167, -27.5203

# Square

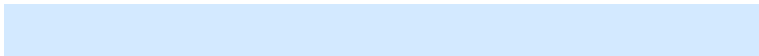
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653



225.7750, 1.0969, -25.2357



228.9300, 12.8525, -15.7246

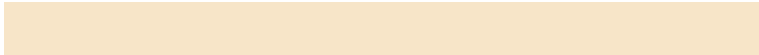


232.7620, 1.1033, 19.5027



# Rectangle

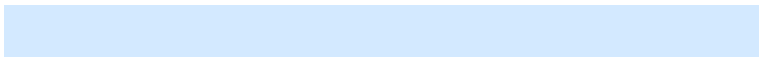
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653



228.0130, -9.8664, -8.7814



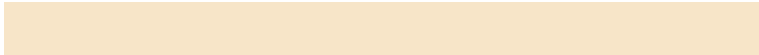
228.9300, 12.8525, -15.7246



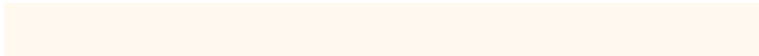
233.6880, 10.0138, 8.1666

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653



249.7680, -4.8156, 4.5885



216.1050, 0.9342, 27.0949



124.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

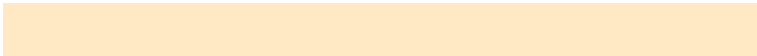


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653



235.3600, -19.4045, 17.2243



240.1470, -19.7925, 1.6251



118.2840, -4.0840, 3.2589



123.1190, -60.6977, 55.1466



38.7730, -19.1151, 17.7391



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215.9240, 15.3205, -13.9653



216.2270, 19.1151, -17.7391



206.8530, 19.7925, -1.6251



114.3030, 3.7946, -3.7737



62.8810, 60.6977, -55.1466

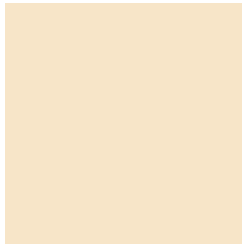


19.6400, 19.4045, -17.2243



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

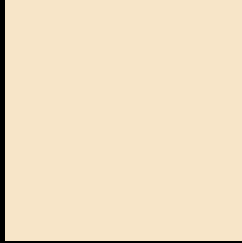
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

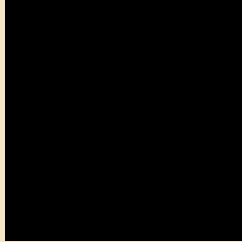
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653.



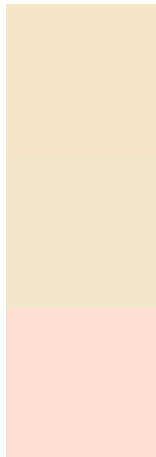
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653

### Protanopia

230.8690, -14.7254, 9.7619

### Deuteranopia

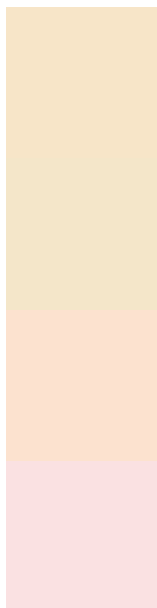
232.3740, -10.5374, 19.8430



## Tritanopia

233.7230, 3.5876, 16.0289

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653

## Protanomaly

230.8800, -14.7308, 11.5062

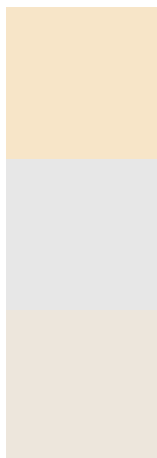
## Deuteranomaly

231.6080, -12.1317, 17.8838

## Tritanomaly

232.5890, -3.2484, 15.2694

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653

## Achromatopsia

231.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

230.9530, -5.3998, 5.3032

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 229, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 229, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 229, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 229, 200) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 229, 200) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 229, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 229, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 229, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 229, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 229,  
200) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 231.0760, -15.3205, 13.9653 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 229, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
229, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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